The Cameron Herald

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ITALY QUITS UNCONDITIONAL

Fights In Pacific

JAMES WELDON NEELEY
1st Class Petty Officer

Few men who have gone out to sea from Milam county have had an experience comparable to James Weldon Neeley, 1st Class Petty Officer who volunteered for the navy in August of 1941.

Like most of the boys he trained at San Diego. He went to sea on the Battleship Tennessee on December 31, 1941.

Neeley is the son of Mr. and Mrs. James H. Neeley of Cameron. He made his home in Cameron for ten years. He quit grammar school to go to the navy. He enlisted at Temple and was away 14 months when he returned for his first visit with home folks and friends. He is now 18. Perhaps his most exciting battle experience was in the Coral Cea in the early stages of the South Pacific war.

He left the states shortly after the Japanese attack on Pearl Harbor. He spent several months in Pearl Harbor aiding in the salvage of war ships sunk by the Japs. He spent three months in violent sea figthing off the Australian coast.

While on buty he said his ship had been bombed twice but that all members of the crew were saved.

Here is something for bond buyers to remember. In a recent letter to his mother Neeley said: "We men are fighting like hell for our country. so we want every American citizen to do his part so we can come home December 7, 1943."

Liberator Crew Chief

CPL. JULIAN RAY HARRIS

Cpl. Julian Ray Harris is stationed temporarily at Willow Run Army Air Base, located near Ypsilanti, Michigan.

Cpl. Harris is the son of Mrs. J. D. Harris of the Curry community.

Cpl. Harris reported for duty November 9, 1942, at Fort Sam Houston and from there he went to Keesler Field in Mississippi where he received his basic training and he then entered an airplane mechanics school receiving his diploma with a high average April 17, 1943.

For advanced training Cpl. Harris was sent to the Willow Run Air Base. Here Cpl. Harris was on the honor roll, graduated in June 1943. He was then assigned to a B-24-E Liberator bomber as air crew chief.

Cpl. Harris says he enjoys the army so much that the hopes (after Tojo and Hitler are taken care of) to make it his life work.

Cpl. Harris has a brother, Sgt. James T. Harris somewhere in North Africa or Sicily with the Field Artillery.

ITALIAN FLEET HANDED OVER TO THE ALLIES

Unconditional surrender of Italy was announced at 10:45 a. m. central war time Wednesday.

General Dwight D. Eisenhower from his Sicilian headquareters, announced the capitulation of the Italian armies.

At 1 p. m. it became known that terms of surrender were signed in Sicily on September 3 between representatives of the Italian government and representatives of General Eisenhower who handled the matter of concluding the pact of surrender.

The terms of surrender are unconditional, and without reservation. The Italian army is to lay down arms immediately.

The terms under which Italy surrendered were known in Moscow and the Soviet republic gives full endorsement along with Great Britain and the United States.

In Washington where Prime Minister Churchill was in conference with President Roosevelt far into the morning, a statement may be issued at any time.

When asked early Wednesday the President told newspaper men that "the story belongs to General Eisenhower, let him tell it."

It is known however that the capitulation of Italy was being arranged.

Representatives of the Badoglio government crossed to Sicily last week and there signed the surrender terms.

At noon Wednesday General Badoglio who was asked by King Victor Emanuel to take over when Mussolini was dismissed, announced that the Italian people are now the enemies of the Nazi and will fight on the side of the Allies.

General Badoglio also said the Italian fleet has been turned over to the allies.

The announcement of surrender came following a devastating air attack on Italy by Allied fleets from African and Sicilian bases. Bombs fell in the vicinity of Rome to give Italy the worst pasting of the war.

There was no announcement of reaction from the Vatican but it was assured the Pope was pleased to see the end of hostilities and the Italian people spared the ravages of war.

Berlin was silent. There was also no announcement from the Rome radio.

The full impact of the surrender was at first difficult to grasp. It must be assumed that the Allies were sufficiently prepared to take quick advantage of the capitulation. The Germans were expected to make of northern Italy a battle ground, along the Po river.

The surrender of Italy entirely frees the Mediterranean sea, lays open the entire eastern border of France and makes available the air fields of the Italian mainland.

Balkan capitals are open now to air attack and the entire Balkin peninsula is laid open to the Allies.

The surrender of the Italian fleet. reputedly in habors in the Adriatic sea, will enable the Allies to land forces in Bulgaria and Albania. The coast of Greece except for what power the Germans may bring to bear is now open. Likewise Crete is isolated.

The blow to Germany is overwhelming, but Berlin is believed to have had full notice of the developments. Germany will now have to face the impossible task of defending the soft underbelly of the Axis.

The American 7th Army was expected to move immediately into Italy.

German troops reported in Southern Italy are believed to have withdrawn. What the Germans will do will depend pretty much on the disadvantage Hitler may feel he has suffered in the collapse of Italy.

There was some speculation the Germans may attack the Italians.

More Britsh and Canadian forces have landed in Italy since the surrender.

Italy was doomed when American forces under General Eisenhower landed in North Africa last November. The Axis was knocked out of Tunisia. Then came the attack and capture of Sicily and last week the British and Canadians landed on the the toe of the Italian boot and began to march up the leg of the mainland.

H. W. MASSENGALE DIES AT MAYSFIELD HOME

H. W. Massengale, 65, a native of Milam county and widely known Texan, died suddenly at his home near Maysfield at 6:15 a. m. Thursday.

According to infomation reaching the Herald his death was caused by a heart attack.

Mr. Massengale was born and reared in the Maysfield community, the son of pioneer parents who came to Texas when Milam county was a frontier area. The family settled at Maysfied and there Mr. Massengale was born and reared and he in turn reared a family.

Funeral services were to be made when children arrived. The body was at the Marek-Burns Funeral Home early Thursday and will be taken to the home at Maysfield late today. Funeral services when arranged will be held by Rev. Henry Bailey, Pastor, at Maysfield Presbyterian Church, and interment will be made in the cemetery there with the Marek-Burns Funeral Home directing arrangements.

Mr. Massengale who spent his life on the farm, was born December 29, 1878.

Surviving are his widow, three sons, Major Robert Massengale, United States Army; LeRoy Massengale with the Bluebonnet Ordinance Plant at McGregor and former Deputy Sheriff; Lieut. Hubert W. Massengale, Bombadier in the Army Air Corps and stationed at Childress, Texas.

Two daughters, Mrs. Lonnie Petty of Sharp, and Mrs. Jack Buff of Corpus Christi, survive. Also one brother A. L. Massengale of Maysfield; one sister, Mrs. E. D. Kelso of Maysfield.

THIRD WAR LOAN TO OPEN HERE THURSDAY

Oxsheer Smith, President of the Citizens National Bank, and United States Treasury representative in four central Texas counties, in an address Wednesday to the Rotary Club, pledged that Milam county would not only raise the more than five million dollars quota for war bonds but would exceed the amount.

Mr. Smith has coined the battle cry in the present war loan drive with this slogan: "War Bond Sales is Barometer of battle spirit on the home front."

E. C. Cole, chairman for the bond drive in the city of Cameron, announced at the Rotary luncheon Wednesday that the bond drive here will be launched at a coffee at the Cato Cafe Thursday morning.

Cpl. Charlie Cline of Minneapolis, Minn., wounded and recuperating in the McClosky hospital in Temple, was the principal speaker at the meeting Wednesday.

Chas. M. Hicks, chairman for the county, directed the program.

Campaign of sales will be along the same lines as those followed in May when Milam county led the nation in oversubscribing its quota.

From day to day as the story develops of the great share Milam county and the city of Cameron will play in the September third war loan. The Daily Herald will bring details. Tomorrow the simple story of sacrifice made by American soldiers on Attu will be told in brief as related by Cpl. Cline.

Clay K. Taylor has returned to his home in Lott, from the Newton Memorial Hospital where he has been recovering from injuries received in an automobile accident several days ago.

Italy under Mussolini was the first of the agressor nations in Europe to disturb the peace. Mussolini ordered the attack on Ethiopia, the attack on Albania and the attack upon Greece and was most universally condemned for his stab in the back when he led the Italians to fight the French already beaten down by the Germans.

Of the 30,000 prisoners taken since the invasion of Italy began only 30 were Germans.

Forces under General MacArthur are closing in on the Japs at Lae and Salamaua.

The Red army has taken Staliro and is marching on.

1ST DAY BOND TOTAL $217,137

In Sicily

CPL. MILTON L. DUSEK

Cpl. Milton L. Dusek went to North Africa in April 1943, and is with the army in Sicily and may be with the forces of General Patton to strike at the Coast of Italy.

Cpl. Milton L. Dusek was inducted into the army in December 1941, only a few days after the Japanese attack on Pearl Harbor. Recent word from him said that he had landed in North Africa.

Cpl. Dusek received his basic training at Camp Wolters and later went to a clerk school. After completing this course he was sent to Fort Benning, Ga., where he was attached to a parachute infantry division, working in the personnel office. He transfered with the division to Fort Bragg, North Carolina, and in April went overseas.

Cpl. Dusek is the son of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Dusek of Cameron, Rt. 3, and a graduate of Yoe High School. Prior to induction he was employed at Duncan Field, San Antonio.

J. P. HEFTI DIES AT HOME NEAR MAYSFIELD

J. P. Hefti, 83, pioneer and for many years a resident of the Maysfield community, died early Thursday, September 9, 1943, at his farm in that community.

Mr. Hefti had been in critical health for several years and for many months had been in bed and unable to walk.

Funeral services were held at 5 p. m. Thursday, September 9, 1943, at the Presbyterian Church at Maysfield with the pastor, Rev. Henry Bailey, conducting the services. Interment was made in the Little River Cemetery with the Green Funeral Home in Cameron directing arrangements.

Mr. Hefti was a native of Switzerland. He came to America at the age of 11 years with his parents. He was born in 1851. He had been a resident of the Maysfield community for 49 years, was a successful farmer.

Surviving are his widow, two sons, Henry Hefti and Fred Hefti; one daughter, Mrs. Ed. Lucksinger of Austin.

Magazines Go to Men In McClosky; Legion Vets Make Delivery

The largest single shipment of magazines for wounded soldiers in the McClosky hospital in Temple, was delivered Wednesday afternoon by two local veterans of the American Legion.

Jim McGoldrick and Emmett Streetman, both prominent in the Legion, loaded out the magazines from the Herald plant and delivered them to Temple. Cameron Legionaires and their blue caps are becoming welcome guests by the men who lie wounded in the hospital and home from the global war fronts.

Cameron has given more magazines than any other point in central Texas.

The Cameron Herald has sponsored this drive and the people have been most generous. Included in the magazines taken Wednesday were a large number from the home of Mrs. Jeff T. Kemp here and Mrs. Sam Mewhinney of Buckholts.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hrozek, Sr., who have made their home in Rosebud, are always glad to come back to see their home town.

BOND SALE LAUNCHED IN CITY WIDE CAMPAIGN

(Late Report)

War bond buyers in the city of Cameron Thursday purchased $217,137.50 of the third loan issue.

Figures for the first day were released to The Herald by E. C. Cole, local bond drive chairman.

The Third war Loan drive was launched early today at a coffee when representatives from civic organiztions in Cameron attended to hear the plan of action.

E. C. Cole, city chairman, presided and at the close of the meeting workers were given their sales kits, their assignments as to territories and some of the bond sellers went from the meeting to the job in hand.

The Herald was unable to get a report on sales for the first day. In the May loan drive the sales were reported each day and the people displayed great interest in the progress of the campaign.

An effort will be made to get this co-operation to bring the news of the progress of the bond drive tomorrow.

Chas. M. Hicks, county chairman, was at the Cameron meeting Thursday. Oxsheer Smith, Treasury representatives, explained the issues of bonds for the benefit of the workers.

Cpl. Charlie Cline, wounded veteran of the battle for Attu, gave the inspirational talk.

Milam county's quota is around 5 and a half million dollars.

Vrazel Home and all Contents Burns; $200 In Money Also Lost

Fire early Monday morning destroyed the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joe Vrazel near Yarrellton.

The family, Mother and father and eight children were in the field picking cotton when the home was discovered aflame.

The children of the family, saving their money from earnings in the field, had accumulated a sum of $200 and this was lost also along with all contents of the home.

Although attempts were made nothing was saved from the home, the family having now only the clothes they were wearing in the field. It was understood that a small amount of insurance was carried on the home.

In Field Artillery

PVT. RAYMOND HOLLOWAY

Pvt. Raymond Holloway has made good in the Field Artillery and may now be somewhere in the battle zone to do his share for victory.

Pvt. Holloway entered the army in March 16, 1943, and was transfered to Fort Sill, Okla., from Fort Sam Houston.

Recently Pvt. Holloway visited his wife and other relatives here on a short visit home. Mrs. Holloway is the former Miss Frances Hughes, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Will Hughes of Cameron. Pvt. Holloway is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Matt. Holloway of Maysfield. He has two brothers in the armed services.

Pvt. Holloway carries with him into battle the well wishes of many friends who hope for him a speedy return home.

Mrs. R. A. Ruff of Brownsville, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Smith this week. Mr. and Mrs. Smith several years ago, lived in Brownsville and have many friends there.

Promoted To Captain

CAPT. CHAS. M. BEACHAM

Capt. Chas. M. Beacham is now in Sicily and may again be in operations against the Italians when the 7th American Army goes into Italy.

Capt. Beacham has just been promoted in rank. He received his promotion on July 10. He did not receive notice of his advance until some days later when he returned to his company. He had been away on a special mission.

Capt. Beacham is the son of Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Beacham and was born and reared in Milam county. In a recent letter received here on July 28 he said. "I was promoted to Captain July 10 but did not get notice of it until yesterday. I have been away from my company for about a month on a special job. Will return to my Company soon. We are now permited to say we have been in Oran, North Africa. I have also been in Sidi Bel Abbess which is the headquarters for the famous French Foreign Legion. We are not in Sicily."

Capt. Beacham has received copies of The Herald. He graduated from Yoe High School in 1941 and enlisted in the army in 1933. He is 29 and a veteran soldier. His grand parents are Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Fisher and his great gand father is R. H. Fisher.

Sgt. Jerry Krenek Gets Gunner's Wings At Harlengin School

Harlingen.—A graduate this week of the Harlingen flexible gunnery school who qualified as an expert aerial triggerman after six weeks of intensive training and now wears the silver wings of a Gunner-Technician-Sergeant is Jerry Krenek, son of Mr. and Mrs. Adolph L. Krenek of Rt. 4, Cameron.

He was promoted to sergeant and received his diploma and wings at brief exercises held here and, unless held over to serve as an instructor, will depart immediately to join a combat aboard a U. S. bomber. Before learning to "double in gunnery," he completed one other course either in radio, air mechanics or armament and qualified as on air crew technician.

While at Harlingen he fired every tpye weapon from BB guns to calibre .50 Brownings, spent from 12 to 16 hours daily on the ground and in the air mastering the course of instruction and training eyes, nerves and fingers to split-second timing He climaxed the course by firing on towed targets from Texan training planes and medium bombers. This thorough training at every phase of aerial warfare here at one of the nation's biggest gunnery school qualified him for his role as Gunner-Technician-Sergeant — the world's best.

Wilson Killen Gets Promotion to Staff Sgt. at Randolph

Randolph Field.—Wm. W. Killen, son of Mrs. Mable Wright Killen, 409 Houston Ave., Cameron, and husband of Mrs. Alice S. Killen, 306 W. 13th Street, Austin, has been promoted from the grade of Sgt. to Staff Sgt., is was announced at Randolph Field recently.

Sgt. Killen is a member of the Headquarters unit of the Army Air Forces Central Flying Training Command.

STALINO IN FLAMES AS GERMANS FLEE REDS

American and Australian forces under personal direction of General Douglas MacArthur, have landed north of Lae and Salamaua in New Guiena, it was announced early Monday from the South Pacific command headquarters.

The landings were made without opposition and came as a complete surprise to the Japs. No shore batteries replied to the tremendous naval and air fire preceding the actual landing of troops.

The operations were said worthy of the brilliance of MacArthur and staff and quite the most ambitious attack yet undertaken against the Japs.

With Lae and Salamaua in Allied hands the whole outpost of Japanese positions in the Solomons would be menaced beyond all power to rectify.

As the American and Australian fighting men landed some Japanese planes came over, one a large formation was dispersed, many of them being shot down.

Stalino is in flames as the Germans set fire to the city they are evacuating in flight from the Red army now well on its way to recapture the Donets basin.

The Germans appeared in bad plight all along the Eukraine front.

The British and Canadian bridgehead in Italy's southern shores has been expaned to 30 miles. Opposition was said to have been negligible this far.

As the Americans and Canadians advance into the mountain country it was predicted that enemy opposition would stiffen.

The Rome radio said Monday that Italy is interested in an honorable peace. Well, let's give the Italians the same kind of "Honorable Peace" they gave to Greece, to Albania, to France and to Ethiopia.

Early Monday Mr. Winston Churchill, the British Prime Minister, received an honorary degree of Doctor of Laws at Harvard. His address was unimportant.

Mrs. Leland B. Hurry of Walkers Creek has been visiting her husband, Cpl. Leland B. Hurry in Golsboro, North Carolina.

Mrs. Dick Houston of Houston, has been visiting her mother, Mrs. N. H. Butts.

THIRD WAR LOAN TO BE LAUNCHED TONIGHT

Milam County's third War Loan will be launched tonight at a dinner at Cato's Cafe with leaders from all portions of the county in attendance and a program of interest to all.

E. C. Cole, chairman for the city of Cameron, was in charge of the meeting and was arranging the attendance for the dinner.

Chas. M. Hicks, county chairman, will preside and introduce the speaker.s

Oxsheer Smith, Treasury Representative, was expected to bring the principal address. It was through his leadership that the May campaign brought the county and especially the city of Cameron, in to national prominence.

Mr. Cole was local chairman and his contribution to the success of the Second War Loan was so outstanding he has been prevailed upon to accept the place again.

Emory B. Camp, credited with laying the foundation of the present county wide organization and who served as director of the First War Loan and 1941 sales of stamps and bonds, will be called upon to do much in the present drive. He is vice chairman for the county.

Milam War Bond Quota Will Buy 60 Bombers; Opens 9th

With the invasion of Europe already well underway, bond money today means more than ever in terms of actual attack and destruction of the enemy.

Attack means bombers and blockbusters, as well as invasion craft, fighter planes, tanks, glidders and Jeeps will be needed in increasing numbers to continue carrying the fight to Berlin, Tokio and their satelites.

Milam County's quota in the Third Victory Loan, $5,471,400, will buy 60 bombers.

The Drive opens September 9, and is to continue through September or until the quota is raised, according to Charles M. Hicks, chairman for the county.

Mrs. J. R. Harris has returned home after a visit in Birmingham, Ala., with Cpl. Harris. He has been transfered to an air base in Utah.

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World News

Our readers find in the columns of The Herald, world news, written so as to bring in the briefest sort of way the facts as they unfold from day to day on the battle fronts of this global war.

No other Cameron newspaper brings this service to its readers. The plus and the difference is further emphasized when you see from week to week the photos of your boy and your neighbor's boy. This service is brought to you without expense to anyone save the publishers.

The Herald prints the dargest volume of local news of any Cameron or Milam county newspaper. From day to day the Daily Herald makes these news stories possible for they all find their way into the weekly.

These are some of the reasons why The Herald has the largest circulation of any Cameron or Milam county newspaper.

To maintain leadership in any field requires the utmost in effort. We are bringing you The Herald each week under the most severe of handicaps, the war, lack of labor and restrictions.

WE KNOW OUR BUSINESS!

The Herald

What You Buy With WAR BONDS

Holy Stone

Cleanliness is the first order of every American soldier and sailor and the United States Government spends millions upon millions of dollars to keep our fighting men as clean and as healthy as circumstances will permit.

"Swab the deck!" cries out a petty officer and the men fall to with their "holy stone" equipment and in a short time everything is spick and span.

Buy **War Bonds** and more **War Bonds** and you know that you are sharing in the effort that will free the world from war lord domination.

U. S. Treasury Department

WAR LOAN MEETING IS WELL ATTENDED HERE

Milam county's third war loan campaign to begin on September 9 was launched at a dinner Monday with officials, directors and workers finding inspiration in a program, which included a battle experience talk by Cpl. Cline who was with the American forces on Attu.

Cpl. Cline, now in the McClosky hospital in Temple recuperating from wounds sustained in fighting the Japs, told a story of stirring interest. With him was Pfc. Henry Leedy.

Oxsheer Smith, treasury representative and Loan director in four counties brought the principal address. The meeting was attended by approximately 70 workers.

E. C. Cole, chairman for the city of Cameron, presided and Chas. M. Hicks, county director, outlined the plans for the sale of bonds in the Third Loan drive.

Mr. Smith brought the inspirational address to enthuse workers. "War bond sales is barometer of battle spirit on the home front," he said.

The county's quota is large enough to buy 60 bombers. It is $5,471,400. Officially the canvas will open next Thursday, September 9.

Firemen Save Dodson Garage; Thanks Given

Quick action by Cameron Firemen early Tuesday saved the Nolan Dodson Garage and averted heavy loss.

Fire started when an acetylene torch blaze severed a gas line as the welders were repairing a Sharp School Bus. Flames quickly spread

Mr. Dodson said that within 15 minutes after the alarm was given the firemen had extinguished the blaze. "I want to thank the firemen for their prompt work in saving my garage and the bus. With the exception of a few hours to set things in order my work will not be interrupted. We are all very proud of Cameron Firemen and the Department."

Cpl. Hollis Erwin and wife returned Wednesday from Pheoniz, Arizona, where they visited his parents for a few days, and on way hame came by Borger, where thew visited her brother, E. L. (Buddy) Butts and family. They will visit here with her mother, Mrs. Emma Butts for the remainder of the week and he will return sunday night to Camp Hood. and Mrs. Erwin will return to Austin to resume her work. They speak of a fine trip but like Texas the better.

G. C. McCall of Yarrellton was in Cameron Tuesday on business. Mr. McCall was recently injured when a tractor overturned but is recovering nicely.

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When your child needs a laxative give him one he will probably enjoy taking—pleasant tasting Syrup of Black-Draught. Given as directed, it is usually mild in action, yet effective.

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CANADIAN AND BRITISH TROOPS SWARM BOOT

The invasion of Italy has begun and thus the first Allied fighting men have set foot on the Axis fortress of Europe.

Italy, called the soft under belly of the Axis by Winston Churchill, was being seared and rocked by the impact of war as British and Canadian soldiers went ashore at 9:30 p. m. Thursday.

Little comment has come from Washington or London except to confirm the landings on the Italian boot across the Messina Straits.

While this operation was in progress American bombers were over a large section of Italy ranging as far as the Brenner Pass where Mussolini and Hitler had confered many times in the brighter days of the agressor twins. Vital railroad bridges were destroyed in the mountains around Brenner.

For the 36 hours, as reported Friday in The Herald, Allied bombers and fighter planes were over 150 miles of the Italian coast across from Messina and the invasion came quickly. The armies are under General Benard R. Montgomery, commander of the famous British 8th.

The whereabouts of the great 7th Army under General George Patton, American commander, was a secret. Rome and Berlin radios were freely predicting that Italy would be invaded from the north. Some speculation went so far as to indicate that the Mediterranean coast of France might be invaded.

There was no indication of what Moscow thinks of the new attack from the south. Likewise there was still no attack across the Channel from England.

A noon report said the British and Canadians, losing no time had advanced rapidly north and Reggio, important city on the toe of the boot had fallen.

If the battle strategy which reduced Sicily so quickly is followed, the Americans will enter the center of the peninsula, perhaps somewhere north of Rome, or south to form a juncture with the British pushing up the boot leg from east.

General Dwight D. Eisenhower is in supreme command of the invasion forces as in the recapture of North Africa and Sicily.

Rome radio said the invasion had come with swiftness and great force. Berlin radio said the invasion would come at several points and forecast rapid developments.

The British and Canadians were meeting only nominal resistance.

At the precise moment the invasion came the Russian army launched a major attack on the Germans in the Donets basin. The Germans are in retreat.

Early Friday the largest all American bomber and fighter plane attack since the United States entered the war was made across the English channel on France. Britishers stood in the streets of London and cheered the planes as they flew back over the British capital.

A Rome radio broadcast said the attack was centered upon the environs of Paris. Flying Fortress bombers, B-26 Marauders and B-25 Mitchells with Thunderbolts for escorts carried the attack to France.

McLean Wounded In Foot Says Comrade From Guadalcanal

Shirley McLean with the first contingent of fighting men to land in Australia and who was subsequently wounded on Guadalcanal, is making progress in a hospital somewhere on the continent.

McLean and a few of his comrades recently posed for a picture and each signed the photo. These pictures were sent home and parents have been writing. Last week Mr. and Mrs J. M. McLean, parents of Shirley, received a letter from one of the men who served with Shirley who said that the Cameron bay was wounded when a bullet went through one of his feet.

Shirley has recently been in a hospital for another check up. He is said to have promise that within a year he will be able to walk.

Mrs. Arvis Turner made a visit to the home of her son, Lester Turner in Cameron and enjoyed his birthday dinner. The occasion was an enjoyable one and brought together many friends and relatives. Mrs. Turner has returned to her home in Calvert.

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40	.30	.45	.85	1.55
50	.45	.65	1.25	2.30
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GERMANS ARE PULLING OUT DONETS BASIN

The Germans are retreating from the great valley of the Donets River in Russia.

This retreat is costing the Nazi heavily in arms, men and equipment. The Russians are pressing their attack with the utmost vigor and many thousands of Germans are being killed.

As the Germans retreat the Russians are plunging in with air and mechanized equipment, harrasing the main bodies of troops and wiping out in short order all rear guard strength.

The Germans took the Donets Basin at great sacrifice. It was a heavy blow to the Russians.

Conceivably the Germans figure the Allies will soon attack from the west. The chance now is slim that the Allies will attack as cold weather will soon set in. The peoples of Britain and the United States will be told to look forward to next Spring as they have been told for three years.

Hopes that Italy may be invaded were seen in the constant air attacks on the toe of the Italian boot for the past 36 hours.

What effect the Pope's plea will have on the unconditional surrender stand announced by the Allies remains a question of much speculation. Anything less than unconditional surrender will lose the war for the Allies.

The matter would seem best stated this way: We must win by the battle route or surrender to politics.

Mr. Churchill is still in Washington.

August 18, 1909 Was 113 Degrees in City; Aug. 1943 Very Hot;

August 1943 was one of the most severe in heat recorded here and the rainfall was far below normal, contributing to the severity of the heat.

Despite the discomforts and burning sun of August 1943 a look at the record may give you some relief. The highest temperature ever recorded here was on August 18, 1909, when the thermometer registered 113 degrees.

Richard Hester, weather observer for the government, has passed on to The Herald an interesting summary for August 1943:

Only .36 inches of rain fell in August which was on August 11. The fall was 1.56 below normal for August. In August 1942, 3.28 inches of rain fell. The smallest rainfall was in August 1931, when .03 was registered.

The heaviest rainfall on record for the month was in August 1919, when 8.10 inches fell.

There were 26 clear days in August 1943, and temperatures rose above 90 on each of the 31 days. The maximum temperature was 103 degrees on the 16th and 29th. Maximum temperatures for August 1942, was 100 degrees. Rainfall on September 1 was .12 inches.

The Little River Cemetery Association will hold their annual memorial services at the Jones Prairie Baptist church next Sunday, September 5. All interested, come and bring lunch.

FOR DEFENSE
BUY
UNITED STATES SAVINGS BONDS AND STAMPS

A Citizens Pledge In Wartime America

"I pledge myself to the common cause by eager submission to any sacrifice that hastens victory."

JOE D. BASS

Electrical Contracting and Repairing

PHONE 418.

PROVE YOUR PATRIOTISM!

EMORY B. CAMP **G. S. BASKIN**

CAMP - BASKIN

Insurance

'For your every need'

CAMERON, TEXAS

3rd WAR LOAN
Buy More Bonds
We're backing the attack with POWER

ELECTRIC POWER is providing the driving force for keeping the mightiest war production program in history humming. This Company is supplying adequate, dependable electric-power service to numerous air-force training schools, army training camps, and war industries. It has promptly met the emergency needs for additional power for the war program in the 52-county area it serves and has helped other companies and government agencies meet critical power needs for the war program in adjoining areas.

This achievement did not just happen . . . it is the result of 31 years of planning and building ahead . . . the result of 31 years of operation under the system of free enterprise which has made America the Arsenal of Democracy.

We are "backing the attack" in other ways, too. TP&L employees are loyally keeping electric power always on the job . . . they are buying War Bonds regularly every pay day, helping sell War Bonds to the public, and participating in the many civilian defense activities on the home front . . . while more than 300 of their fellow employees are serving in the armed forces—fighting all over the world, on land, on sea and in the air.

For **VICTORY BUY** *More and More* **WAR BONDS and STAMPS**

Listen every Tuesday night, 8:30 o'clock . . .
"Report to the Nation" over KRLD, KTRH, HTSA or KWKH

TEXAS POWER & LIGHT COMPANY

SERVING 52 TEXAS COUNTIES

THE CAMERON HERALD
ESTABLISHED 1860..

Entered in tne Post Office at Cameron, Texas, as mail matter of second class under an act passed by Congress, March 3, 1879.

JEFFERSON B. WHITE
Editor and Publisher

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:
One Year .... $ .75

WILKERSON-RICE

A wedding of much interest to many friends in Cameron and over the state was that of Miss Zora Clark Wilkerson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Leo Wilkerson, of Austin, to Orville Owen Rice of Austin, at the University Baptist church in Austin, Sunday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock with the Rev. Blake Smith reading the ring ceremony.

The bride was given in marriage by her father, and was dressed in a smart fall model suit of beige and blue tweed with dark brown accessories and a white orchid corsage.

The bride is a native of Cameron, and after completing her high school work here, entered State University and was a member of class of 1940 receiving her degree with Phi Beta Kappa honors. After teaching one year, came home and for the past two years has been Executive Secretary of the English Department at State University.

The bride groom is the son of Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Rice of Yoakum and Austin, and received his degree in Bachelor of Archtecture in August class of 1943. Was a member of the Sphinix Club and Tau Sigma Delta, and was winner of the highest award to be received, and was given a Bronz Medal with membership of American Institute of Architecture, and a scholarship in the Batts Art Award for Art Scholarship.

Following the wedding ceremony the happy couple left for their home which will be at Wichita, Kansas.

The bride was recipient of many beautiful wedding gifts and also a number of prenuptial affairs were given her, and many friends in Austin and away were present. Among them was a wedding luncheon given by her mother at 11:30 Sunday morning with 35 invited guests, and was assisted in receiving by the sister of the bride, Miss Leola Wilkerson.

CARD OF THANKS

We are sincerely grateful to our friends and neighbors for their kindness to us during the recent illness and at the death of our dear brother. Your sympathy and the manner in which you expressed it helped us with the burden of sorrow. We want each one to know how much we appreciate their kindness and take this method of expression. We are thankful for the floral offerings and the Masses at the church.

The Kunz Sisters,
Brothers and Families.

J. C. Perkins, Texas Ranger and special enforcement officer for the Central Texas Livestock Aassociation, was in Cameron Monday on business.

Lt. John B. Watson of Camp Beauregard, La., spent Sunday in the home of his parents in Cameron, Judge and

CAPERTON'S

5c and 10c STORE

AIR CONDITIONED

MASTER PIECE SCHOOL SUPPLIES
BRING US YOUR LIST
OUR STOCK IS COMPLETE!

NOTE BOOK BINDERS

Victory Binders	25c
Binders	39c

PENCILS

Cedar, 5 for	5c
7 1-2 inch Medium Lead, 3 for	5c
Beginners	5c
Grading Pencils	5c
Mechanical	15c-10c

TABLETS

Tablets, 2 for	5c
Tablets, Narrow or Wide	5c
Wide Line Tablets	5c
Rain Bow Pads	5c

COMPOSITION BOOKS

Plain or Spiral	5c-10c
Assignment Books	5c
Spelling Pads	5c
Stenographer Note Books	10c
Lunch Baskets	29c
Lunch Kits, with bottle	$1.25

ANKLETS
A Big Assortment for School Children
15c to 39c

NOTE BOOK FILLER

Ruled or Unruled	5c-10c
Ledger and Journal	5c-10c
Drawing, Science, Music and Reference Filler, package	5c

INK

Superior (Washable)	5c
Carters (Washable)	10c
Skrip all Colors)	15c
Fountain Pens	29c to $1.00
Typing Paper	5c-10c
Construction Paper	5c

CRAYOLAS
"GOLD METAL"

Box of 6 Sticks	5c
Box of 8 Sticks	10c
Box of 16 Sticks	15c
Map Colors (Wood)	10c
Reinforcements 2 for	5c
Pen Points, 5 for	5c

Yoe High Football Pins—
15c
GET YOURS NOW!

BUY WAR STAMPS AND BONDS!

NOTICE!

Next week this ad will give a complete list of Prices and Specials of all School supplies.

From where I sit...

by Joe Marsh

We were sittin' on Bill Webster's back porch Saturday complaining of the heat.

"Reckon this is the hottest day on record," Homer Bentley observes. "And the thirstiest," says Bill, taking a long draught of buttermilk.

That got us on the subject of thirst-quenchers—and Bill allowed as how nothing was as cooling as a tall, cold glass of buttermilk. Thad Phibbs and I both voted for a glass o' cool refreshing beer. Dan Miles said he'd take iced tea, "with a sprig o' mint in it."

"Anyway," says Bill, "we all got a right to our own tastes... and that ought to leave everybody happy."

And from where I sit, Bill's right. It's a small point of course—but tolerance of what the other fellow likes—and his right to enjoy it—whether it's buttermilk or beer—is the important thing in any argument.

Joe Marsh

FOR SALE—The Quinn Farm of about 413 acres, adjoining the town of Thorndale. Splendidly located between two main highways. With a little fixing up can be made again one of the best black land farms in the country. This is the first time this property has been offered for sale. Land is one of the safest and best investments you can make in these times. With the demand for land increasing every day, this is a real chance for the man who can see the opprotunity for resale at a good profit or keep it for himself and his family. Will only consider a reasonable price. Make best offer in first letter. John K. Hicks, c|o Hicks-Hayward Company, El Paso, Texas. 21-3tc

NOTICE!

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC that cotton receipt No. 151538 issued in the name of Frank Mikulec on the 20 day of Aug. 1943, by the Cameron Compress Company, for ONE BALE OF COTTON delivered by him to that Company, has been lost, and that the undersigned is the legal owner and holder of said cotton, and the public is warned not to accept said receipt or to deal with same in the hands of any other person.

CAMERON COMPRESS CO.

NOTICE!

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC that cotton receipt No. 150852 issued in the name of Frank Mikulec on the 18 day of Aug. 1943, by the Cameron Compress Company, for ONE BALE OF COTTON delivered by him to that Company. has been lost, and that the undersigned is the legal owner and holder of said cotton, and the public is warned not to accept said receipt or to deal with same in the hands of any other person.

CAMERON COMPRESS CO.

NOTICE!

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC that cotton receipt No. 150338 issued in the name of Frank Mikulec on the 14 day of Aug. 1943, by the Cameron Compress Company, for ONE BALE OF COTTON delivered by him to that Company. has been lost, and that the undersigned is the legal owner and holder of said cotton, and the public is warned not to accept said receipt or to deal with same in the hands of any other person.

CAMERON COMPRESS CO.

NOTICE!

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC that cotton receipt No. 152301 issued in the name of Frank Mikulec on the 23 day of Aug 1943, by the Cameron Compress Company, for ONE BALE OF COTTON delivered by him to that Company, has been lost, and that the undersigned is the legal owner and holder of said cotton, and the public is warned not to accept said receipt or to deal with same in the hands of any other person.

CAMERON COMPRESS CO.

FOR SALE—107 acres, 1-2 mile west City Limits of Cameron, good house, plenty of water. See Chas. Porubsky Cameron, Rt. 2, or A. K. Gurecky at First National Bank. 19-2tc

FOR SALE—Fordson Tractor in good condition. H. W. Redehasse, Burlington, Rt. 1. 18-3tp

STOP—HERE'S YOUR JOB! AUTO MECHANICS WANTED, (trained or untrained). Top pay and permanent connections—unlimited opportunities—pleasant working conditions. Mechanics and service men classed as essential to War Efforts. Sept. 15th dead line to get in essential employment. Also have opening for Vulcanizer or man to learn this profitable trade. Now is time to get permanently connected. See W. E. Gaither, at Gaither Motor Co., Rockdale, Texas. 22-2tc

HEIFERS—8 extra good double registered Polled Hereford heifers 12 to 8 months old—priced right to sell as bunch. Also a few aged cows and calves. W. E. Gaither, Rockdale, Texas. 22-2tc

TAKEN up at my place, one white-face heifer yearling. Owner may have by paying for this ad. E. A. Lehnert, Rt. 1, Cameron. 1tp

M|Sgt. and Mrs. Gerald W. Schattle are the proud parents of big 9 pound 6 ounces, son, born August 20, 1943, at the Big Spring Army Base Hospital. The baby has been named Gerald, Jr. Both Mrs. Schattle and the baby are doing nicely.

This is the second grand child of Mr. and Mrs. Henry J. Schattle, Sr. The other grand child is little Barbara Jo Schattle, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry J. Schattle, Jr.

NEGRO DIES SATURDAY FROM A STAB WOUND

Sherman Keith, negro, about 45, died around 4 p. m. Saturday from a stab wound at the base of the neck.

Frank Lloyd, negro, 20, is in jail, charged with murder, with the grand jury in session to consider the case. Criminal District Attorney, Ed. Gunn, laid the case before the jury Monday.

Deputy Sheriff Will Vaughan gave the information to The Herald late Saturday. He said that Keith died in a negro cafe and beer bar a block away from the scene of the attack.

Keith was stabbed one time at the Tootsie Benson negro bar. He ran out of the bar and across the street to the Blue Goose, another negro bar, where he fell to the floor.

Deputy Sheriff Vaughan, Justice of Peace Womack Brashear and Joe Richter lifted the negro from the floor of the bar and placed him in an ambulance. He died shortly after reaching the negro ward at the Newton Memorial Hospital.

The dead negro was a farmer and lived in a farm owned by Miss Lillian Mondrik near Cameron. Frank Lloyd, according to officers was reared in Cameron.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE SERVICES

"Substance" is the subject of the Lesson-Sermon which will be read in all Churches of Christ, Scientist, on Sunday, September 12.

The Golden Text is: "The earth is the Lord's and the fulness thereof" (I Cor. 10:26.)

Among the citations which comprise the Lesson-Sermon is the following from the Bible: "Many, O Lord my God, are thy wonderful works which thou hast done, and thy thoughts which are to us-ward" (Psalms 40:5.)

The Lesson-Sermon also includes the following passage from the Christian Science textbook, "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures, by Mary Baker Eddy: "God's thoughts are perfect and enternal, are substance and Life." (Page 286.)

STOP! Does not mean go ahead

"Here's the beer that's SECOND TO NONE!"
In 32-oz. quarts; 12-oz. regular bottles, or on draught!
Southern Select BEER
Made with SECRET FLAVOR CONTROL
GALVESTON-HOUSTON BREWERIES, INC., Galveston, Texas

Fred Lazek, Sr.
Phone 83. Cameron.

A 62-Year Record
of 2-Way Help*
FOR WOMEN
suggests you try
CARDUI
*See directions on label

CHRISTIAN CHURCH

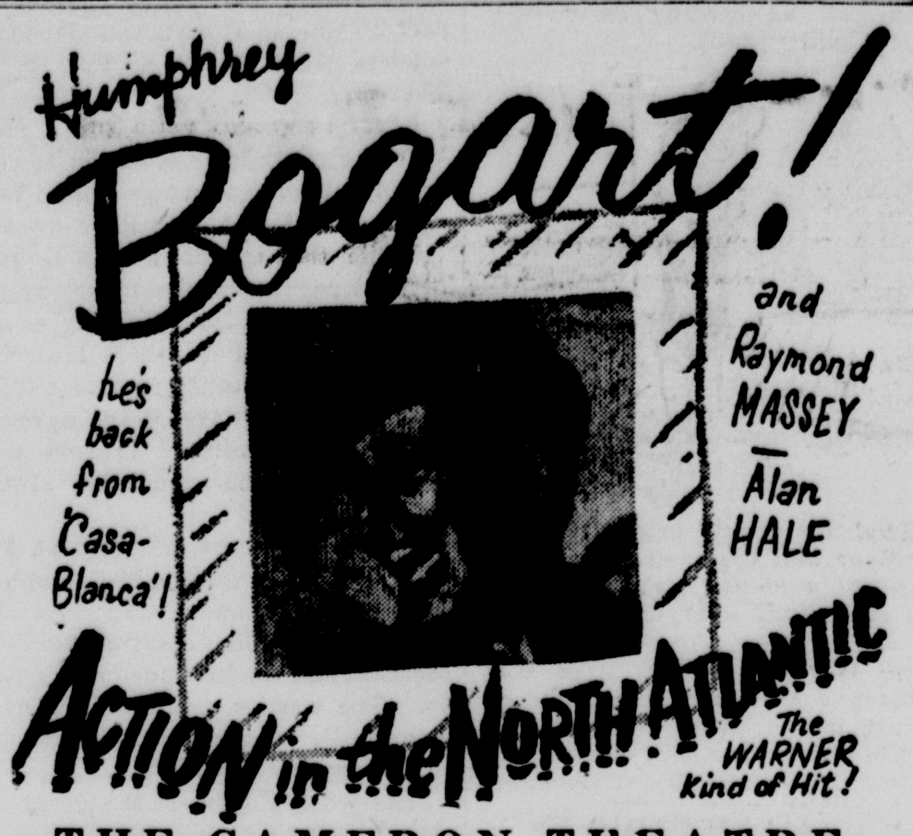
Bible School 9:45.

Worship, Sermon, Communion at 11:00.

Evening Church hour at 8:00. Sermon themes: 11:00 "The Fear of God Is the Beginning of Wisdom;" 8:00 "For This Cause."

The Christian Church extends an invitation to everyone who is not worshipping somewhere each Sunday to enjoy the worship hours and Bible School with them. All of the service is for everybody. The Memorial and Communion of the Lord's Supper is observed each Lord's Day. Everyone who considers himself a disciple of Jesus is invited to participate if he desires to. The Pastor says that his great purpose in preaching is to help people understand the Bible better.

We do all kinds of printing.


Humphrey Bogart!
he's back from 'Casa-Blanca'!
and Raymond MASSEY
Alan HALE
ACTION in the NORTH ATLANTIC
The WARNER Kind of Hit!

THE CAMERON THEATRE
SUNDAY AND MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 12 AND 13

FREE THE WORLD FOR LIBERTY

Cameron Theatre

Thursday and Friday, September 9 and 10
"BACKGROUND TO DANGER"
George Raft and Brenda Marshall

Saturday, September 11
"SUBMARINE ALERT"
Richard Arlen and Wendy Barrie

Sunday and Monday, September 12 and 13
"ACTION IN NORTH ATLANTIC"
Humphrey Bogart and Ramond Massey

Tuesday, September 14
"SOMEWHERE IN FRANCE"
Constance Cummings and Robert Morley

Wednesday, September 15
"GALS INCORPORATED"
Harriett Hilliard and Leon Erroll

Thursday and Friday, September 16 and 17
"SHADOW OF DOUBT"
Teresa Wright and Joseph Cotten

Milam Theatre

Friday and Saturday, September 10 and 11
"BORDER TOWN GUN FIGHTERS"
Bill Elliott and Gabby Hays

Sunday, September 12
"AIR FORCE"
John Garfield and Gig Young

ARE YOU LOYAL TO UNCLE SAM?
I AM!

Two Year At Sea, He Saw Doolittle Take Off For Tokyo Raid

McClellan Walker, Carpenter's Mate 2nd Class, aboard the great carrier, Enterprise, is in Cameron visiting his uncle, H. B. McClellan.

Walker, two years at sea has seen most of the battle fronts in the Pacific. He stood on the deck of the carrier Enterprise and saw General James Doolittle and his men take off from the carrier Hornet, on their now famous raid on Tokyo.

The Tokyo raid is one of a few historic events in the life of McClellan Walker during the 2 years he has been in the Pacific. He was in the battle of Midway and has been in the Solomons area for a long time. His ship and others were in screeing operations for the Hornet which carried Doolittle and his Mitchell Bombers to the mainland of Tokyo.

The Enterprise is one of the better type carriers of the navy and her crew are men of wide sea and battle experience. Walker is one of the younger recruits to the ship.

Walker was reared near Milano. He thinks the Japs can be beaten in less than 5 years and declared the American navy in saturation attacks on the infested islands is the most complete system of extermination in warfare. Literally the ships lay down their shells every few feet until nothing is left alive.

Ships aboard the Enterprise have shot down 140 Jap planes while losing only 25.

Mrs. Charlie Brown has been moved to her home from Scott & White hospital, where she was under treatment by Dr. Soeber.

Mr. and Mrs. Gaston Barmore are here on a visit with relatives. His parents are Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Barmore and Mrs. Barmore's parents are Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Bragg.

Mrs. William McIntosh is here on a visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hefley. Mrs. McIntosh will be remembered as Miss Henriem Hefley before her marriage, and many friends are happy to welcome her visit home. Her husband is in service.

HERE'S FIRE POWER FOR THE HOME FRONT
VITAMIN B1 IRON-ENERGY PROTEIN
WE'RE NOT RATIONED!
PEPPY
THRIFTY
DELISH
NATIONAL 3 MINUTE OATS

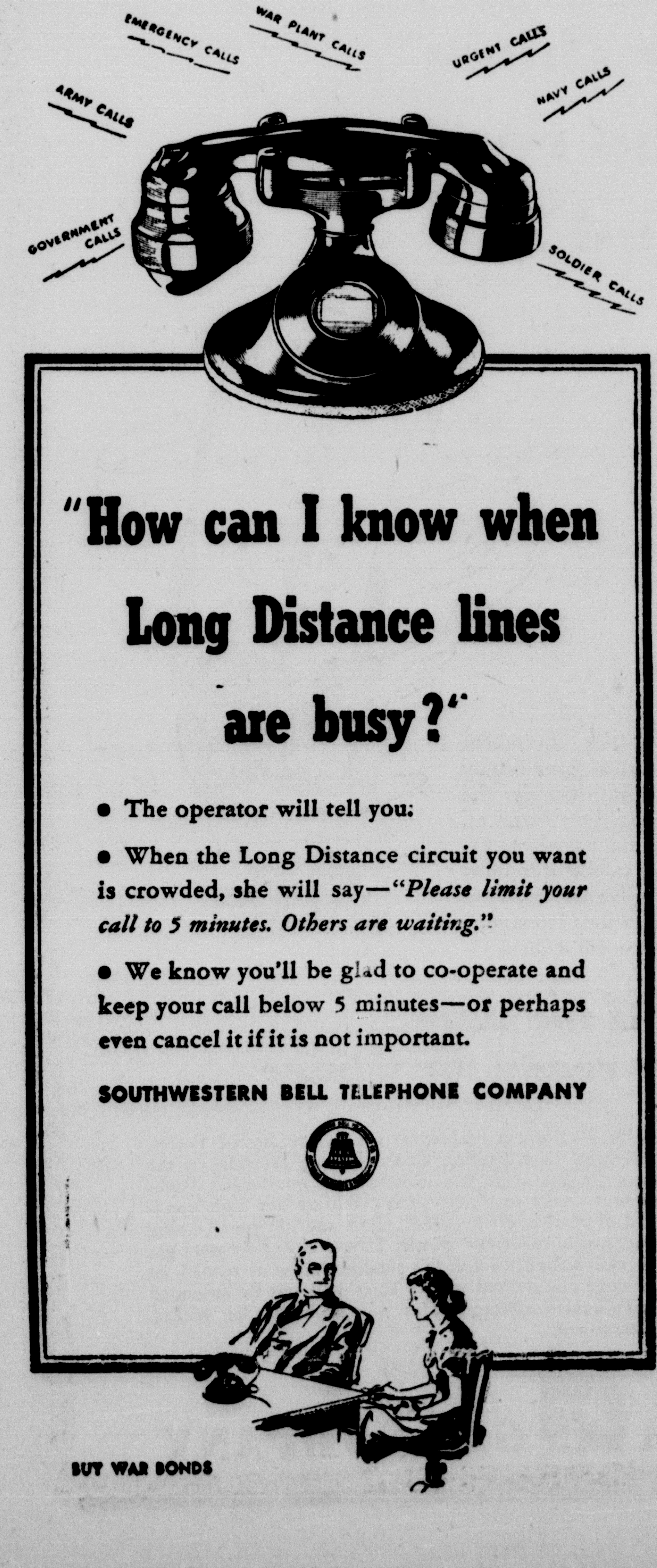
THE A-1 WAR FOOD Avoid sissy breakfasts! Whole-grain National 3-Minute Oats is one food that meets many basic war food requirements — providing Vitamin B1. Energy. Usable Iron and Proteins in abundance.

NATIONAL 3-MINUTE OATS
A NATURAL WHOLE GRAIN CEREAL

Wear Corsets and Fundations That Are Scientifically Designed

There is a style for every type. Phone or send a post card for private demonstration in your home.

MRS. LEE R. CLORE
Katherine-K Corsetiere. Phone 725



"How can I know when Long Distance lines are busy?"

- The operator will tell you:
- When the Long Distance circuit you want is crowded, she will say—*"Please limit your call to 5 minutes. Others are waiting."*
- We know you'll be glad to co-operate and keep your call below 5 minutes—or perhaps even cancel it if it is not important.

SOUTHWESTERN BELL TELEPHONE COMPANY

BUY WAR BONDS

With Seabees

JOE RORBINSON

Joe Robinson, Carpenters Mate First Class, enlisted in the seabees, a volunteer, in September of 1942. He was called to active duty December 21, 1943, and went to Camp Bradford, Norfolk, Va., for his boot training. From Norfolk Joe was sent to Gulfport, Miss., where he was in training for several months.

He spent a 9 day furlough at home in March with his wife and father, A. F. Robinson of Hanover Community Joe is now stationed at Trinidad, in British West Indies.

NEWS FROM Hanover

Lt. Talmadge P. Gunnels, P-38 Squadron leader, stationed at Second Interception Grove, Greenville, S. C., is here visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. P. Gunnels and friends a few days.

Mrs. Louis Jamail of Houston spent a few days in the home of her parents Mr. and Mrs. Joe Lankford last week.

Mrs. H. L. Dietz (the former Miss Alma Gunnels) and twin sons, Steven and Mike, spent a week in the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. P. Gunnels. Her husband, H. L. Dietz arrived here from Dallas Sunday to accompany her home.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul M. Gunnels of Freeport spent Labor Day in the home of his sister, Mrs. Carl Holley.

Walter Hilderbrandt of Houston visited in the home of his Uncle Ike Ditto Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Dave Angell of Walkers Creek were guests in the home of their daughter, Mrs. Vera Robinson the past week end.

Mrs. G. C. Black, Jr., of Little Rock, Ark., is here visiting friends and relatives for a few days.

Harold Lankford retured to Houston after spending a few weeks vacation with his parents.

Miss Valeria Holley attended church at Gause Sunday evening.

Dave Gunnels and son, David Cecil of Freeport were Labor Day guests in the home of his brother, T. P. Gunnels and family.

Dewey Gandy of Willis visited in the home of his brother Sterling Gandy over the week end.

NEWS FROM LIBERTY

The reconstruction of the church building is now in progress. We are all looking forward to completion.

Mr. and Mrs. Charlie Robinson and children and Mr. and Mrs. Chess Williams spent last Saturday shopping in Waco.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Malone visited Mr. and Mrs. Ray Miller last Sunday. Mrs. Will Gilliland of Davilla is visiting her sister, Mrs. Mamie Dragoo.

Mrs. Ernest Elliott and son spent last week with her husband who was in Cameron on furlough.

J. T. Miller of Houston visited his mother, Mrs. Kate Miller Thursday.

Mrs. Jimmy Hartley is visiting relatives in Temple.

We were glad to have Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Adams and children of Gause attend the church social last Friday night.

John Miller visited relatives in Houston last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Charlie Robinson and children visited in Rockdale last Sunday night.

John Dayle and Eugene Miller of Houston are visiting their grandmother, Mrs. Kate Miller.

Mrs. Jim Gilliland and daughters visited Mrs. Mamie Dragoo Friday afternoon.

Pvt. Shack Shafer of Camp Swift visited Mrs. Maggie Miller last Monday night.

Mrs. Myrtle Pounds, Mrs. John Miller and Mr. and Mrs. Henry Mills visited Mr. and Mrs. Odie Malone Sunday afternoon. Mr. and Mrs. Malone Sunday afternoon. Mr and Mrs. Malone are the proud parents of a little boy.

Mrs. Mamie Dragoo had as her visitors this week end, Glendon Dragoo, Mrs. Delphy Davidson and children of Houston and Will Gilliland of Rogers.

Jim Gilliland of Camp Hood spent this week end at his home.

The contest to increase attendance at Sunday School began Sunday morning with the adult and card classes vs. the Young People and Junior classes. The winning group is to be given a party by the losing group. The contest closes Sunday, October 3.

Mrs. Harvin Reese and children and Billy George Miller of Milano spent Sunday with Mrs. Maggie Miller.

Mr. and Mrs. William Woods of Cameron visited Mr. and Mrs. Charlie Robinson Sunday.

Mrs. Kate Miller visited Mrs. Mamie Dragoo Sunday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Charlie Robinson and sons visited Mr. and Mrs. Chess Williams Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. John Young of Odessa, is here on a visit with her mother, Mrs. C. P. McGregor. Mrs. Young will be remembered as Miss Patsy McGregor before her marriage, and has many friends here.

Mrs. Babe Butts Houston of Houston, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Nat H. Butts for the week end. She has been visiting relatives and friends in Austin for several days previous to coming to Cameron.

We are here to give the news.

BLUE BUGS and CHICKEN MITES with

Martin's ROOST PAINT AND POULTRY HOUSE SPRAY

Quick Acting — Easy to Use

Applied to the roosts with brush. One application kills and repels Blue Bugs and Mites for a year. Keep your flock in laying condition with Martin's POULTRYTONE TONIC. Sold with money-back guarantee.

For this and other products of
C.J. MARTIN & SONS - AUSTIN, TEXAS
Ask Your Dealer

$5,477,400 WAR BOND QUOTA FOR MILAM CO.

Milam County's third war loan quota has been fixed at $5,477,400 by the Treasury Department in Washington.

This figure is almost double the quota for Bell county which has been announced at $3,315,000.

During the second war loan in May Milam county bought more than three million dollars in bonds to oversubscribe its quota by a larger margin than any other county in the United States.

The 1943 quota is almost 20 times as high as the quota in May.

Chas. M. Hicks, chairman for the county, was encouraged with organization developments Saturday.

E. C. Cole, who turned in a splendid job as chairman for the city of Cameron, has accepted the same assignment for September.

Oxsheer Smith, Treasury Representative in four counties, was giving the coming loan drive his personal attention.

Friday night Mr. Hicks, Mr. Smith and Emory B. Camp were in Temple to attend a meeting of War Loan workers called there. Mr. Smith was the principal speaker, telling how the campaign succeeded so well in Milam county last May.

Chairman Hicks has called a meeting to be held at Cato's cafe on Monday night. Workers from over the county will be here and the work will be planned for the opening of the drive on September 9, when President Roosevelt will speak from Washington.

Carroll wood Named Coach and Principal Mexia High School

Carroll Wood, former football coach at Yoe High School, has been named principal of the Mexia High School and head fottbail coach.

When Mr. Wood left Cameron last fall he went to Orange where he was director of athletics. His election at Mexia is recognition of his record and achievements. He was coach in Cameron for 8 years.

Mexia is in Class AA football and the city has more than ten thousand population.

Mr. and Mrs. Wood and their son, Bobby, have left Orange and moved to Mexia where he has begun his work as Principal and Coach.

Have you news item? Phone 282.

We Have It

That has been the watchword of this store for years.

In our dealings with the public, as our customers will testify we have tried to live up to that slogan by maintaining stocks at all times.

War conditions have made our job harder but we think we can take care of your needs. We want to serve you.

DUSEK PHARMACY
PHONE NO. 2. "WE HAVE IT!"

Earn extra money for War Stamps by returning Deposit Bottles!

Say, kids—and grown-ups, too—it's easy to get EXTRA MONEY for war stamps by returning idle deposit bottles. Original deposits will be refunded by your dealer. And, what's even more important, you'll be helping the nation's program of conservation—for MILK, SOFT DRINK and BEER BOTTLES are made of essential war material. • So, do your part to conserve vital material, machinery and manpower by rounding up and returning your surplus deposit bottles today. They will be resterilized and used again to bring you MORE BEVERAGES AND MILK.

Remember—it's patriotic to keep your deposit bottles working.

CONSERVE VITAL MATERIALS . . . . . . IT'S A PATRIOTIC DUTY

YOEMEN SCHEDULE FOR SEASON IS ANNOUNCED

The schedule for the Yoemen in football for 1943, which has just been released to The Herald by Coach Dick Young, opens in Cameron on September 17 with a game with the McGregor Bulldogs.

The Yoemen opened the season last year against McGregor at Bulldog Field in McGregor. Although outweighed the Yoemen played one of their best games of all time and led by Frank Torno badly outclassed the Bulldogs. The game was lost on a lucky pass after the Yoemen had piled up an amazing statistical advantage.

Of interest to local fans is the announcement that both Caldwell and Marlin have abandoned football and band for the duration of the war. In making the schedule for the season Coach Young is taking on Brenham here on September 24. The Brenham team is coached by Bob Moorman former coach of the Rockdale Tigers. He won the district last year, his first year at Brenham.

Coach Dick Young is having his first try as skipper for the Yoemen. He was assistant coach until the resignation of Carroll Wood who is now at Mexia. Coach Young comes by his football natural like. He got his big moments on the gridiron at Centenary College in Louisiana under Coach Homer Norton now head coach at A & M College. Young played center and one of the best linemen the school there ever had.

The Yoemen will play only four home games this year, only two of them conference tilts, with Georgetown here on October 8 and with Taylor here on October 22. October 1 is an open date and Coach Young is seeking a game for that date.

A notable exception in the time for games occurs when the Yoemen play Belton. Instead of the usual night game the Yoemen go to the Tiger Stadium for their engagement at 2:30 in the afternoon of November 11 which is Armistice Day.

All games except the Belton game are to be played at night and begining at 8:30. Here is the season's schedule:

September 1, McGregor	At Cameron
September 24, Brenham	At Cameron
October 1,	Open
October 8, Georgetown	At Cameron
October 15, Hearne	At Hearne
October 22, Taylor	At Cameron
October 29, Killeen	At Killeen
November 5,	Open
November 11, Belton	At Belton
November 19, Rosebud	At Rosebud

Here is the plaintive note in the song of Coach Young, and it does seem dismal: He has only five lettermen back and 12 out of 20 men due to see first line service have had no experience at all. All of the prospects for 1943, under Coach Wood were lost except 5 and they are the lettermen reporting. Coach Young lost 15 of his spring prospects to failing grades, armed forces and for other causes. "We will be fighting nevertheless," said the coach.

Sgt. Edmund Schattle Graduates at Randolph

T|Sgt. Edmund E. Schattle, third oldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry J. Schattle, Sr., has successfully completed his two months of training at the Central Instructors School at Randolph Field, San Antonio.

Before going to Randolph Field, Schattle was stationed at the army air base in Lake Charles, La., as a Link Trainer Instructor and as head of the Link Training Department.

T|Sgt. Schattle is a graduate of Yoe High School, the North Texas Agricultural College at Arlington, the Army Air Corps Technicial School of Chanute Field, Ill., and finally the West Point of the Air, Randolph Field.

Just recently, both he and Mrs. Schattle visited his parents before going back to Lake Charles, La., where they plan to make their home

---

J. B. Gilbert, now a foreman in a ship yard in Houston, was in Cameron Sunday and Monday. He married Miss Johnny Hodges of Mexia and they have a son born on August 17th. He has been named Freddy Lynn. Mr. Gilbert graduated from Yoe High School, was a football star and also went to Texas Tech where he played under Pete Cawthon, now manger for the Brooklyn Dodgers in Professional football.

20,000 JAPS TRAPPED IN NEW GUIENA THRUST

The Allies by reason of their thrust at Lae and Salamaua in New Quiena, have trapped 20,000 Japanese soldiers, it was disclosed Tuesday as the full import of the attack arranged by General MacArthur, became known.

The Red army was smashing ahead to crush all organized resistance in the Donets basin while the British and Canadians in Southern Italy were advancing with little opposition.

The Italian voice can be faintly heard asking for peace. One of the demands is that the 1919 borders of Italy be maintained. In Washington where Winston Churchill, the British Prime Minister, and President Roosevelt were quietly talking over things an air of expectancy was prevalent and some quarters believe that Italy may be seeking peace.

The Allies lost 4 planes over Italy while shooting down 17 Axis planes. The RAF lost 35 bombers over Germany Monday night. The Americans reported heavy losses in bombers as they completed 6 days continuous bombings over France.

Thomas P. Linham is Commissioned; Serves In Coast Artillery

Resident of Maysfield, Thomas P. Linham received his commision as 2nd Lt. in the Coast Artillery Corps upon successfully completing the officer candidate course at the Antiaircraft Artillery School, Camp Davis N. C., on Sept. 2, 1943.

The newly commissioned local officer will take up his new duties in Antiair craft Artillery after a short furlough. The course at the Antiaircraft Artillery School is one of the most difficult of the officer candidate tests in the army. Not only do candidates have to meet the high standards of leadership necessary to all officers, but they must be able to master and put into practice the complicated technical art of Antiaircraft Artillery.

We repair any make or model radio.
Parma Radio Service.

Owen Stidham Home From Months At Sea

Owen Stidham, looking the part of a first rate fighting man, is home from six months at sea.

Last year after completing a course at Norfolk, Va., he went to sea on a submarine, one of the new type, large craft. He has spent his time since in the Pacific, dealing death and destruction to Japs and Jap shipping.

Stidham arrived home early Monday to surprise family and friends. He is firemen's mate aboard the ship and enjoys a good rating, the pay and general service conditions in the submarine service being equal to the highest branches of the army on land.

Stidham, son of Mr. and Mrs. Grady Stidham, is home for 28 days. His ship is laid up for repairs somewhere on the west coast. A narrow escape they had when a number of Japanese destroyers pounced on their sub after they had sunk shipping and one destroyer. The depth charges caused minor damage to the sub.

Stidham left school here to enter the navy. He went to the Great Lakes Training station and from there to sea. He was a football star, rating an all conference birth as a tackle.

He said he had tried often to see Joe Bill White, also in the navy and Pacific but had not been able to contact him. Joe writes home after several months at sea. He is Coxswain, aboard a large ship.

Johnny Moran and daughter, Miss Peggy Moran of Vernon, and Charles Moran of Hollister, Oklahoma, are in Cameron Wednesday to visit with their brother, William Moran. They plan to return to their homes late this week. They have not visited here in some time. Drouth conditions at their homes is acute as it is in Texas.

Do not park near fire plugs!

Mrs. Phillip L. Johnson of Houston and Mrs. Charlie Moore of Gause, were here attending upon a relative who was an operative patient in the Cameron Hospital Tuesday. Mrs. Johnson formerly lived at Gause, and is the daughter of Mrs. Pearl Ely, who is a sister of Morgan Dickinson who was a prominent business man of Cameron for many years.

C. W. Bradbury of Houston, spent the week end here with his wife and family.

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THE CAMERON HERALD

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The fight for freedom needs ever-increasing numbers of tanks, guns, planes and ships. Do your part to supply them. Buy more War Bonds. Larger bond purchases also push back the forces of inflation. Put the Third War Loan over the top with your dollars.

1933 — September 15th — 1943

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OF THE RETURN OF
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GRADY LITTLE, Distributor

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SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS
Buy UNITED STATES WAR BONDS and STAMPS

Gas Heating Equipment is available for those who really need it

If you really need gas heating equipment for the health and comfort of your family this winter, you can still buy it under the new rationing regulations. Floor furnaces, circulating heaters and radiant-type heaters are available in quantities sufficient to meet the essential needs of eligible buyers. Find out about these new regulations from your gas company and plan now for winter.

Now is the time to get ready for winter

Over 900 of our employees are in the Armed Forces. Those of us remaining on the job are carrying on the best we can with less material and equipment. Right now we need your help in maintaining our high standard of service. Please check, clean and get your heating equipment ready for winter. If you have had your gas service turned off for the summer, order it turned on now so our limited service force will not be swamped with service calls and orders when cold weather strikes. Thank you.

LONE STAR GAS COMPANY

AMERICAN 7TH ARMY MAY STRIKE SOON

Expansion of the bridgehead on the toe of Italy where British and Canadian forces invaded the continent of Europe Thursday night was proceeding rapidly.

The British and Canadians now have a 10 mile expanse of the shore line of Italy across the Messini straits.

The big question pondered by the Axis is the whereabouts of the American 7th Army under General George Patton, as yet still in Sicily, so far as known, but calculated to strike like a hurricane the shores of Italy east or north of Rome.

The British and Canadians under General Montgomery were meeting little opposition in Southern Italy but it was practically certain that the Germans are in that area in great force. As it looked Saturday a winter campaign might be planned for that area alone.

The Germans are running out of the Donets basis in Russia and the Reds are making telling new gains all along the line from Smolensk to the Caucasus. Definitely the Germans are pulling out of the Ukraine also.

There has been no official statement from Moscow on the invasion of Italy.

American airmen in New Guiena have sunk 5 of a 7 ship convoy of the Japs attempting to come into land reinforcement and supplies.

New devastating air raids were carrying the war to Germany from the west but there was no sign as yet an invasion is to be undertaken.

The Washington front was quiet with Roosevelt and Churchill still trying to get Stalin's attention.

A letter has just been received from Wm. E. (Monk) Alford in Galveston, former resident here. Mr. and Mrs. Alford have two sons in service, one in the navy and the other in the Army Air Corps. They also have two sons in law in service, one in the army and the other in the Marines. The family is well represented in the armed forces. Mr. Alford is a veteran of the World War No. 1, and expresses the hope we may this time conclude a peace worthy of the courage of the men who fight the war.

Temple Milk Dealers Demand Higher Ceiling

Temple retail milk dealers have asked OPA for a higher price for milk under threat they will sell their dairy herds and turn over milk production to the government.

Cameron milk dealers went out of business last winter because OPA would not increase the ceiling here. After dairy herds had been sold the OPA allowed an increase. Cameron's retail milk price is 14c per quart. Much of Cameron's milk goes to Temple.

Present milk price in Temple is 16c. Here is the statement issued by the association there:

"Labor has doubled in cost, hay has more than trippled, and other feeds are much higher. We have not been given any consideration on labor costs . . . . we need not go into any more detail concerning our plight and it will do no good for Washington to send us any more forms to fill out to keep us operating at a loss until we go out of business," said the association's petition, signed by S. H. Fowler as chairman.

"If we do not get an adjustment at once we are selling our stock and going to let the OPA furnish the milk and show us how it can be done on their basis," the petition ended.

"Coney Island" is Movie Treat; Opens At Cameron Sunday

"Coney Island" one of the fine technicolor films to come out of Hollywood about life in the old days, opens for a two day run at Cameron Theatre Sunday.

Betty Grabble plays an unforgetable role as did Rita Hayworth in "Banks of the Wabash" with the music of Stephen Foster.

George Montgomery plays with Miss Grabble. Coney Island, like the Barbary Coast in the early days of Frisco, is the East's most colorful cosmopolitan playground and its life is brought to the screen in this great musical show.

B. F. Angell of Brazoria, is in Cameron to spend Labor Day. He is employed by the Dow Chemical Company, as a brick mason and has been with the company about 2 years.

We do all kinds of printing.

PLOW FIREGUARDS AND SAVE RANGE IS URGED

Farmers and ranchmen of Milam county were urged this week to plow fireguards to prevent the burning of badly needed range grasses for livestock feed.

In making the announcement, A. L. Freeman, secretary to the county AAA committee, said that farmers and ranchmen can use their range building allowance to construct fireguards around their pasture.

Fireguard construction according to AAA specifications will be paid for at the fate of five cents per 100 lineal feet, Freeman said.

He added that farmers and ranch men are not familiar with the specifications for constructing fireguards can get full information by calling at the county ACA office.

"The shortage of livestock feeds to produce the badly needed meats for war purposes makes it imperative that all grass be conserved insofar as possible," the secretary said.

Three distinct advantages of winter cover crops were itemized this week by A. L. Freeman secretary, of the Milam county AAA committee.

"They help farmers to build more fertile soils, increase production of war crops and provide feed for livestock," he explained.

So important are winter legumes, he continued, that the AAA is offering financial assistance through AAA payments to farmers growing, fertilizing and turning under such crops as vetch, Austrian winter peas, and bur clover. Early fall seeding on properly prepared land, inoculation of the seed, unless the crop previously has been grown on the land, and fertilization with superphosphate are necessary for the most successful production of these crops, the AAA official said and explained that on some types of soils potash also is necessary.

Early planting in the fall gives clover and the vetches a better chance to get well established before winter time, provides better protection to the soil over a longer period, and provides more grazing, as well as more vegetation for turning under in

Farmers can earn soil-building the spring.

payments for applying superphosphate in connection with the growing of winter legumes. Farmers who do not have the ready cash for the purchase of legume seed, and superphosphate can obtain them as conservation materials through the local AAA office, the secretary said.

FOR SALE—Young Jersey cow. See Cyril Plachy. Buckholts, Rt. 2. 19-2t

We Print the News. Phone 282 any news item you know.

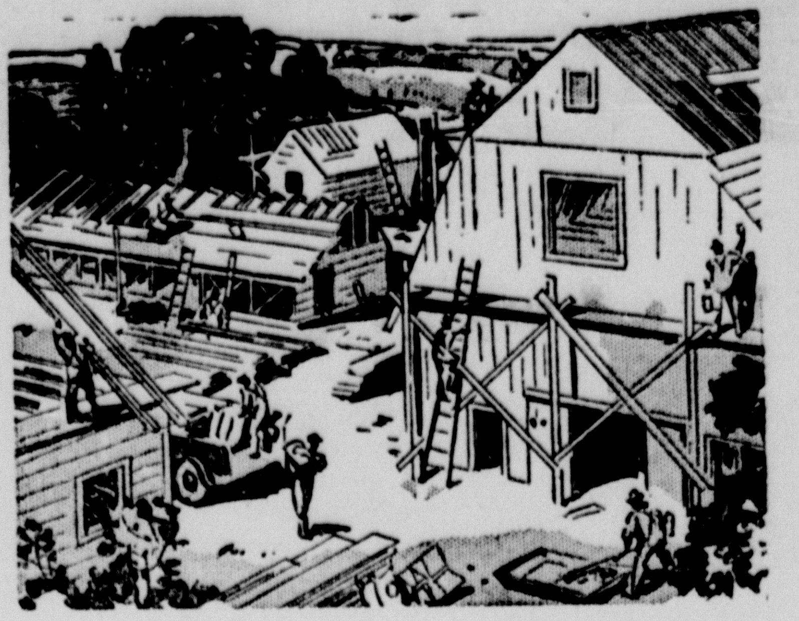
This beer's the one that's SECOND TO NONE!

In 32-oz. quarts, 12-oz. regular bottles, or on draught!

Southern Select BEER
Made with SECRET FLAVOR CONTROL

GALVESTON-HOUSTON BREWERIES, INC., Galveston, Texas

Fred Lazek, Sr.
Phone 83. Cameron.



If It's Available

. . . We Have It!

We've just been checking up, and find ourselves all set to give farmers better building, roofing and lumber service than most of them suspect from all the talk that's going around. Next time you're in town, drop in. We'll show you how to start Spring off with the cheerful sound of saws and hammers in preparation for the greatest food production year at the most profitable prices you've ever seen. Free estimates cheerfully given at all times.

Repair in time for work ahead!
and avoid costly trouble later!

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EST. 1881
BUILDING MATERIALS OF ALL KINDS
There's always a Carey Branch handy
LUMBER STORES IN TEXAS

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And the fields are white. Come get some groceries while they are still in sight!

COOKING OIL— Gallon Jug, Special	$1.59
HOG LARD— 50 pound pail	Special Price
KRAUT— Quart Jar	19c
TOMATOES OR PUREE— 10 ounce cans, 3 for	25c
BEEF RIBS— No Limit, pound	20c
MILK— Small cans	5c
DELTA SYRUP— 1-2 gallon Bucket	39c
GIANT LYE— 12 cans for	$1.00
No Limit on Soap, Buy all you want here!	
PEANUT BUTTER— Short Quart	49c
POTATOES, SMOOTH WHITE WESTERN— 10 pounds	33c
MUSTARD— Quart, 2 for	25c
POST TOASTIES— 3 Boxes for	25c
CORN— 1 pound cans, 3 for	25c
SLICED BEETS— No. 2 1-2 cans, 2 for	25c
APPLE BUTTER— Gallon Jug for	89c
REX JELLY— 5 pound Jar	58c
SNOWDRIFT— 3 pound Jar	73c
GELATIN DESSERT— All Flavors, no limit, 3 for	25c
GRAPE JUICE— C & E Brand, quart bottle	34c
FRESH BALTIMORE OYSTERS— Pound	65c
Pint	69c
POST BRAN FLAKES— Large Box	15c
PIMENTO CHEESE SPREAD— Kraft in bottle	20c
CABBAGE— Pound	5c

Plenty of Tea, Cocoa, White Syrup, Corn Sugar, Malt, Bottle Caps, Canned Mackerel, Corn Meal, Potted Meat, Catsup, Pickles, Dreft, Canned Corn, Salad Dressing, Fresh Cocoanuts, Good Assortment of Cakes and Candies, Summer Drink 8 ounce Bottle 15c, few Wagon Sheets, Lamps, Lanterns. Rugs, Lamp Burners, Grease Guns, Calf Bells, Suitcases, Stove Pipe, Elbows, Dampers, Mirrors, Mops, Fly Spray, Water Glasses, Water Sets, Nice selection of Dolls and Toys, Card Tables, Coffee Tables, Magazine Racks, Mattresses, Wood Saws, Hammers, Nails, Staples, Barb Wire, Wash Pots, Mail Boxes, Door Locks, Pad Locks, Corn Mills for Tamales, Cream Cans, Bird Cage, Roasters, High Chairs, Nursey Chairs, Toilet Trainers, Force Cups, Victory Garbage Cans, Cedar Tubs, Oak Well Buckets.

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Now comes the important season of harvest and marketing your cotton and other crops.

This bank for years has maintained the highest standards of service to farmers. Let us again render you that service your position and efforts demand.

Ours is a bank of complete service.

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$5,000 MAXIMUM INSURANCE FOR EACH DEPOSITOR
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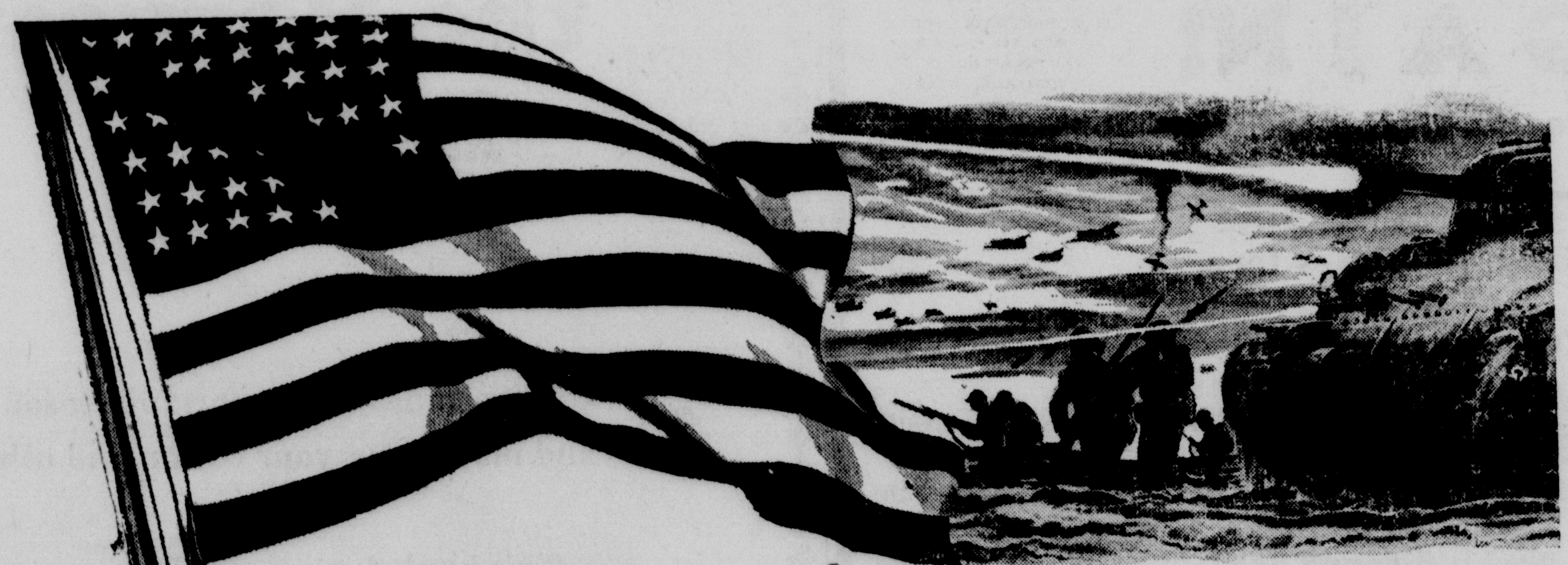
Forward March-
America!

THE 3RD WAR LOAN DRIVE IS ON!

Today...YOUR COUNTRY Looks to YOU to back the INVASION



3RD WAR LOAN

★

15 BILLION DOLLARS

(NON-BANKING QUOTA)

● The big drive is on! Not only on every battlefront—but on the home front, too. As the tempo of the war increases . . . as our fighting forces go all-out for INVASION, we folks back home must mobilize in their support.

We must back the attack with our dollars.

And that's what the 3rd War Loan Drive is for!

Today marks the opening of this vital drive, probably the most important appeal your government has ever made to you. Open your heart . . . and do your full part.

To reach our national quota everyone who possibly can must invest in at least one EXTRA $100 War Bond during the drive. AT LEAST $100. *More* if you can. That's in addition to your regular War Bond subscription. Invest out of your income . . . invest out of accumulated funds. Invest every dollar you can. For, one thing is certain—this is total war and everyone must do his full share. And that means you!

BACK THE ATTACK---WITH WAR BONDS

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GRADY LITTLE, Ice
SAFEWAY STORES
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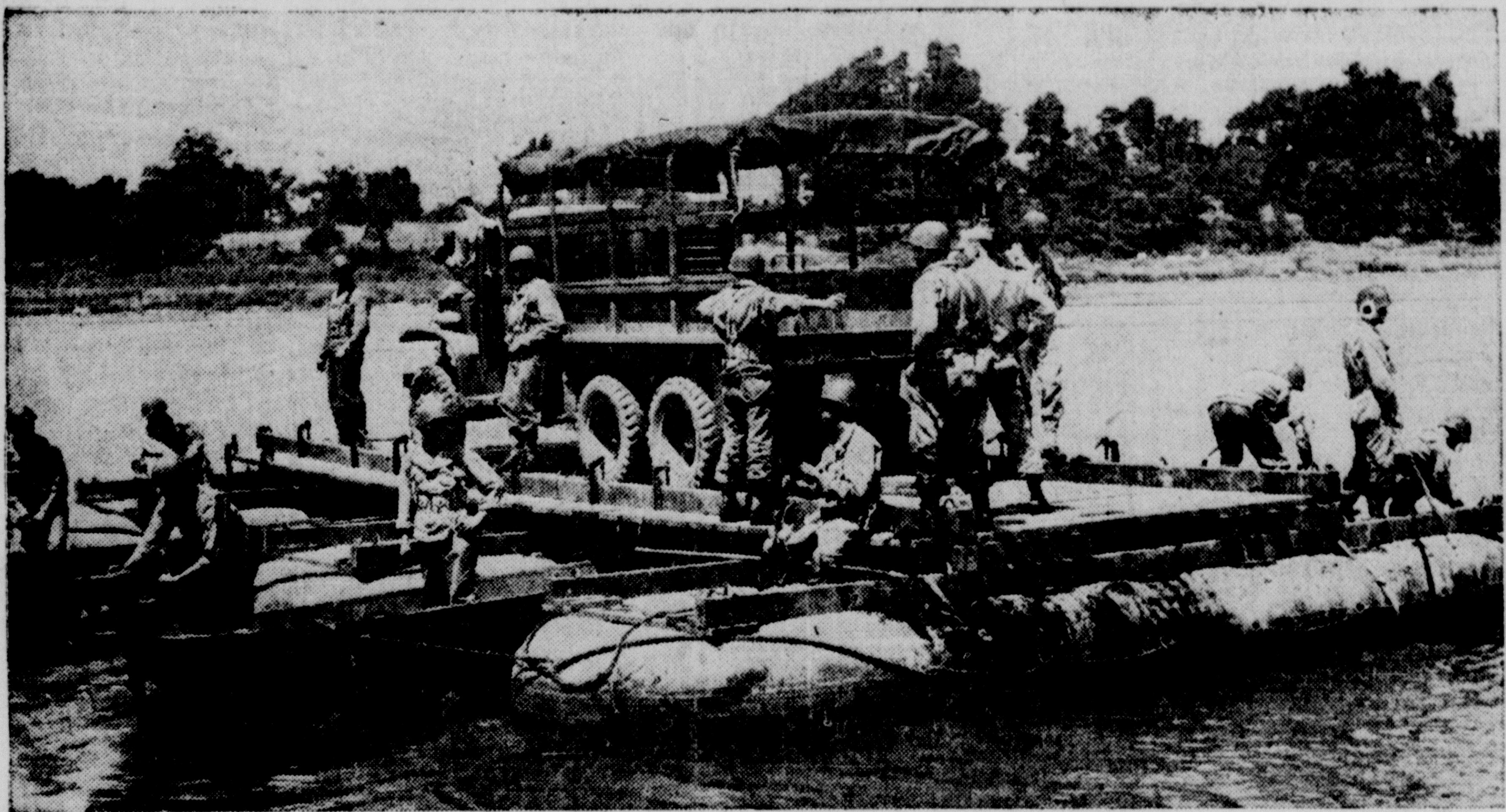
MAGAZINE SECTION

The Cameron Herald

ESTABLISHED 1860

VOLUME NO. 83 CAMERON, MILAM COUNTY, TEXAS, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1943. NUMBER 22.

NOTABLE NEWS EVENTS IN PICTURES

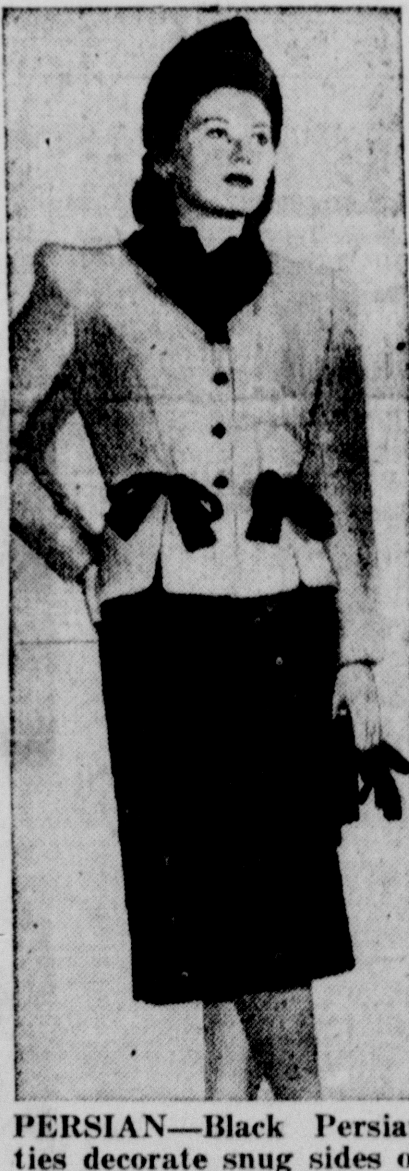


READY-MADE FERRY—Sometimes the Army wants to go where it wants to go, in a hurry. So it sends for the engineers. They tackle the job—and do it. Here's how they carry an Army truck across water on a pontoon bridge ferry. Demonstration of engineers' equipment was held recently in New York. It was shown that the ferry could be towed almost anywhere.

EVERYBODY, INCLUDING DAD—Everybody in the Brauckmiller family, including dad and four in-laws, work to build ships at the Henry Kaiser shipyard, Swan Island, Portland, Oregon. Combined salary is $996 a week. Here they are in overalls, ready for lunch.

CO-EDS CAMPUS NOTE—Co-eds will welcome these new washable sweaters of celanese rayon and wool. They're reported easy to care for and warm as you'd want. Short-sleeved model has the full California shoulder and the boxy one is a classic in any co-ed's campus wardrobe.

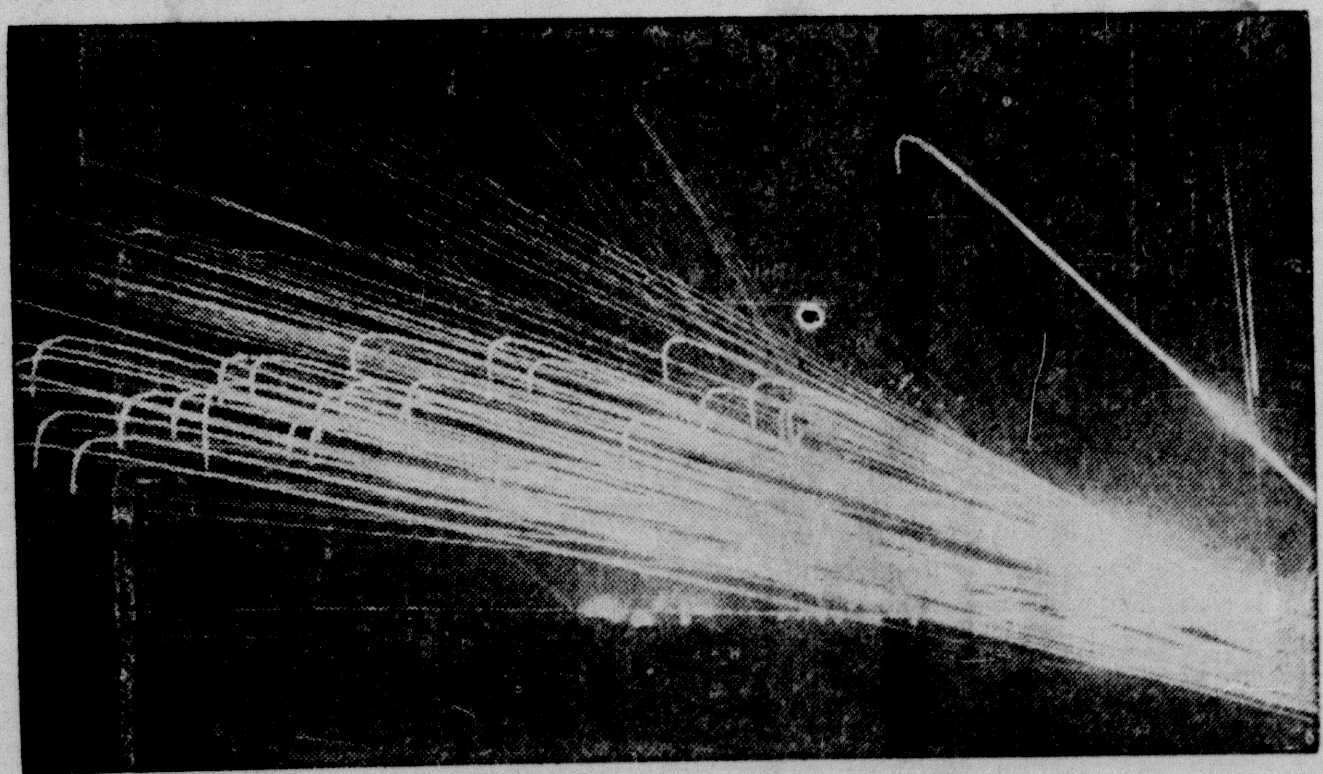
MUST BE RIGHT—Toddy Messler, age 2, of Rochester, N. Y., knows a WAC's tie must be just right, if she's going to sell war bonds. So she gets dolled up in front of a mirror. Wearing only known authentic miniature WAC uniform, Toddy helped sell nearly $1,000,000 in bonds at Four Freedoms Show,



PERSIAN—Black Persian ties decorate snug sides of citron jacket in Rodier fabric, that covers simple black sheer wool dress. Persian hat and Persian collar complete fall costume. Outfit recently shown at New York Dress Institute, after design by Anthony Blotta.

WINNIE IN QUEBEC—Britain's Prime Minister Winston Churchill, left, greeted at Quebec by Canadian Premier W. L. Mackenzie King. Scene is in front of Chateau Frontenac where Prime Minister was entertained during his visit.

* * *



PATTERN IN THE SKY—Beautiful but deadly is this stream of live bullets and tracers flowing into black Mediterranean night from American Navy anti-aircraft guns. They were aimed at Axis aircraft during second day of Naval bombardment at Gela, Sicily. Under their cover Allied forces were making a landing.

MASCOT
CPL. STINKY

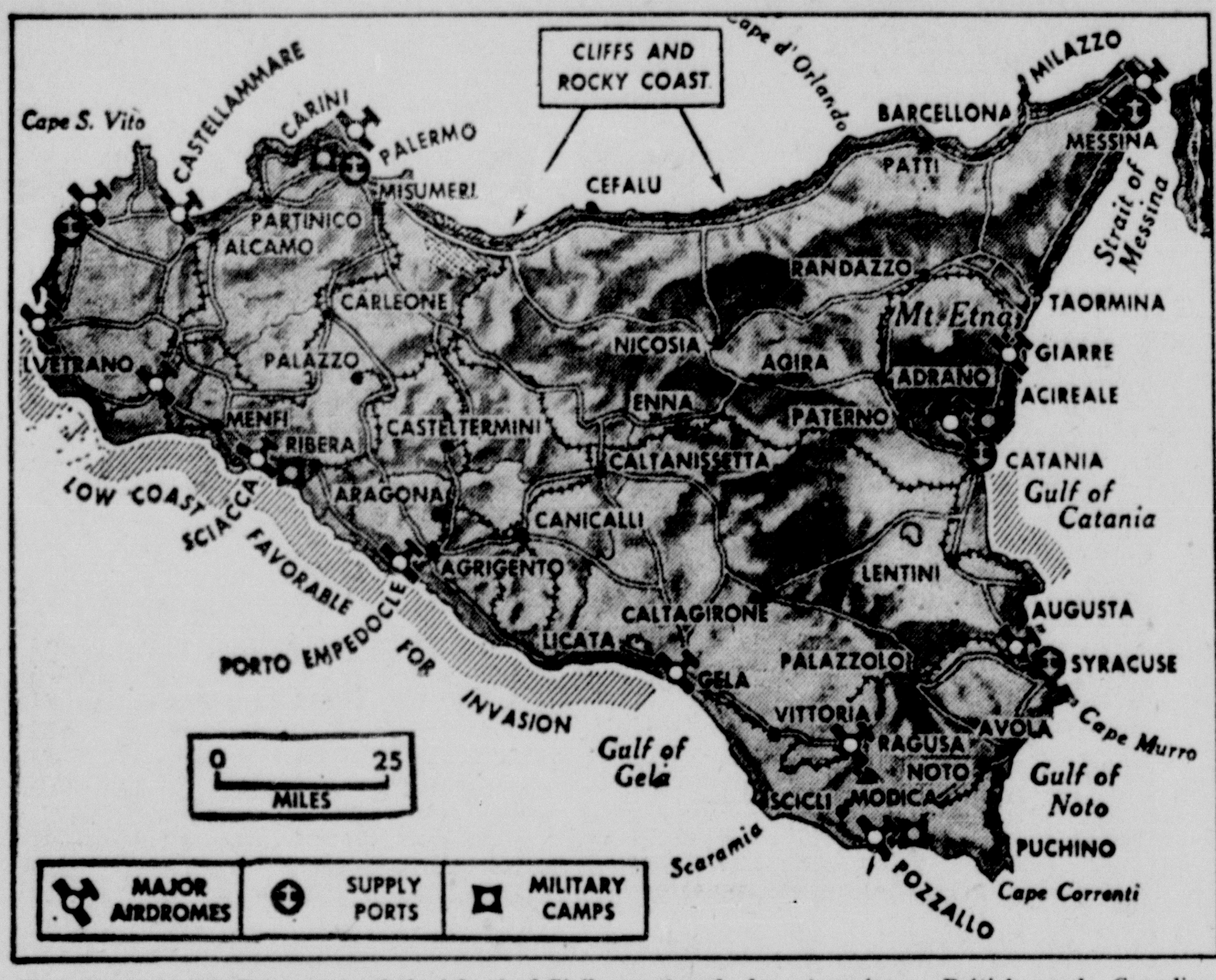
"CORPORAL STINKY"—Baby skunk, abandoned by its mother near Army Field, San Angelo, Texas, bomber ground crewmen immediately adopted it as mascot. Since he commands some respect, they call him "Corporal Stinky."

STICKY BOMBS—Here's something new in way of British bombs. Small glass globes are filled with explosive and exterior of globes is covered with special adhesive, then encased in "mittens." When thrown at tank, after removal of covering, they stick and explode with terrific force seconds later.

The FALL of SICILY

(Copyright—New York Times)

THE fall of Sicily marked a new phase in the Mediterranean war. Sicily in Allied hands means that control of the Mediterranean highway to the East has been insured. It makes airfields from which the industrial cities and communication lines in Europe's south could be more easily attacked. It means, too, a jumping-off place for new attacks upon Hitler's fortress.



Here shown in detail is a map of the island of Sicily, captured by American, British and Canadian troops. Possession of Sicilian airfields puts Allied airforce in Italy's backyard.

The campaign for Sicily was a victory in the war of attrition. The figures are still incomplete, but it is clear that the Axis had mustered a large force of men and material for the defense of the island. President Roosevelt set the figure at 405,000, while others placed it just above 300,000 men. Against these the Allies had landed 160,000 men in the first boats and subsequently increased that number until it equaled that of the defenders. The German communiques said that they had managed to evacuate some 65,000 men (not including a few thousand wounded) of whom about 35,000 were Germans. The complete story of what happened to the rest remains to be worked out since the Allies' incomplete total on Axis casualties is only 167,000. Against these losses the Allied armies suffered casualties of less than 22,000.

In material the Germans and Italians suffered heavy losses. The Allies claimed the capture or destruction of 260 tanks and the Germans admitted they had saved but 42. The Allies claimed 502 guns, while the Germans said they had managed to evacuate to Italy about 100. The Allies claimed the destruction on the ground and in the air of 1,691 airplanes against an Allied loss of 274.

Opens Way to New Attacks

Strategically an important victory, the conquest of Sicily opens the way to new attacks in several directions. From Sicily the next blow could be struck straight at Italy. It could be aimed at the southern coasts of France. It could be directed through Greece and into the Balkan valleys that lead to the heart of Central Europe.

"The Sicilian campaign is standing testimony to the supremacy of Allied navies in this area of the Mediterranean, to Allied air supremacy, and to the determination of the Allied land forces to engage and defeat the enemy wherever they may encounter him," General Eisenhower said.

Eisenhower hinted at new thrusts to come soon. He declared the battle-tried United States Seventh Army now is a worthy partner of the British Eighth Army.

"Both armies are ready to go at any minute. We can count on them with complete confidence," Eisenhower said.

It took 12 days longer to conquer Sicily than the Allied High Command had expected when the invasion began July 10. The terrain in Eastern Sicily proved more difficult than had been anticipated. Small German detachments were able to block mountain roads. One well-placed mine could blast a hole that not even a jeep could get through. When foot soldiers of the Allies traveled over these mountain roads they had to make difficult detours that to trucks and heavier equipment were simply impassable. That slowed down the last two weeks of the invasion and contributed to the escape of more German troops from Sicily than had been expected.

Bitter Stand at Brenner Pass

Indications are, said a dispatch from Switzerland, that Germany is going to fight a delaying action from southern Italy northward, will do its best to keep Italy in the war, and will make a bitter, determined stand at the Brenner Pass in the north.

The Nazis, it is believed, must fight in Italy, for an Allied occupation would open the way to easy bombing of every German city. When Allied troops reach northern Italy they will be in a position for a push into the Balkans and Austria through the comparatively flat section around Trieste and Fiume.

The Nazis have considerable troop strength in Italy and other forces at hand in France, the Balkans and behind the Brenner Pass. Their real strength will remain behind the Brenner Pass. Others will try to hold the Trieste-Fiume gateway. Published figures that 15 to 20 German divisons are in Italy now can be accepted as reasonably correct. There probably will be a battle along the Po river in northern Italy.

The greatest difficulty the Nazis face is the narrowness, length and accessibility to sea of Italy. The biggest lesson of Sicily was the effectiveness with which Allied naval and air power could be combined in shelling the enemy on land and in protecting debarkations. The lesson applied to Sicily makes the Axis troops particularly vulnerable in Italy.

Sicily is a mountainous island in the Mediterranean, separated two miles from the mainland of Italy by the Strait of Messina.

Italy's Largest Island

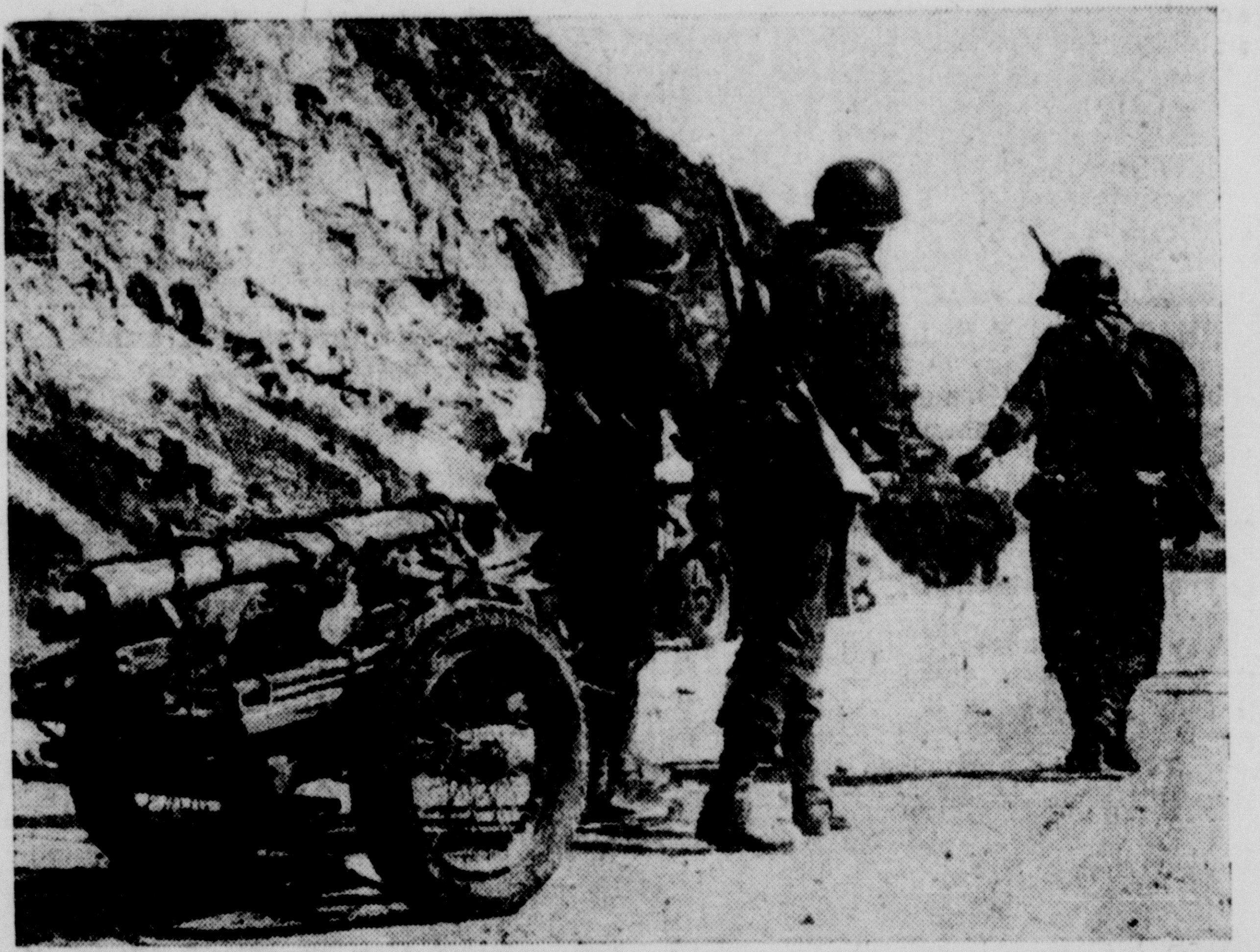
This island, with an area of 9,935 square miles, is the largest in the Mediterranean, and is nearly three times the size of Porto Rico. It has a population of approximately 4,000,000 people. In past geologic ages, it was a part of the mainland, and like the Italian penisula, it has a chain of mountains extending through it.

Beautiful Mount Etna, which rises near the eastern coast to a height of 10,750 feet, is the loftiest peak on the island. There are no rivers of commercial importance, and few lakes, but mineral springs accur in many places. Sicily has a fair, even climate, though the sirocco, with its burning heat, sometimes visits the island.

The mountain slopes and foothills are covered with lemon, orange and olive groves, and with vineyards, and on the flat tablelands cereals are raised, but Sicily has lost its name of "the granary of Italy" because the yield of cereals is sufficient only for the needs of the people of the island. Deep-sea fishing furnishes tuna fish, sardines, coral and sponges, and great quantities of sulphur are mined. Sulphur, fruits, vegetables, salt, wine, oil and fish are the chief exports. The three chief ports are Palermo, Catalina and Messina. The people for the most part are poor.

One-fifth of Sicily's land today belongs to 1,025 persons—the latifondi, aristocrats who live in their big cities or in Naples, Rome and Paris. The huge estates are tilled by Sicilians who still are practically serfs.

Sicily is one of the world's oldest cultures, dating back to 700 years before the Christian era. It has never regained the greatness of its Greek and Roman days. Emigration to other countries has helped to sap the island's economic vitality. Fully 200,000 Sicilians came to America between 1897 and 1906.



BLASTING MACHINE—Mortars such one as shown here proved valuable weapons in blasting the Axis forces out of hills of Sicily, where mountainous regions provided hiding places. Here, American soldiers are pulling mortar cart toward front lines.

The JAPANESE Flyer Thoroughly Trained

By ROBERT LEWIS TAYLOR
(Condensed from Red Book)

THE average Jap flyer is about the size of an American jockey. Tough, cruel, fanatic, he is a dangerous foe. He flies well-built planes that are unexcelled for his purpose, and he has been thoroughly trained. Over China he was especially effective, but U. S. Navy and Marine pilots have been knocking down Japs at the satisfying ratio of four and five to one. Considering that our jaundiced brothers launched the war against us with the neat edge of experience gained in China and elsewhere, it seems curious that they should now be proving so inferior in the air.

For this there are several reasons, none of them very complimentary to the Japs.

Despite his varied training, the Japanese flyer is an aerial creature of fairly predictable habits. On Guadalcanal, Jap bombers took to coming over each day at exactly the same hour, at the same altitude and from the same direction. This didn't work out very well. In the words of a Navy skipper there: "The Jappies act incredibly stupid now and then. This bombing squadron dropped in every morning at eleven. It was just like clockwork. All we had to do was send up a bunch of fighters about ten-thirty."

In appearance the Jap pilot is unprepossessing. His height is seldom over five feet and his weight is around 115 pounds. Protruding teeth and imperfect vision, with the inevitable tortoise-shell glasses, are common physical defects, and splay feet, from wearing wooden clogs, are the rule. Altogether these do not constitute the ingredients of a master race, but in spite of this the Japs have been declared "honorary Aryans" by the Germans, whose superman demonstrations in Russia have presumably qualified them as judges in matters of this kind.

Giving the Zero its Due

Much of the Jap aviation equipment is excellent. Their dive and torpedo bombers are about as good as ours, and their Zero fighter planes climb better, are more maneuverable and fight at higher altitudes than our fighters. For the single purpose of dogfighting, the Zero is perhaps better than anything we have, in spite of the fact that it has no protective armor and that its 7.7-mm. machine guns and 20-mm. cannon are lacking in sting compared to the 50-caliber guns of the Navy Grumman and the Army P-40. For shooting down bombers, (a fighter's most important role), Navy flyers say they prefer the more rugged Grumman.

Some of the Jap equipment is surprisingly similar to our own; in fact, it is our equipment, imported and stored up during peacetime.

Shot-down Jap pilots have splendid individual outfits. Their flying-suits are made of fine brown gabardine and all of their accessories are of first-grade materials. The Japs, being superstitious and emotional, supplement this official issue with various paraphernalia, all of it pretty corny. Most of the flyers cover their shaved pates with headbands, which generally are Japanese flags, and wear tight waist-bands of knit-ribbed wool, which are supposed to keep their vitals warm and give them added courage. In addition, they carry charms of some kind—a religious figurine, or a miniature baboon—which are intended to steer bullets around them. On the whole, the effect of these to date has not been sensational.

Jap Flyers Sentimental

Like all their race, Jap flyers are profoundly sentimental. This streak of instability, which is also present in gangsters, is perhaps foremost among the inferior mental qualities that have made them military fanatics. The Jap pilot, having been filed into a state of acute sensitivity by Emperor-worship, often goes into battle in a high fever to expend his life for the Cause. In the past year U. S. flyers have set up the machinery to accommodate him.

Together with a long-standing inferiority complex, this Emperor-worship of the Japs is essential in explaining their flyers' suicidal fury. In Japan Emperor Hirohito is popularly regarded as God. Obviously the Jap has somehow been convinced that if he dies for his Emperor he will become a god in the Shinto Pantheon.

With this rosy prospect before him, he does his best to fight with disregard for personal safety. Contrary to the popular notion, though, he has considerable trouble from time to time. Having been led to believe that defeat is not possible, the Jap now is becoming disillusioned and a little less fanatical. A fighter pilot recently captured by Marines begged tearfully for a knife with which to end his disgraceful situation. At first the Marines refused him. He begged so hard, however, that they finally handed him a knife; but apparently the Jap had expended all his energy in begging, for he twiddled it around for a few minutes and then threw it away.

Why Japs Hate Capture

There are several reasons why the Jap hates capture. In the first place, if he becomes a prisoner he loses his civil status in Japan and all of his relatives are forever shamed. Also, he has been falsely instructed that as a captive he will be tortured unmercifully. With all this in mind he is hard to catch. Forced down, he will try to destroy his plane and get away. If he can't make it, he summons all his courage and, concen-

(Continued on Page 7, column 3)

SKYBIRD'S TALONS—Here is first close-up view of new external bomb racks on Boeing Flying Fortress. Fork-like fingers on bottom of fuselage increase bomb capacity by 10 tons. Plane is shown near snow-clad Mount Rainer, Washington.

DIET in Wartime

THE American people stand in danger of becoming listless and less able to do good work in the war months ahead, government nutritionists warn, unless intelligent thought is given to diet.

Watching the diet, they point out, doesn't just mean avoiding those foods which add pounds to the plump and subtract pounds from the thin.

It means eating the things you can get which contain the same energy-giving vitamins as the things which you may not be able to get.

Despite increasing shortages of certain popular foods, such as meat, potatoes and butter, there are many available foods such as beans, cereals and eggs that contain the same vital elements.

The point is that these are foods containing the vitamins of the "B" complex which help to maintain energy and thereby help prevent what might be termed "involuntary laziness."

"Carefully conducted studies and surveys have shown that many of us are eating foods which fail to provide adequate amounts of certain materials necessary for good nutrition," declare senior surgeon W. H. Sebrel and Dr. Walter Wilkins of the United States Public Health Service in "Public Health Reports."

"This was true," they say, "even before the war, when our food supplies were normal.

Important to Know Values

"Nutrition specialists who have watched workers select their lunches in cafeteria lines report that not more than half of them choose good lunches, even when foods needed to provide good lunches are on the counters. They also point out that women usually make poorer choices than men.

"The effect of such inadequate diets upon the civilian worker, upon his ability to do his part in the war effort, must be of serious concern to us now.

"A recent study at the Harvard fatigue laboratory showed that ten men subjected to hard physical work on a diet deficient in parts of the vitamin B complex, notably in thiamin, showed a marked deterioration in their physical fitness in one week ,and a majority developed symptoms of muscle and joint pains, poor appetite and constipation."

In view of wartime shortages of certain foods, knowledge of food values and better food habits are doubly important, the doctors say.

Certain important nutrients now are being added to white flour and bread.

"This important development is only one way in which efforts are being made to improve our food supply," the doctors assert. "Some other special foods that are also of importance are vitamins A fortified oleomargarine or dairy butter, iodized salt (which should be used universally) and vitamin D milk for children. . . ."

The Present Food Outlook

Nutrition and food conservation experts have been preaching for weeks now that there will have to be a change in the American way of thinking about foods.

People will have to get used to eating more cereals and vegetables, and eating less meat. They will have to begin to think of eggs and cheese and peanut preparations as meat dishes. They will have to eat less popular foods.

Housewives will have to spend much more thought on the food they give to their families—and health officials say the result will be that, as a nation, Americans really will be better fed than ever.

This is the food horizon as the Food Distribution Administration sees it:

The present prospect is that we will have enough meat on hand to assure everyone two pounds a week, at home and in restaurants. Soy flour will be on the market nationally by October and the protein in one pound of this flour is equal to that in three pounds of meat. Other foods we will have to eat to piece out our meat allotments include dried beans, skimmed milk, eggs, cheese, peanuts and other nuts. There should be "enough" chicken, turkeys, citrus fruits, canned fruit juices, apples, pears, carrots, snap beans and green peas. There will be less fish, butter, canned and dried fruits, canned vegetables and sugar.

CURRENT COMMENT

By A STAFF EDITOR

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Value of Plasma

ERNIE PYLE, United Press correspondent, wrote from Sicily that plasma was saving the lives of thousands of wounded Allied soldiers. He says:

"*** And while we are on the subject of plasma, the doctors asked me at least a dozen times to write about plasma. 'Write lots about it, go clear overboard for it, say that plasma is the outstanding discovery of this war,' they said.

"So I beg you folks back home to give and keep on giving your blood. We've got plenty on hand here now, but if we ever run into mass casualties such as they have on the Russian front, we will need untold amounts of it.

"They say plasma is absolutely magical. They say scores of thousands who died in the last war could have been saved by it. Thousands have already been saved by it in this war.

"They cite case after case where a wounded man was all but dead and within a few minutes would be sitting up and talking, with all the life and color back in his face, after an injection of plasma.

"The doctors asked me to repeat what you have been told so many times already—that it doesn't make any difference what type your blood is, and that the normal person has no ill or weakening effects from giving his blood."

* * *

After the War

The Civil Aeronautics Board estimates that post-war flights (by shortest routes) between Washington, D. C., and other cities of the world will be possible on the following schedules:

Less than 7 hours to Mexico City.
Less than 8 hours to Panama City.
8 to 9 hours to Seattle.
10 or 11 hours to Paris or London.
16 hours to Moscow, Rio de Janeiro, or Instanbul.
18 hours to Cairo or Buenos Aires.
22 hours to Tokio.
24 hours to Shanghai or New Delhi.
26 hours to Chungking or Cape of Good Hope.

* * *

Sink Sub a Day

President Roosevelt and Prime Minister Churchill recently announced that "a total of over ninety U-boats" were sent to the bottom of the seas during heavy fighting in May, June and July.

The statement by Roosevelt and Churchill made it clear that barring a letdown in Allied anti-submarine operations the U-boats would not be able to disrupt sea communication between the United States and Europe in the future any more than they have been in the last several months.

The statement declared that offensive operations now are continuing "to progress most favorably in all areas."

Moreover, it was disclosed that new ships completed by the Allies in 1943 exceeded all sinkings from all causes by upwards of 3,000,000 tons.

Principal weapons employed in crushing the undersea menace are escort aircraft carriers which take their air umbrella right along with the convoys, long range land based patrol bombers which rove for hundreds of miles out over both the North and South Atlantic looking for submarines, the destroyer escorts which are modified destroyer types armed principally with depth charges and anti-aircraft weapons.

* * *

Big-Inch Pipe Line

The Big-Inch crude oil pipe line from Longview, Texas, to New York and Philadephia, according to Ralph K. Davies, acting Petroleum Administrator for War, flowed in a 24-hour test run 328,000 barrels of Texas crude through the western leg of the line and into storage tanks. Designing engineers had said the line would deliver at least 325,000 barrels of crude a day during the summer.

The line, financed by the government and built by the War Emergency Pipelines, Inc., is the longest oil pipe line of 24-inch diameter in the world.

The Longview-Norris City section cost $35,000,000. It sweeps in long, straight sections on a diagonal line through Arkansas, from southwest to northeast, and curves through the lower southeastern tip of Missouri before penetrating the soil of Illinois.The eastern section cost about $60,000,000. Total cost was about $95,000,000.

* * *

Many Uses for Nylon

Nylon, which made a brief but successful appearance in women's apparel and accessories just before the war, can hardly be produced fast enough today in the Delaware Dupont plant to supply the numerous military, naval and aircraft requirements that have sprung up. Nylon has been tapered to replace pig bristles, formerly available only in China, in paint-brushes for Navy craft. It has been woven to replace Japanese silk in parachutes. It is used—with unexpected success—for cord in bomber tires; as mosquito screens in tropical field hospitals; as glider tow-ropes, and in other numerous ways.

Burns From Bomb and Torpedo Healed Soon

Navy physicians, using new methods of treatment with phenomenal success, work quietly at the task of saving the lives of Navy men who have gone through the hell of fire from war bombs and torpedo explosions or the torment of superheated steam.

Some of the 75 burn casualties admitted to the Norfolk, Va., Naval Hospital in recent months have had as much as 60 per cent of the body surface consumed by second and third degree burns—yet there has not been one death among them and the great majority has returned to active duty.

In most second degree burns, those in which there is blister formation, the burns usually heal in two weeks.

Skin grafting must be performed in all cases of third degree burns—those in which subcutaneous tissue, muscles and even bone may be burned—and in deep second degree burns. Formerly the sugeons waited four to eight weeks after a man was burned before performing skin grafting operations, but now they begin grafting in ten to fourteen days after the initial injury.

* * *

Tire Saving at 35-Mile Speed

Strict observance of the national 35-mile-an-hour speed limit offered the greatest promise of keeping passenger automobiles rolling for another year, the Public Roads Administration said as the result of a four-year study of passenger car tire wear and tire failure.

Tires wear out as much as four times as fast at 65 miles an hour as at 35 miles, and speed is the most important factor determining the rate of wear, according to the study, which was conducted by the Pubilc Roads Administration and Iowa State College.

In listing speed as the most important factor in determining the rate of tire wear, the investigators noted that on the basis of relative wear, tire mileage at 65 miles per hour would have about 18,700 miles, compared with 56,500 miles at 35 miles an hour and 69,500 miles at a maximum or top cruising speed of 25 miles per hour.

* * *

The "Flying Boxcar"

The first built "flying boxcar" was given its initial flight from the 33 million-dollar Douglas Aircraft Company plant three miles southwest of Park Ridge, Chicago, July 30, the company and the Army air forces announced.

The four-engine plane is a C54 Skymaster, largest plane in full scale production in the United States, bigger even than the Flying Fortress or the Liberator bombers.

The Skymaster was developed by commercial aviation firms as a luxury passenger liner but has been converted into a cargo ship. Capable of carrying 15 tons of equipment or 50 fully equipped soldiers, the plane's fuselage is as roomy as a railroad car, thus earning the nickname, "Flying Boxcar."

* * *

Post-War Pattern

In the farmer's pattern for peace, these are sound rules to follow, says the International Harvester Co.:

Buy war bonds for the duration and to hold. They are our best investment in America's future and our own future.

Be free of old obligations—ready for the needs of a post-war world.

Beware of land gamble that may lead to grief, as it led so many farm families into years of trouble after the last war. Already there are signs that this hard chapter in farm history is repeating itself. Buy only land you can use and pay for.

Take this opportunity to cull out scrub and low-grade animals. Replace the culls with better stock, through breeding, and by use of better sires. Fewer and better animals are more profitable than many mongrels. * * *

* * *

More Armament for Big Bombers

Armament of B-24 Liberator bombers being made at Consolidated Vultee Aircraft Corp.'s, Fort Worth, Texas, plant, has been increased from a maximum of 12 to 14 .50-caliber machine guns, making them one of the world's most heavily armed warplanes, it was revealed recently.

At the same time, it was disclosed that the B-24's bomb load has been boosted from 6 to 10 tons.

Heretofore, Liberators have carried from 8 to 12 machine guns. The two additional guns are added after the planes leave Fort Worth.

The new armament provides for three machine guns in the nose, two in the top turret, three in the belly, two in the tail, and two on each side of the ship.

A Liberator holds the record for spanning the Atlantic Ocean, making the hop in six hours and 12 minutes.

* * *

Ray of Hope for Cancer Cases

Discovery of three chemicals which damage malignant cancer without doing equal harm to healthy tissues was announced in the annual report of Memorial Hospital, New York City, one of the world's leading cancer institutes.

The difference is slight, not enough to make any of the three useful for human beings. Nevertheless the discovery is of tremendous importance, for it is a definite proof of the possibility of a drug that can damage cancer more than other tissues.

It is possible, the report says, to synthesize all sorts of new chemicals similar to one of the three. This one is not identified, beyond the fact that it is not too toxic, that is, not poisonous, to human beings.

Some of the new chemicals which can be made, the report goes on, ought to have a more powerful action, ought to damage cancer cells still more and healthy tissues still less.

"In this way," explains the report, "we could hope to develop in time agents which would have a regular curative effect.

"The goal, a chemical cure and preventive of cancer, is perhaps the greatest to which any organized effort of medical investigation has aspired to attain."

Armed Forces Need 80,000 Pints of Blood a Week

James F. Byrnes, director of the Office of War Mobilization, said that 80,000 pints of blood must be given each week to keep the armed forces supplied.

The donation of blood is "democracy in action in its most glorious light," Mr. Byrnes said. "Blood plasma has saved the lives of thousands of our men by countering the effect of shock," he noted.

Mr. Byrnes made his statement in connection with the dedication of a new blood donor center at Washington, D. C., similar to 32 other centers maintained by the Red Cross in large cities.

He related that a soldier from his State, South Carolina, Landis Morris, suffered a head wound in Africa when a bullet slashed through his helmet. Without the plasma, Mr. Byrnes said, Morris never would have returned to his family.

"I know this soldier's family," Mr. Brynes added. "I can appreciate how happy they are that his life was spared and how grateful they must be to some American somewhere who gave the blood that will enable this boy to recover."

* * *

Milkweed a Wartime Plant

The ordinary milkweed, which grows in abundance in fields and along creeks and draws in Texas and Oklahoma, has a relatively high commercial value and later may be grown in greater abundance to help Americans win the war, says a press dispatch from Washington.

With a harvest of 1,000,000 pounds of milkweed floss set as the goal for this year, 3,000,000 pounds for 1944, and at least 5,000,000 for 1945, this common field weed, which has been the bane of many farmers, promises to become one of the nation's important wartime plants.

To assure an adequate supply of milkweed floss to augment and supplant the rapidly diminishing kapok stockpile, the Department of Agriculture is co-operating with the War Production Board by sponsoring a three-year program to encourage collection of the milkweed pods from wild plants and creating conditions suitable for their growth.

Milkweed floss is urgently needed to replace scarce kapok in war production, as fillers for life preservers and marine mattresses, for airplane insulation and for many other military users. Kapok is no longer coming into the United States from the Netherlands East Indies, the prewar source of 90 per cent of the supply.

Within the next few weeks, buying centers to which farmers may take their milkweed pods, will be set up throughout the Midwest States and instructions for picking the pods will be issued to farmers. They have been requested not to do any picking until these arrangements have been made.

* * *

Synthetic Gasoline

The Bureau of Mines revealed recently that it was prepared to spend from 30 to 35 million dollars to establish three plants for further experimentation with synthetic gasoline from shale and coal.

Industry leaders pointed out that a long-sought 35-cent per barrel increase in the price of crude oil would cost the public but an average of about one cent more per gallon for the gasoline it consumed.

Furthermore, they contended, such an increase would make it unnecessary to experiment with synthetic gasoline because a price hike would result in a new flurry of wildcat drilling and discovery of badly needed oil reserves.

Grass Root Reveries

By JOE GANDY
Winnsboro, Texas.

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AS I write this column August is on its way out and September on its way in. The world could get along very well without August, for it withers the crops, bakes the land and ruins good dispositions. For instance, wife says I do pretty well as a husband until August arrives, then I start fussing about the heat and blaming her for everything that goes wrong. I guess she's right, but when temperatures soar up to 105 and 110 the heat licks me and the devil goads me.

"My Congressman got the low down from me."

●

If we would go back to old-fashioned camp-meetings in August we could stand the heat better. These camp-meetings were held in the open, under shady groves swept by cool breezes, and families from miles around attended the meetings which would last two weeks. This annual get-together of the people brought closer the ties of good neighbor and friendly relations. Preachers would deliver powerful sermons on repentance and forgiveness of sins. Men known far and wide for their cussed meanness would repent, become converted and join the church. These old camp-meetings, a source of spiritual uplift, made people more thankful for God's blessings and more kindly and tolerant.

●

Since Congress has had a vacation, it will go back to work and take up where it left off—if it can find where it left off. Congressmen will probably be wiser after talking to the boys back home and getting their slant on how to win the war and how to dole out gasoline. My Congressman got the low down from me and went back to Washington a wiser man. If he takes my sage advice the country will be saved and Hitler, Goebels and Hirohito will be hanged.

●

Fliver cars, second hand ones, are now selling for a thousand dollars each. A prominent Dallas auto distributor advertised in the paper that all flivers will soon be sold by dealers and no more can be had at any price. At last the lowly fliver has come into its own. For years it has been the butt of countless jokes and jibes. Now I feel like a millionaire when I drive down the highway in my fliver which would not have sold for $100 before the war.

●

The Japs have backtracked again. This time its Kiska they abandon, one of the Aleutian Islands and part of Alaska. It marks the end of Japanese invasion of North America. U. S. troops recently drove them out of Attu, another Aleutian Island which they occupied. Soon after Pearl Harbor, a leading Japanese general, since killed in action, boasted that within a year he would dictate peace terms to the United States from Washington. And his ego made him believe it. This is typical of Jap military leaders. But McArthur and other American generals have been knocking the ego, plus inwards, out of them.

●

There is a heap of speculation as to what the public will buy when the war is over. The public will want to buy a lot of things, no doubt, but after the war is over and taxes are paid some of us will be stripped so bare we may have to walk around inside a barrel. I am not worrying as long as I have enough money to buy terbacker and pay my subscription to the Coon Creek Weekly Banner. Wife's wants will not be so little. She will want a new hat around Easter and a pair of nylon hose.

●

It appears that farmers may be turned loose to plant anything they choose. It will be a sweet relief to us farmers to plant and harvest a patch of turnips without having to consult a politician, a statistician and a dietician.

●

After 38 days of fighting the Allies took Sicily and many Sicilians greeted the soldier boys with hand-shakes and smiles. Facism was never popular in Sicily. The people there had Mussolini sized up about right, knew he was a puffed-up toad croaking nonsense about isms and how to get something for nothing. We have Mussolinis in America. Nevertheless, I don't believe America will ever fall for a Mussolini. We get suspicious of an orator who begins to tell us we can have all the fine things of life without earning them, that we should take the property of hardworking men and divide it among loafing men.

●

A preacher friend gathered some choice ripe peaches from his only peach tree and laid them upon a shelf, after which he went to church and preached a sermon on "Thou Shalt Not Steal." While delivering the sermon some one entered his home and stole his peaches. Magnanimously the preacher forgave the thief, but that didn't lessen the crime or bring back the peaches. It is unfortunate we have thieves—many of them petty thieves—who will steal anything worth no more than a nickel or a dime.

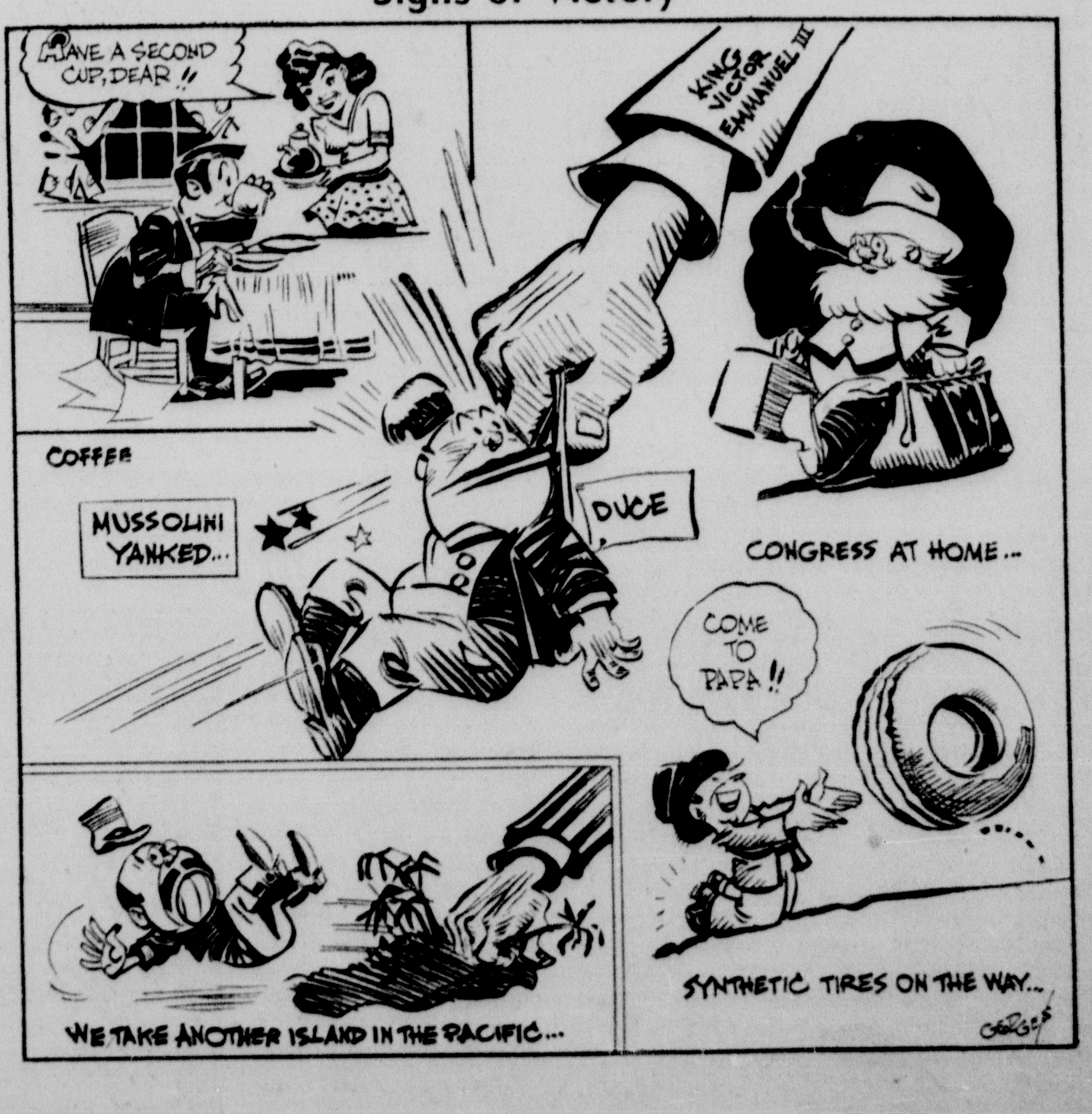
●

A noted educator says autos have had a bad effect on the younger generation. But what about the bad effect the younger generation has had on autos. I have seen brand new autos demolished by young squirts who drove them at top speed into ditches or into collision with other autos. Being an inanimate thing, the auto cannot speak for itself. but no auto has ever chased after a youthful delinquent to force him behind a steering wheel.

●

The war is revaluing many things. The wild milkweed plant, that has always been a nuisance crop to farmers, is now wanted in great quantities by the War Department. The pods of the milkweed are to be substituted for another product heretofore imported from foreign countries and now unobtainable. If the War Department can find some way to use broom weeds, another nuisance crop, then we farmers will be exceedingly glad and grateful. We still have with us grass burrs and cockle burrs, but maybe science will find a way to utilize these crops or, at least, take the sting out of them.

Signs of Victory



HAVE A SECOND CUP, DEAR !!
KING VICTOR EMMANUEL III
COFFEE
MUSSOLINI YANKED...
DUCE
CONGRESS AT HOME...
COME TO PAPA !!
WE TAKE ANOTHER ISLAND IN THE PACIFIC...
SYNTHETIC TIRES ON THE WAY...

TEXAS BRIEF NEWS---from Over the State

VETERAN SCHOOLMAN DIES

V. I. Moore, age 60, dean emeritus of University of Texas, died in Austin after spending 18 years on the U. of T. campus as counsellor to many thousands of students.

WOMAN ELECTED MAYOR

Mrs. J. W. Barlow has been elected mayor of Greenville, (Hunt county), to succeed her late husband in that office. Mrs. Barlow is the third woman who has held that position.

PLANT FALL GARDENS

County farm agents have recommended that homeowners plant fall gardens. Transportation difficulties, labor shortage, etc., will make it hard to deliver vegetables from the farm to the city home owner.

BURGLAR TAKES ONLY ALARM CLOCK

A burglar, who entered the home of Peter Melot in Houston, (Harris county), disregarded other valuables and took only an electric alarm clock which the owner said cost him $18.

CHAMP BLOOD DONOR

City Fireman Dave Montgomery, of Port Arthur, (Jefferson county), is believed to hold some sort of record for giving blood for transfusions. He has given blood 61 times since November, 1935.

OLD MUSIC TEACHER DIES

Prof. George E. Case, age 79, a teacher of music in Sherman, (Grayson county), for 57 years is dead. He had been a member of the music faculty of Austin College for many years prior to his resignation last year.

STORM DAMAGE HEAVY

E. L. Dorsey, secretary of the Galveston (Galveston county), Board of Underwriters, estimates damage claims following the recent storm there will total $5,000,000. Thirty-five adjusters were brought into Galveston to aid in settling the claims.

COW TAKES REFUGE ON PORCH

Mrs. W. N. Foster, of Port Arthur, (Jefferson county), says her cow fled from high water during the recent Gulf hurricane and took refuge on the front porch of the house where she stayed for three days. Regular milking continued on schedule time.

YOUNGEST BUSINESSMAN

Lamesa, (Dawson county), has one of the State's youngest businessmen. He is Sam Presley, age 15, a high school senior who operates a radio repair shop. He repairs an average of about 20 sets per week and began studying radio when 9 years old.

TEXAN NAMED "TYPICAL SAILOR"

A committee of the American Magazine has chosen L. L. Jones, of Houston, as the "Typical United States Sailor." He is stationed in the Southwest Pacific. Seaman Jones' picture will appear on the cover page of American Magazine in the near future.

BIG RANCH DEAL

One of the largest ranch sales reported in Texas this year was the purchase of 21,900 acres near Edinburg, (Hidalgo county), by A. W. Beaurline, of Chicago, from the Southland Life Insurance Company of Dallas. The purchase price was reported to be $488,250.

PREACHERS COACH FOOTBALL

At a meeting of Texas high school athletic coaches in Waco it was revealed that at least three ministers will coach high school teams this year. They are Rev. Elroy Weikel at Lancaster, (Dallas county); Rev. E. H. McKenzie at Hearne, (Robertson county), and Rev. C. W. Parmenter at Roby, (Fisher county).

KILLS CHICKEN THIEF RATTLER

Hugh Eichelberger, of China Springs, (McLennan county), heard his dog barking near some brush while he was working in a nearby field. Taking his gun, he went to see about the rumpus and found a big rattler had swallowed a frying-sized chicken, all but its feet. One shot from Eichelberger's gun killed the reptile.

ONE FALL HURTS TWO MEN

Two 75-year-old men were injured internally and both suffered broken left legs in a strange accident in Brownwood, (Brown county). They were Rev. G. E. Moore, who fell from the fifth floor of a bank building and landed on top of N. R. Sadler, who was standing on the sidewalk near the building.

FEW VETS AT MEETING

Only four survivors of the War Between the States attended the UCV memorial service at Camp Ben McCulloch, near Kyle, (Hays county), last month. Gen. M. H. Woolf, age 96, of Corsicana, (Navarro county), was elected new commander of the Texas Division of UCV. Other veterans present were L. M. McAdams, 97; R. P. Ray, 96, and William Banks, 97.

WANTED GRASSHOPPERS

When an out-of-town fisherman heard grasshoppers were damaging crops near Llano, (Llano county), he telephoned a friend living there, asking that he send a supply of the hoppers for him to use as fish bait.

PETTICOAT RULE

Forsan, (Howard county), reports that one filling station is the only business there not operated by women. Grocery, postoffice, tool company, drug store and all other business have women in charge.

A. & M. PRESIDENT RESIGNS

Dr. T. O. Walton has resigned as president of A. & M. College of Texas after serving the college 18 years. He resigned because of ill health. Vice-President Frank C. Bolton assumed temporary charge.

HOUSTON BUILDS 78th LIBERTY SHIP

The Houston, (Harris county), Shipbuilding Corporation's yard has launched its 78th Liberty freighter. It was named for R. M. Williamson, pioneer Texas jurist, who was known as the "Patrick Henry of Texas."

I. O. O. F. SCHOOL DISCONTINUED

Students at the IOOF home in Corsicana, (Navarro county), will attend public school this year for the first time. Plan to discontinue the school formerly operated at the home was announced by Claude Carter, Grand Master of the Odd Fellows Lodge in Texas.

SNAKE BITES SLEEPER

Adele Cruz, of San Antonio, (Bexar county), who took her mattress out into the yard when it got too hot to sleep in the house, was bitten on the arm by a snake while asleep. She recovered from the bite.

HONEY IN THE HOME

Mr. and Mrs. Benton Waddle, of Celina, (Collin county), decided to rob a swarm of bees which lived in a wall of their home. Before finishing the job they discovered there were three swarms instead of one. After enough honey was removed to supply the family table for some months, the bees were left to produce another honey crop.

NEW BOOK ON TEXAS

The Texas State Historical Society and the University of Texas are working on a new "Book of Facts" about Texas. People of Texas have submitted more than 10,000 topics for possible use in the new book, which is to be published in 1945, the 100th birthday of Texas as a State.

GAME WARDEN SHOT

Game Warden Lewis Foster was shot in the side with a .22 caliber bullet while patroling Lake Buchanan. Warden Foster was in a boat with two other officers when shots were heard from a high brushy cliff, one of the bullets striking Foster. The wound was not fatal.

BIG PRAIRIE FIRE

More than 20,000 acres of ranch land was burned over in a big Wichita county prairie fire. 150 volunteers and fire department members fought the blaze before it was brought under control. Many stockmen drove their cattle toward Red river ahead of the flames. The fire is believed to have originated in some burning cotton seed hulls along a highway west of Iowa Park.

WHERE RODEO WAS BORN

A story in the Pecos, (Reeves county), Enterprise says the first rodeo on record was held in that cowtown 60 years ago. The story says ranch hands of four outfits were in town on July 4th with little to do. Some of the bosses got to bragging about their good ropers and riders and a contest soon was arranged. A crowd of 1,000 is said to have seen the contest.

116-YEAR-OLD MAN DIES

Idelfonzo Gomez, who held a baptismal certificate showing he was born in Matamoras in 1827, died from a heart attack while chopping wood at his home in Sebastian, (Willacy county). He is survived by three sons, 85, 65 and 57 years old, respectively.

BULLDOG'S HORSE

Arthur Byrd Phillips, age 15, of Ozona, (Crockett county), became a hero when he leaped from his own horse to bulldog another horse which was dragging a friend caught in a lasso. The friend, whose life he undoubtedly saved, was Neal J. Read, of Sterling City, (Sterling county).

CATCHES WOLF BAREHANDED

W. W. Cole, age 67, who lives near Newcastle, (Young county), caught a young wolf with his bare hands. While looking for cattle near the Brazos river he saw the varmint and tried to rope it, but it eluded him, and ran into the river. He waded in on horseback and captured the animal alive.

FINE SAFETY RECORD

Panhandle and West Texas cities gathered top honors for traffic safety during the first half of this year. Amarillo, (Potter county), Lubbock, (Lubbock county), Wichita, (Wichita county), and Abilene, (Taylor county), had no traffic deaths. San Antonio led all cities in traffic deaths with 32 and Houston was second with 23. Dallas reported 12 and Fort Worth 7.

SPEED GUN—New air-cooled machine gun already in use by U. S. airmen in Sicily and over Europe in contact with Axis fighters, fires 700 rounds of 30-caliber bullets in 30 seconds. The heap of cartridges in picture is .30-second supply. Jean Foster, left, and Miriam Dorkin, technicians, check gun at Remington plant, Bridgeport, Conn.

GOVERNOR TO VISIT MEXICO

Governor Coke Stevenson has planned to visit four States in Mexico on a good will tour during September. He will participate in ceremonies of the Agricultural and Industrial Exposition in Victoria, Tamulipas, Mexico.

GIVES HAIR TO ARMY

Wilma Jean Miller, age 12 of Houston, found a way to help win the war. Too young to join the armed services, she give her 19-inch head of hair to the war effort. It will be used in making bomb-sights.

SHOE SALES RISE

Despite shoe rationing, Texas shoe stores did 105 per cent greater business in June of 1943 than for the same month last year, according to a report by the University of Texas Bureau of Business Research.

CLAY MAKES FINE DISHES

Clay in Henderson county near Athens has been found to have qualities necessary for making fine dishes, including vases and similar quality products. The Chamber of Commerce is seeking a plant to utilize this clay. A firm in Houston experimented with some of the clay and produced an attractive vase, an ash tray, a decorative bird, a plate, cup and saucer.

BIG FISH STORY

Tarpon have entered the lower reaches of the Brazos river in unprecendented numbers this year. Two fishermen from Freeport, (Brazoria county), hooked more than 100 of the big silver kings in one day. They removed one scale from each tarpon and then returned it to the water.

SMALL POPULATION LOSS

Civilian population of the United States has decreased 2.4 per cent since April 1, 1940, according to the Census Bureau. At the same time in Texas the loss was barely seven-tenths of one per cent. The bureau reports that military services are taking men faster than the natural increase.

MUSSOLINI NOT INVITED

Mineral Wells, (Palo Pinto county), has a long-standing habit of sending invitations to come there for rest when important people are reported suffering from nervousness or breakdowns. At a Chamber of Commerce meeting late in July H. E. Dennis introduced a resolution that "Mussolini NOT be invited to come to Mineral Wells."

FOUNTAIN PEN CAUSES CRY

Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Forrester, of Lubbock, (Lubbock county), both cried when he dropped a new fountain pen that was shattered when it hit the floor. It was filled with tear gas and brought tears to the eyes of the couple. Mr. Forrester is an employe of the police department and the new pen was part of his equipment.

TOY PISTOL STOPS BURGLAR

Mrs. Helen Yarbrough, of Dallas, heard some one break the glass in a window of her home late at night. She grabbed a toy pistol, went into the yard and slipped up behind a negro. She stuck the muzzle of the toy pistol in his back and told him to stand still or she would kill him. He stood still all right until police came in answer to a call from Mrs. Yarbrough's sister and arrested him.

CROW ADOPTS GIRL

Miss Gene Midland, (Midland county), was surprised when a large crow lit on her shoulder and tried to peck her ear-rings. She could not scare the bird away and it followed her home. Now it is a family pet and seems happy in its new invironment.

OLD JEWELRY GOES TO WAR

More than 300 women employes of the Southern Pacific railroad in Houston collected 800 pounds of junk jewelry which will be sent to armed forces in the South Pacific. It will be used to pay natives for work as stretcher bearers and other Army and Navy aid.

NEW LEGION COMMANDER

Sam Forman, of Houston, was elected commander of the Texas Department of the American Legion at its annual convention in Fort Worth. Other officers included George Berry, of Lubbock; W. F. Steigel, Port Arthur; Russell Smith, Hebbronville, and J. W. Stearns, San Antonio.

RUNS FROM BEES, BREAKS HIP

Ernest Brotze, of San Antonio, (Bexar county), was repairing the roof on a house when a swarm of bees buzzed around his head. Afraid they would sting him, Brotze decided to retreat in a hurry but lost his footing and fell to the ground, breaking his hip. He wasn't stung, however.

SENATORS IN ARMED FORCES

Six members of the present Texas Senate have joined the armed forces. They are Senators Kelley, Spears, Formby, Lemens, Fain and Shivers.

FROG SWALLOWS DUCK

John Sparks, of Waco, (McLennan county), caught a big bull frog which looked unusually fat. When slit open the frog had a duck inside which it had swallowed whole.

DRIEST SINCE 1886

Manley Boyd, age 80, of Hillsboro, (Hill county), says the drouth of this year is the worst he can remember except that of 1886.

TOO YOUNG FOR WACS

President Roosevelt has written Evelyn Jean Pollad, of Austin, that he regrets he cannot help her with her application for service in the WACS. It was an answer to an appeal for aid from Evelyn, who is 9 years old and wanted to be a WAC.

CHURNS BUTTER IN JAIL

One Harris county jail inmate has his butter despite a bad local shortage and lack of ration points. He buys sweetmilk from a nearby restaurant and churns by shaking it in a small glass jar until the cream in the milk turns to butter.

FAMOUS OLD HOTEL SOLD

The Menger Hotel in San Antonio, (Bexar county), one of the oldest in the State, has been sold by the Kaufman family estate which had owned it for 60 years. The famous old hostelry and meeting place for cattlemen also boasted of having sheltered Presidents Taft, Harrison, Theodore Roosevelt and Gen. Robert E. Lee. It was sold to a national hotel chain.

CORAL SNAKES INCREASING

Bill Dugat, of Beeville, (Bee county), declares there is an increase in the number of coral snakes in Texas, particularly in his home region. He warns that children may become easy victims of coral snakes because of their beauty. The most poisonous of snakes, the coral has yellow stripes right behind its head, then alternate black and red stripes. They usually are from 12 to 25 inches long and little larger than a man's finger. The bite is paralyzing in effect and often fatal.

ICE CREAM OUTPUT RISES

Civilians, who often are not able to get ice cream this summer, may be surprised to know that the output of this delicacy is greater in Texas than last year. The University of Texas Bureau of Business Research reports that 2,391,000 gallons were manufactured in June. Much of the ice cream goes to Army camps, reducing the amount available to the public.

BANKER-RANCHER DIES

D. E. Hughes, age 60, widely known ranchman, banker and wool buyer, died in San Angelo, (Tom Green county). After homesteading four sections of land in Reagan county in 1906, Mr. Hughes began to build up a herd of registered Herefords, rated as the largest in Texas and fifth largest in the United States. He was a prominent breeder of horses—Palaminos, quarter-horses and Tennessee walking horses.

OLD RANCH SOLD

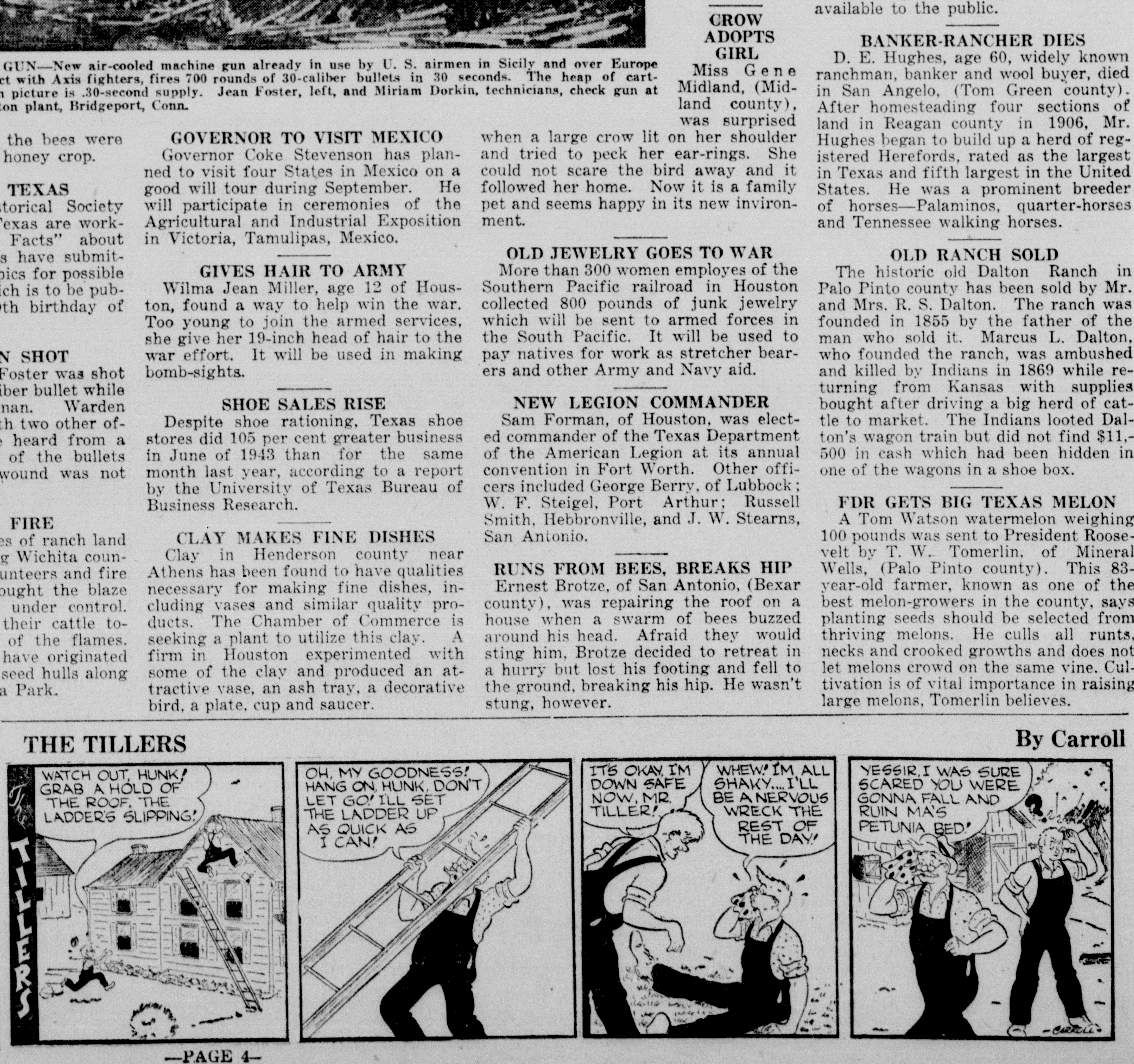
The historic old Dalton Ranch in Palo Pinto county has been sold by Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Dalton. The ranch was founded in 1855 by the father of the man who sold it. Marcus L. Dalton, who founded the ranch, was ambushed and killed by Indians in 1869 while returning from Kansas with supplies bought after driving a big herd of cattle to market. The Indians looted Dalton's wagon train but did not find $11,500 in cash which had been hidden in one of the wagons in a shoe box.

FDR GETS BIG TEXAS MELON

A Tom Watson watermelon weighing 100 pounds was sent to President Roosevelt by T. W. Tomerlin, of Mineral Wells, (Palo Pinto county). This 83-year-old farmer, known as one of the best melon-growers in the county, says planting seeds should be selected from thriving melons. He culls all runts, necks and crooked growths and does not let melons crowd on the same vine. Cultivation is of vital importance in raising large melons, Tomerlin believes.

THE TILLERS

By Carroll


The TILLERS
WATCH OUT, HUNK! GRAB A HOLD OF THE ROOF. THE LADDER'S SLIPPING!
OH, MY GOODNESS! HANG ON, HUNK, DON'T LET GO! I'LL SET THE LADDER UP AS QUICK AS I CAN!
IT'S OKAY, I'M DOWN SAFE NOW, MR. TILLER!
WHEW! I'M ALL SHAKY.... I'LL BE A NERVOUS WRECK THE REST OF THE DAY!
YESSIR, I WAS SURE SCARED YOU WERE GONNA FALL AND RUIN MA'S PETUNIA BED!
CARROLL

A LITTLE FUN *Jokes to Make You Laugh*

Two Answers

Teacher (in grammar class)—"Who can tell me whether the noun trousers is singular or plural? All right, Henry."

Henry: "It's both, teacher— singular at the top and plural at the bottom."

Snubbed

While working in a munitions factory, a man was caught in a revolving wheel.

He was whisked up and whirled round and round till the foreman managed to switch off the machine. The workman fell to the floor and up rushed the foreman.

"Are you badly hurt? Speak to me," he said.

"Why should I?" said the workman. "I passed you six times just now on that revolving wheel and you didn't speak to me!"

Frank Both Ways

Bride: "I have a confession to make, dear. I can't cook."

Groom: "Don't let that worry you. I write poetry for a living and can't sell it. There won't be anything to cook."

The Sailor's Reply

In mid-Atlantic, when an American merchantman was torpedoed, the German submarine captain demanded of a lifeboat crew, "What's the name of your ship?" Quick as a flash a sailor shouted back: "She's the S. S. Buccaneer. What's the name of your old tub?"

Hard to Replace the Horses

When President Lincoln heard of the Confederate raid at Fairfax, in which a brigader-general and a number of valuable horses were captured, he gravely observed:

"Well, I am sorry for the horses."

"Sorry for the horses, Mr. President?" exclaimed the Secretary of War, raising his spectacles and throwing himself back in his chair in astonishment.

"Yes," replied Lincoln, "I can make a brigadier-general in five minutes, but it is not easy to replace a hundred and ten horses."

Wrong Bent

Elderly Caller: "A fine child you have here. I trust he will grow up into a just and honorable man. As the twig is bent the tree's inclined, you know."

Mother: "But the trouble is this twig is bent on being a girl."

First World War

During the First World War an American officer was reconnoitering in the war zone. A young pleasant-looking chap in the uniform of a British subaltern came toward him.

"Who are you?" the American challenged.

"The Prince of Wales," the young man said mildly, continuing on his way.

"Oh, yeah," was the sarcastic rejoinder of the American. "Well, I'm the King of England."

Several nights later at a Red Cross hut the two men met again. Great was the chagrin of the American officer to find that the young man was actually the Prince of Wales. He was still more embarrassed when the Prince, grinning widely, waved to him from across the room and called out cheerily, "Hello there, dad!"

Got Careless

One day Chauncey Depew, the noted wit, met a Federal soldier who had been wounded in the face. Depew asked him in which battle he had been injured.

"In the last battle of Bull Run, sir," he replied.

"But how could you get hit in the face at Bull Run?"

"Well, sir," said the man, half apologetically, "after I had run a mile or two I got careless and looked back."

Fair Exchange

Farmer Smith had bought a fancy pig from a breeder. The pig arrived by express. The bill came the next day by mail.

"Judging from the comparative size of the pig and the bill," wrote Farmer Smith, "you should have sent the pig by mail and the bill by express."

Absent-Minded Professors

Three absent-minded professors were so absorbed in conversation they didn't hear the train come in or hear the conductor's "all aboard" call until the puff of the engine attracted them. Then they all rushed for the train, and two of them scrambled on. The third looked on sheepishly. The agent standing nearby said, "Too bad, mister, that you missed the train, but you shouldn't feel so badly. Two out of three made it—that's a pretty good percentage."

"Yes," sighed the professor, "but they came down to see me off."

If They Don't Strike

The instructor was striving to drive home some truths. "Figures can't lie," he declared. "For instance, if one man can build a house in twelve days, twelve men can build it in one day."

A smart student interrupted, "Then 288 men could build it in one hour, 17,280 in one minute, and 1,036,809 in one second—if they don't strike for shorter hours."

In the Ozarks

A salesman traveling through the mountain section of Arkansas came upon an old fellow, obviously a native, sunning himself on a bench in front of a village store. After exchanging greetings, the salesman inquired: "Don't you people find it hard to obtain the necessities of life up here in this rugged country?"

"We shore do, pardner, and half of it ain't fitten to drink after we get it," replied the native.

Superrace

In North Africa, a doughboy of the hillbilly type came down a hill flourishing a bayonet with two German prisoners in front of him. He turned the Germans over to his sergeant, saying, with a Southern drawl: "Hey, Sarge, here are two of Hitler's superrace for yuh."

One Hen to Another

First Hen: "This week I'm laying five eggs only."

Second Hen: "Why the five only?"

First Hen: "I've joined the Hen's Union and we are working shorter hours."

RICE CULTURE

Rice culture began in that dim prehistoric period before the time of records. The earliest mention of rice in history is in China. In 288 B. C. a Chinese emperor established a ceremonial ordinance for rice planting. In fact, in classic Chinese the same word means "culture" and "agriculture." However, many authorities, for botanical and linguistic reasons, trace the origin of rice to a plant called "Newaree" grown in India in 300 B. C.

As early as 1718 rice culture was begun along the lower Mississippi in Louisiana. This State soon was producing great quantities of fine rice and, today, Louisiana is the largest producer of rice in America. Since favorable soil and climatic conditions are found in only three other States, the commercial culture of rice is now limited to the three Southern States of Louisiana, Texas and Arkansas and to the Sacramento Valley in California.

Rice is said to be the world's greatest crop, exceeding either wheat or corn. It is the staple food of the greatest number of people and over half the world's population eats rice three times a day as the main article of diet. Because rice is available in almost every land, each country has characteristic methods of serving rice. So it is that a traveler around the world would find special rice dishes at every stop in his journey.

Much has been said about rice-growing in China and Japan, where every farmer has his little rice plot. Each school child is familiar with the pictures of the primitive methods of rice culture, showing the water buffalo as the main service animal on the farm. The entire family of the Oriental farmer helps to plant, irrigate, reset the seedlings, weed, harvest and thresh the rice. In the Orient, the rice harvest is a time of community celebration and religious ceremonies. There rice is often a medium of exchange in payment of taxes, debts and wages. Rice plays an important part in many religious ceremonies where it is symbolic of productivity and prosperity. For many years, Oriental writers have discussed the relation of rice to human ideas, ceremonies, and customs. In India, rice is the most important crop, both in production and consumption, and there the cultivation is quite similar to methods used in Japan. The governments of some of the South American rice countries and of Mexico are encouraging the scientific cultivation of rice. In the Five-Year Plan of Russia, rice growing is a definite part of the program. Today, some of the most scientific information regarding the production and use of rice comes from Japan, where many scientists are continually working on the problems concerning this important food crop.

Interesting as these facts are concerning the production and use of rice in other lands, of greater interest are the less known facts about the large production of the finest quality of rice in our own country. Although it is said that the Orient produces about 97% of the world's rice crop, the United States grows more than it consumes. This year a record size crop was planted to rice in the United States. Louisiana planted 605,000 acres, Texas 385,000, Arkansas 265,000, California 220,000. The per capita consumption of rice in the United States in 1933, as computed by the Rice Millers' Association, was 6.13 pounds. There is no reliable estimate of the consumption of rice in the Southern States, but it is safe to say it is much greater than 20 pounds per person.

The United States has developed rice milling processes and machinery equal in efficiency to flour milling or to any other modern manufacturing processes in the world. Today there are more commercial rice mills in the United States than in any other country in the world. Most of the rice mills in the United States are large, ranging in daily capacity up to 6,000 barrels (162 pounds of rough rice makes a barrel). The mills are located in Louisiana, Texas, Arkansas, California and Tennessee.

Milk Saver . . .

Kellogg's Corn Flakes, alone or with fruit, supplement the nutritive elements of milk—make a natural combination that helps you stretch your precious milk supply. You need less than a glassful per serving. Vitamins, minerals, proteins, food energy—in one dish!

Kellogg's Corn Flakes are restored to WHOLE GRAIN NUTRITIVE VALUES of Thiamin (Vitamin B_1), Niacin and Iron.

THE PRAETORIANS

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FRATERNAL LIFE INSURANCE.

JUVENILE—ADULT ON THE MONTHLY PAYMENT PLAN.

Budget Your Life Insurance Payments Like You Do Your Household Bills.

Straight Life. Twenty Pay.

Retirement Income. Term.

"Attached Draft" Policies.

How would you like to have the exclusive contract in your home town, or, if you are employed, would you like to earn by turning your spare time into dollars? Write The Praetorians at above address.

Organized 1898. 45 Years of Service

Poultry News

TIMELY TIPS

By BENTLEY WILSON
Manager Poultry Tribune Experimental Farm.

More growing chickens on the farm, more pullets to house this fall—that seems to be the story that practically every poultry raiser has to tell at the present time.

If this large crop of pullets is to be carried through the fall and winter and maximum egg production is to be obtained, every flockowner is going to have to give his birds extra care and follow a complete and practical laying house management program. In other words, we are going to have to put into practice and follow closely a lot of those management details which most of us have known about, yet failed to carry out.

The National Poultry Advisory Council has developed a special program to improve the livability of poultry flocks from the brooding and rearing stage through to the laying house. The brooding and rearing program developed by the Advisory Council includes the laying house management program. Here it is:

Sell old stock or house pullets in separate building.

Clean and disinfect house.

Provide sufficient feed and water containers, nests and roosts.

Use a deep, highly absorbent litter.

Provide adequate ventilation.

Protect feed and water containers to prevent wastage and improve sanitation.

If floor space it inadequate, employ better management.

House pullets early to insure early production.

House only healthy birds.

Provide sufficient nesting material; gather eggs frequently, and store immediately in a cool place, with adequate humidity; avoid rough handling.

Feed adequately without wastage to conserve scarce ingredients.

Provide sufficient green feed for housed layers.

Cull frequently to conserve feed and poultry meat.

Examine casualties regularly

If disease occurs, secure an early and accurate diagnosis.

Properly dispose of dead birds.

Utilize proper management to prevent losses from colds.

In areas where tuberculosis is prevalent, sell old stock annually, except breeding flocks, which should be tuberculin tested.

Examine birds monthly for evidence of lice and mites.

Reduce losses from fowl paralysis by frequent culling.

All of us have talked about these many points, whether we have large flocks or small flocks. Without a doubt, if all flockowners followed the above management, nutrition and disease control program to the best of their ability, flock mortality would be greatly reduced and production per bird would be increased.

THEY'VE GOT WHAT IT TAKES!

12 times across the ocean in 13 days!

I STICK TO CAMELS. THEY'VE GOT MORE FLAVOR—AND THEY'RE EASY ON MY THROAT

That's the record set by Captain Joseph H. Hart in flying vital war cargo abroad!

HE'S FLOWN tons of freight and hundreds of high United Nations officials across the Atlantic—and recently, Captain Joseph H. Hart, one of Pan American Airways' ace pilots, broke his own record . . . flew 12 times across the ocean in 13 days, 15 hours!

He's a former Army pilot . . . and a Camel smoker for 20 years. "For steady smoking pleasure," says Captain Hart, "I'll take Camels. They sure deliver a rich, full flavor—and they never leave me with any feeling of harshness or irritation."

And Captain Hart's choice is echoed by millions of smokers in the service and at home who have found, that in mildness and in flavor, Camels have *what it takes.*

First in the Service

With men in the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, and Coast Guard, the favorite cigarette is Camel. (Based on actual sales records.)

Camels

The "T-Zone" —where cigarettes are judged

The "T-ZONE"—Taste and Throat—is the proving ground for cigarettes. Only *your* taste and throat can decide which cigarette tastes best to you . . . and how it affects your throat. Based on the experience of millions of smokers, we believe Camels will suit your "T-ZONE" to a "T." Prove it for yourself!

ANOTHER PRECIOUS LOAD of war freight is loaded aboard Captain Hart's big Clipper. He's flown everything from serums to engines to generals. Camel cigarettes have flown many a mile with him, too, for "Camels are standard equipment with me," says Captain Hart.

R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Company, Winston-Salem, N. C.

Texas Farm News Reports

Texas is the leading wool growing State of the union with more than 23,000 growers who produce from 50 to 100 million pounds of wool per year.

M. F. Thurmond, State supervisor of rural war production, declares that 40,000 Texas women have learned to process home-grown foods at vocational agriculture training centers thus far this year.

N. M. Ezell, of Buffalo, (Leon county), reports that two of his Holstein cows have given him twin calves this year. He says: "The first twins are real calves and are as big as any of their age." Ezell has four boys in the armed service.

W. L. Crofford, member of the boys' 4-H club of the Petronila community of Nueces county, built a self-feeder in the school shop which he used in feeding out four hogs. As a result of that demonstration, eight self-feeders have been made by other club boys, according to C. D. Barrier, assistant county agricultural agent.

Two Texans, R. E. McDonald, of San Antonio, (Bexar county), and D. M. McEachern, of Brownsville, (Cameron county), have been placed in charge of an intensified program of pest control in Texas and Mexico. They have gone to Torreon to begin a fight against pink boll worms which they will wage on both sides of the Rio Grande.

Col. C. A. Wilkinson is planning to buy a lot of horses and mules for the U. S. Army. He would like to have letters from owners who have such animals. He wants the letters to state how many horses and mules are owned with full description (height, weight and age) and statement as to whether or not they are broken, and necessary or unnecessary to owner. Letters should be addressed to Col. Wilkinson at South Central Remount Area, San Angelo, Texas.

Vera Mae Herrod, age 12, member of the Shepherd girls' junior 4-H club of San Jacinto county, is a living reason why Texas crops are being harvested regardless of a shortage of labor. According to Shirley Perkins, county home demonstration agent, she earned $21.65 helping a family gather beans and can food, and $11 by helping her grandmother pick market beans and hoe peanuts. She put $5.75 of her earnings into war stamps and from the remainder will buy clothes for school.

Roy C. Carroll, swing shift worker in a Dallas, (Dallas county), war plant, has put in his spare time raising feed on his 80-acre farm. He says he has raised enough fodder for 100 head of cattle. He worked mostly in the morning.

W. D. Doughty, of Robstown, (Nueces county), has been named principal consultant for Mexico for the Board of Economic Welfare, department of agriculture. He will supervise the growing of castor beans in Mexico where a project has been started for use by the United Nations.

Few people think of Childress county as a fruit county, but Mr. and Mrs. Sam Lemley, of Loco, got $306 for a crop of plums off a three-acre plum orchard. They have about 200 trees of the Sapa variety.

W. J. (Bill) Schorre, of Kenedy, (Karnes county), supervised harvesting of an unusual crop—2,300 acres of popcorn which was planted for a Chicago candy concern. It was harvested with combines. Mr. Schorre planted a trial crop of 300 acres last year.

TO GIVE THEIR ALL FOR VICTORY—Supplying 10,000,000 pounds of turkey between August and October for our fighters overseas, and still more for Thanksgiving, Christmas and New Year's is the job the government has allocated to the turkey industry.. Southwestern turkey growers will do their best to provide their allotment, although turkeys are not always in marketable condition down here between August and October.

Chas. Pettit, owner of Flat Top Ranch, near Walnut Springs, (Bosque county), has paid $35,000 for 20 cows, all with calves, to improve his herd. The cattle were bought from F. W. Alexander, of the Diamond Ranch, in Shackelford county.

L. C. Eakin, county agricultural agent, reports that six Burleson county 4-H club boys have produced 54,000 pounds of dressed pork this year. Using 1,250 pounds as the equivalent of the food budget for one soldier, he estimated that the six boys produced enough food for 43 fighting men for one year.

The purebred Duroc hogs of C. L. Farmer, of Waco, (McLennan county), have received national recognition. Mr. Farmer has been chosen one of 100 breeders in 18 States from California to Pennsyvania, to send his "very best" bred gilt to a national Duroc demonstration to be held in Memphis, Tenn.

Scurry county farmers have been busy poisoning rabbits lately under supervision of Bodo Habenicht and Calvin Johnson, Fish and Wildlife Service rodent control specialists. They have been using poisoned grain with good results. Twenty rabbits were killed the first and 16 the second night on one farm. Poison of a special variety, not dangerous to cattle and other livestock, was used.

Because Texas farmers will be putting up lots of silage this year, E. R. Eudley, dairy expert for Texas A. & M. College, has issued a list of suggestions which he says will improve the quality of silage. He says such feeds as corn, grain sorghums and sweet sorghums should be in the stiff dough stage. It is better to have the grain getting hard provided the majority of leaves are still green. Silage should be packed in to exclude excess air. If put up with a cutter, pieces should be one-half inch long and well distributed. If put in as bundles, they should be laid as shingles with a bunch of bundles lengthwise of the trench. The second layer should be lapped on the third and the third half way on the second, and so on. Which ever method is used, trenches should be filled one foot above the level of the ground for each four feet of depth. In covering the trench, first put on a five or six-inch layer of dirt and wet it thoroughly. A second layer of equal depth should be put on top of this, but not wet down. He recommends packing with a tractor or horses.

Whatever your stock disease trouble—if a vaccine or a serum will control it, Cutter makes it!

USE CUTTER VACCINES & SERUMS

If not available locally, write Cutter Laboratories, Berkeley, California for name of nearest supplier.

Until recently cedar cutting in San Saba county had been partly a conservation measure, but when war conditions created a new demand, cedar cutting became a major industry. Some of the cedar is trucked as far as Arizona. Trucks load up for the return with pinto beans in New Mexico or grain from the South Plains region.

In March, Paul Patterson, member of the Oak Ridge boys' 4-H club of Grayson county, invested $15 in 50 White Leghorn chicks. He reports to County Agricultural Agent V. O. Teddle that through July he had sold 478 dozen of eggs together with five fryers and a hen for a total of $199.82. His expenses for the purchase of the chicks and feed was $129.56, or a profit of $70.26 on his poultry enterprise.

Oscar Olander, of Hutto, (Williamson county), got 160 sacks of onions per acre on land where Brabham cowpeas had been planted. The yield of onions averaged about 60 to 70 sacks on other land in the community where no soil builder had been planted. He also threshed 5,000 pounds of hegari and maize on two acres of land that followed Brabham peas.

When it looked like he could not get farm help for his Knolle Jersey Farm at Sandia, (Jim Wells county), W. L. Smith decided to plant watermelons. He planted 60 acres and sold a $12,000 crop. Mr. Smith said he realized that the government had asked farmers to plant only essential crops, but he could not get help for feed crops, so rather than let the land lie idle, he planted the melons. "They sort of tend themselves, and besides, melons are very essential to some people, especially in summer. Summer isn't just summer without watermelons," Smith observed.

Troup, (Smith county), farmers experimented with a green pepper deal this year and received $27,000 for their crops. Arrangements have been made to plant 400 acres to peppers next year.

Amos Martin, of Attoyac, (Nacogdoches county), was proclaimed contaloupe king of his community after he had sold $858 worth from an acre and a quarter. Most of the crop was hauled to Shreveport, Beaumont and Port Arthur and sold generally for $3.00 per bushel.

Bee keepers are urged to save every scrap of beeswax for the war needs. It is a fine ingredient for making coatings for fighting planes, lubricant for shells and for many other military purposes. Dr. H. G. Johnston, entomologist of Texas A. & M. College, suggests that beekeepers should scrape all of the burr combs from frames when honey is extracted, in fact, all wax should be scraped from everything about the hive. "Save every bit of comb, no matter how small," he urges.

Mesquite beans are being used as livestock feed by J. H. Burns on his ranch in Uvalde county. He is paying 65 cents per hundred pounds. He grinds the beans as a supplement feed.

Spontaneous ignition is the number one hazard to hay at this time of the year, according to C. R. Heaton, county agent at Tyler, (Smith county). Mr. Heaton recommends the following precautions:

1. Cure all hay well. Even a partial load of undercured hay may cause trouble, even if all of the rest of the crop has been cured properly.
2. Do not pack the hay; distribute each forkful as evenly as possible over the entire surface of the place of storage.
3. Do not place straw, fodder, bundles of grain or grass hay either at the bottom or on top of stacks of clover or soybean hay.
4. Guard against wetting of hay in storage from a leaky roof or open doors or windows.
5. Aerate (expose to air) hay as much as possible in the process of storing and after it has been stored.

Mary Lou Ogden, member of the Magnolia Springs girls' 4-H club, of Jasper county, stepped into the breach when her brother went into the Army. She is taking care of his pigs besides doing some of the field work he performed. Her mother told Geraldine Scott, county home demonsstration agent, that Mary Lou prepares the dinner while her parents are in the fields. She also helps to milk seven cows and take care of 100 chickens. She has sold enough roosters to buy a $50 war bond.

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KILL 'EM WITH
Efficient
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"Where Will I Stand, After This War?"

"The big job is to win the war and get the boys home. But afterwards—will I be ready for Peace, when it comes? Will my family be on solid ground, or will I have got myself into deep water somehow?"

Questions like these face all of us as we are swept along by the wild forces of war. We are laying the ground work right now for what comes later. Let us plan wisely.

This year most farmers will work harder than ever before in their lives. The national farm income will soar to a record-high level. It is war income, and history shows that *war prosperity is temporary.* War profits must be handled with care!

In the farmer's pattern for Peace, these are sound rules to follow:

Buy War Bonds. Buy them for the duration, and to hold. They are our best investment in America's future and in our own personal future.

Pay Off Indebtedness. Be free of old obligations—ready for the needs of a post-war world.

Avoid Land Speculation. Beware of the gamble that may lead to grief, as it led so many farm families into years of trouble after the last war. Already there are signs that this hard chapter in farm history is repeating itself. Buy only land you can use and pay for.

Grade Up Your Livestock. Take this opportunity to cull out scrub and low-grade animals. Replace the culls with better stock, through breeding, and by use of better sires. Fewer and better animals are more profitable than many mongrels. Scrub cows and hogs demand about as much feed, shelter, and fencing as the best of stock, and take work and time that you can use more profitably. Improve your herds and flocks now and lay the foundation for prosperity in the years to come.

★ ★

In the 112-year history of INTERNATIONAL HARVESTER, five wars have interrupted the march of American farming. Each was followed by wonderful progress. When this global conflict ends, Harvester will face tremendous new problems.

Today we work for Victory, building weapons for the fighting front and for the food front. But we are also able to give some thought to designing new power and equipment, making post-war plans for farming. We pledge to work out our program for Peace *with the farmer's best interests always in mind.* The management and employes of International Harvester look forward to the day when they can devote all their energies again to the service of this nation at peace.

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This One's Going to Hurt

Invasion comes high—in blood and money.

Part of the cost must be paid with human life. That means deep and lasting hurt for many and many an American family.

Part of the cost must be paid in cash . . . this September. And *that's* going to hurt, too!

The 3rd War Loan Drive is here!

To pay for invasion—to get the money to keep our fighting machine going—you, and every man or woman in America, are asked to invest in at least one extra $100 Bond in September.

$100 EXTRA, mind you—for *everybody!*

No man or woman can hold back. No man or woman can point to his Payroll buying and say, "They don't mean me!" No man or woman can say, "I'm already lending 10% or 12% or 20%—I'm doing enough!"

Sure—it's going to hurt. It's going to take more than spare cash this time—more than just money that might have gone for fun. It's going to take money you have tucked away. It's going to take part of the money we've been living on—money that might have meant extra shoes or clothes or food! Money that might have gone for *anything* that we can get along without!

Sure—it'll be tough to dig up that extra money. But we've got to do it—and *we will.*

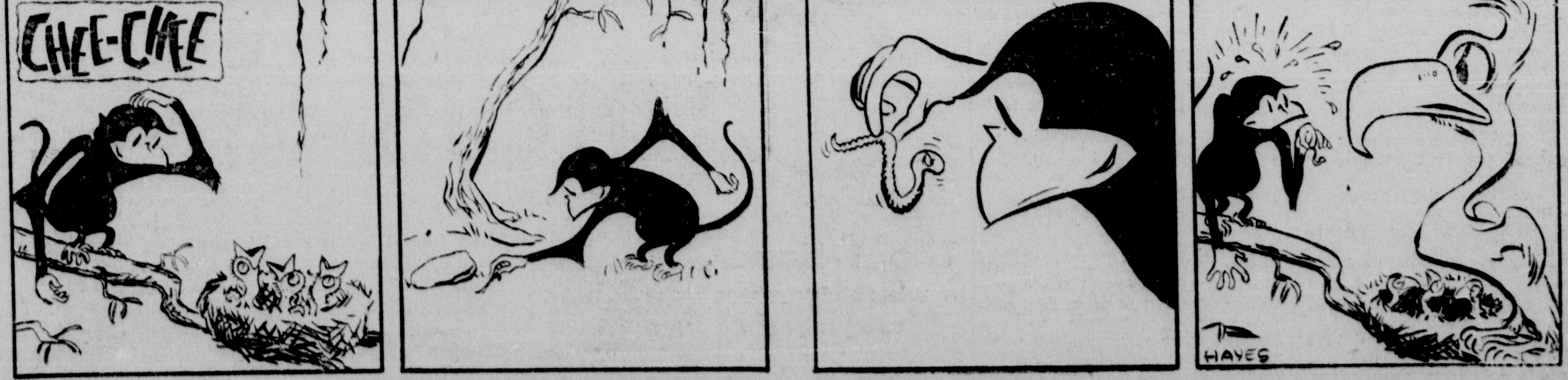
We'll do it partly because of the look that would come over the faces of our fighting men if we should fail. We'll do it partly because the cheapest, easiest way out of this whole rotten business is for everybody to chip in all he can and help end it quick. We'll do it partly because there's no finer, *safer* investment in the world today than a U. S. War Bond.

But mostly, we'll do it because America is right smack in the middle of the biggest, deadliest, dirtiest war in history.

And we're Americans.

CHEE - CHEE

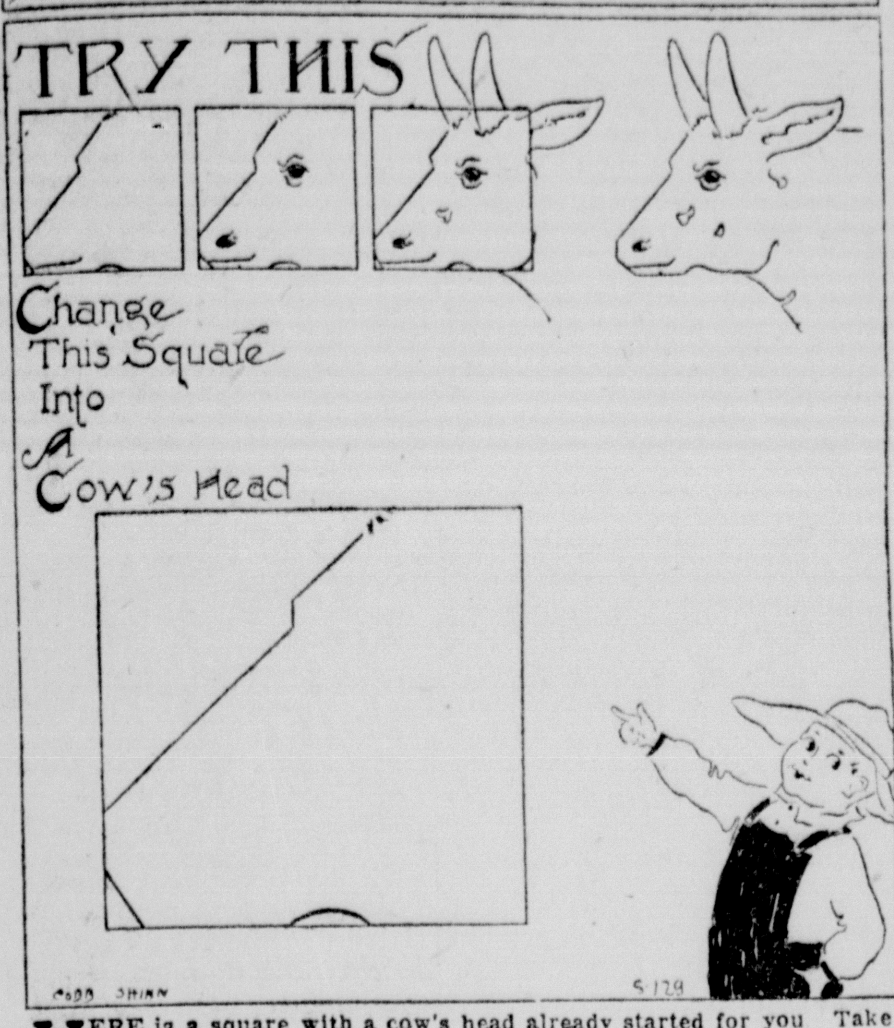
By HAYES.



Our Boys and Girls

Kiddies-Can-Do-It

By Uncle Cobb Shinn


TRY THIS
Change This Square Into A Cow's Head
COBB SHINN
5-129

HERE is a square with a cow's head already started for you Take your pencil and see how easy it is to make it into a picture just like the one above. After you have tried this, get some paper and try to make the whole drawing by yourself

HOMING PIGEONS

Down through the ages man has made much of the strange and unerring instinct of the homing pigeons. Among the first to use the birds were the ancient Persians and later the Greeks learned the art from them, making their birds internationally famous. They used them both for sport and for business. Stock brokers, financiers and even government agencies made use of these pigeons in their business, sending important messages by them by code from city to city.

In times of war homing pigeons have been used by various countries and many a battle has been lost or won through the message carried by these tiny winged creatures of the air. At the present time, England and America is making great use of these birds. Great Britain has an army of 500,000 homing pigeons to serve as carriers with its Royal Air Force. These birds carry messages from reconnoissance planes to their bases, when to send such a message by radio might prove fatal. Carefully trained for speed, endurance and accuracy, these birds are of inestimable value to the air force.

FIDO HAS GONE TO WAR

By EDWARD CULLOM

(In Pathfinder)

Like many other innovations in modern warfare, the use of trained dogs seems to have started with the Germans. In the first World War both the Germans and the French used them extensively. A start was made to train them in the United States, but the only one to work with American troops on the field were borrowed.

When the Germans started preparing for the present war, they also began training dogs for it, and the number they had ready has been estimated from 100,000 to 200,000. They were also reported to have contributed 50,000 to the Japanese, after Pearl Harbor, and those dogs are believed to be largely responsible for the astonishing success of the sponsible for some successes of the Japanese in jungle fighting against the British and Dutch. Neither Americans nor British had any dogs in training, but the Russians had them ready when needed—100,000 of them.

Along the Atlantic coast (where German saboteurs have slipped ashore) there go patrols every night consisting of two Coast Guardsmen and one German shepherd dog. The dog, in the dark, can detect the presence of a stranger 200 yards away, and with a low growl and rising hackles he warns his handlers and shows them where to find the intruder. One man and one dog are said to be equivalent to seven men without a dog in this shore duty. The German shepherd appears to be favored for this work, and there are said to be 5,000 of them now helping to guard the vital shore line of Hawaii.

In London, after the German bombs had left smoking ruins of homes, little terriers would plunge into the debris and never give up the search until the last victim had been found. In the Libyan desert after a day's bloody battle had left the terrain strewn with dead and wounded, these little four-legged workers would come into the field wearing glowing Red Cross blankets and bringing packs of medical supplies—first aid—for sufferers. At other times they act as messengers, carrying dispatches, or take rolls of wire on their backs for stringing communication lines.

Out in Montana, at Camp Rimini, sledge dogs are being trained. Experienced dog teamsters are giving lessons in transportation over snow to both drivers and their teams—malamutes, huskies and St, Bernards. Such teams are now in Alaska hauling food and equipment to soldiers who can be reached by no other form of transportation.

Dogs guard ports, forts, motor bases, quartermaster depots, war plants and parked cars. They scout off leash; they trail spies or saboteurs; they attack fiercely when so ordered, and they guard prisoners while the captors seeks aid or a conveyance. They swim streams; they detect the camouflaged enemy; they are not afraid of gunshots and explosions; and they never cower or run for cover. They run low to the ground and make a difficult target, especially the smaller ones, and they never accept food from anybody but their masters.

There are only a few thousands of these canine troopers working with the American forces today, but the goal has been set at 125,000 if needed; they are coming in satisfactorily. They are being trained at Army posts in Virginia, Nebraska, Montana, California and Hawaii. When they "graduate" they are enrolled in the K-9 Command.

What sort of dogs are used? Well, about every kind except mongrels. To be trained, they need to be pure-bred or cross-breds so as to have definite characteristics. Only big ones like Great Danes, German shepherds or English bulls are good for patrol. They are big enough to handle their man if they catch him. The Marine Corps in training at New River, N. C., favor for exclusive use the lanky Doberman Pinschers, of which they have 130. The Doberman fanciers claim he has the record as the outstanding dog for war use.

But admirers of the Airdale point out that the Germans call this dog Kriegshund—war dog—because of his war record. The truth is that the many services the K-9 Corps is called upon to render, demand many kinds of special talents. It takes little fellows to get around on battlefields without being too conspicuous; terriers especially have been found useful for guard duty inside warehouses and factories. Spaniels and Labradors are needed for their swimming ability, and there is also a demand for keen-scented hunting dogs.

Besides the dogs mentioned, there are also at the five official training stations: Boxers, retrievers, elkhounds, Kerry blues, collies, schnauzers, French poodles (they are especially clever, even clownish) and black-and-white Dalmatians, commonly called coach dogs, which must serve behind the lines because of being too easily seen. In fact, there seems to be a place for about every breed except the dachshund and the Mexican hairless. But the physical qualifications are more rigid. An acceptable dog must be between one and five years old and stand 18 inches high or more at the shoulder.

Where do the dogs in the K-9 Command come from? From the homes of citizens, for the most part. The Army does not go out and buy up the dogs it needs, as in the case of horses and mules. These service dogs are treated much more like the soldiers with whom they work so closely. They are formally enlisted, and when they come back from the wars they will be sent back to the homes from which they came.

The Army's procurement agency for dogs is a civilian organization named Dogs for Defense, created largely through the efforts of Mrs. Milton Erlanger, a native New Yorker. She tried vainly to set up a dog service in the Signal Corps in the last war, to rival and complement the use of carrier pigeons. In this war she started earlier, got the support of Quartermaster General Edmund B. Gregory, and with another dog fancier, H. I. Caesar, organized Dogs for Defense, through which patriotic citizens donate the services of their dogs to the Army. The popular response has been generous, and nine out of 10 dogs offered have been found acceptable, in spite of the rather rigid requirements that they must be strong, healthy, fearless and not gun-shy.

Dogs once accepted in the K-9 Command get the best care. They have passed a physical examination, and now they are innoculated. Each is issued a collar and leash and an "identification card," which consists of tattoo marks on the left ear. Every day the dog is thoroughly groomed—dog-handlers, like cavalrymen, must take care of their charges before themselves—and his kennel is kept clean. His feeding is carefully supervised (yes, a bone is part of his ration), and more than 200 veterinarians watch over the health of this particular command. Few dogs in civilian life get such expert attention.

The recruits are given four weeks of basic training. They are taught to heel, sit, lie down, stay in position, drop, scale a wall. They are car-broken, conditioned to firing, and taught not to fight each other—to practically ignore the presence of other dogs, which is a real triumph over dog nature. After the basic, there comes a four-weeks' course of special training in which each dog is taught his own particular job. Some take up sentry duty, or watching; some go in for trial and attack, others to carry messages or pigeons or packs, lay wire, and scout over difficult terrian. A first-aid dog can find a wounded soldier in the dark. An airplane-spotter can bark a warning of an approaching plane before his trainer hears a sound. In jungle fighting the dog sees, hears and smells keenly in detecting snipers, machinegun nests, camouflaged enemies.

Dogs, the few that could be furnished in time, were given credit for helping the Marines drive the Japs from Guadalcanal. But, on the other hand, Japanese dogs caused much of the embarrassment our troops have suffered in the Southwest Pacific.

(Continued top next column)

Perhaps some of the most remarkable and heart-stirring stories to be told after the war will concern members of the K-9 Command. Many a small boy who with pride and tears surrendered his pet to the Army will own a hero after the war.

JAPANESE FLYERS

(Continued from Page 2)

trating on the Emperor, tries to commit suicide, occasionally succeeding.

In the early months after Pearl Harbor the Jap pilots, both officers and enlisted men, were skillfully and persistent. A Navy flyer remarked of his squadron's first sortie into battle: "We had no idea of the type of plane or pilot we were going to run into. We knew only that the Japanese were well disciplined in the air, flew a beautiful formation and would never give up to the last plane. We knew that we would have to knock them down or lest they would come on in." A member of a foreign air mission, which cheerly started Japan off as an Air Power in 1921, has said of the Jap flyers he helped to train: "The Japanese as pilots I consider very good. They are steady and reliable and I think the average is high. They produce very few star turns, but they also have few failures. Their great failing is that they are not quick enough in an emergency."

Reacts Poorly to Surprise Attack

The Japs react poorly to surprise of any kind. If things go exactly according to plan and fall within the scope of their training, they carry out any given air mission in a workmanlike manner. If, however, their opponents pull off something new, they are likely to act confused, to scatter, and perhaps even to rattle off for home. On several occasions, after the leader of a bombing squadron was shot down, the others apparently had no notion of what to do. This had led observers to believe that only the Jap squadron leader knows the details of a mission and that possibly only the lead plane is equipped with a bombsight. A Marine dive-bomber pilot recently said that none of his squadron has ever yet found a bombsight on any plane they had knocked down.

When the war began, the Jap pilot had somehow come to be regarded as a superman, flying a kind of magic carpet that was impossible to hit. There were several reasons for this. One, not particularly good, was his success in China, where he actually had overwhelming numerical superiority; another was no doubt the romantic ring of the term "Zero plane." Prosaically enough, the "Zero" simply marks the date of some of the Jap fighter types. As to the Chinese activity, Flying Tiger pilots in Army P-40's made things exceedingly warm for the Japs everytime they got near them. And Navy flyers, after the attack on Pearl Harbor, went immediately into action with the disadvantageous lack of combat experience, and did wonderfully well.

The Navy's Fighting Squadron Three, aboard the aircraft carrier Lexington, was the first outfit to have a major brush with Jap flyers. The Lexington, having got under way shortly after the Honolulu bombing, was steaming toward Rabaul when it got word, near Bougainville, that Jap planes were near by and coming to attack.

The carrier launched a pair of fighter patrols, one of which promptly spotted two Jap four-engined patrol planes and shot them down. Not long afterward a wave of nine Jap bombers came roaring in, but without any outstanding luck. Fighting Three shot down five bombers immediately; another, trying to escape, was downed by anti-aircraft fire, and two of the remaining trio were caught by fighters. One Jap actually escaped.

In the closing minutes of this melee, another wave of nine Jap bombers came in from a different direction. This time only two of the Lexington's fighters were in a position to intercept. These two, led by Lieutenant E. H. (Butch) O'Hare, turned to the attack. His partner's guns jammed, so O'Hare jumped on the nine bombers by himself. He shot two down immediately and damaged others so that only four could drop their bombs. Then he shot down two more planes and hit a third, which later crashed. Altogether, O'Hare disposed of five experienced Jap pilots within a very few minutes, and received the Congressional Medal of Honor for his pains. At the final tally, the Lexington was undamaged; she had lost two fighter planes, one of whose plots was saved; altogether she accounted for sixteen bombers and two patrol planes.

This brilliant Japanese attack effectively cleared up the superman myth for Navy pilots. In the Coral Sea and Midway battles the Zeros appeared in force, and hit the water with comforting regularity. At Midway, for example, one Navy fighter patrol of six planes engaged a twenty-plane squadron of Zeros and downed or chased off the whole gang. However, that early disparity between the relatve abilities of Jap and American pilots has changed—the Japs are now considerably worse. This is particularly true with regard to Japs flying land-based planes. The Marines who have been fighting them lately say that the Japs are becoming increasingly dumb. The reason for this is a mystery to practically everybody. The Japs may have expended their best pilots in the early battles; again, they may have shipped their varsity crew to some point from which they plan to make a new attack.

These unflattering remarks may indicate that the Japs are worthless as pilots which certainly is not the case. Although individually they have proved inferior to American flyers, they have a pronounced collective sting. When it comes to tactics like ganging up at odds of eight or nine to one on a lone Navy fighter, they ars unsurpassed. In all aviation, there are few better examples of co-ordination than a group of Jap planes jumping on a stray.

The Japs are becoming increasingly reluctant to dogfight American pilots. In spite of the Zero plane's remarkable maneuverability, climbing power and ability to fight at high altitudes, its pilots have not made an impressive record against capable fighter opponents. Currently the Japs are relying on ruses of one kind and another to win air scraps. A favorite is for two or more Zeros to simulate a dogfight, hoping to lure an American pilot to the rescue of what he supposes is a colleague. The customary formation of Jap fighter planes now consists of two V's on different levels, the lower of which acts as a decoy. Jap fighters protecting bombers have lately been coming in at such an altitude as to be invisible, making it appear that the bombers are unescorted. When the bombers meet air opposition, the Zeros wait until their opponents' ammunition is gone, and then come down to fight. The Japs like to attack from above and from the sun, if possible; they work desperately to make use of every advantage.

The captured Jap flyer is not an impressive figure. The officers are usually sullen, ungrateful for humane treatment, and eager to bite the hand that feeds them. A wounded pilot who recently was undergoing an operation by an American doctor in the Solomons, grabbed a knife when the doctor turned his back and tried to slash him. The Jap officer pilot seldom makes a trustworthy prisoner; one pulled the pin of a hand grenade in his pocket while walking along with his captors.

The officers are often peculiarly idealistic. One had a picture of a lovely American film star, whom he said he was currently worshipping as the symbol of purity, having no picture of his wife handy.

Both officers and enlisted pilots have a few mental and physical deficiencies which keep them from being major-league material. To begin with, they have a sad lack of imagination. Told to go bomb a battleship on the west side of Guadalcanal, they might be thrown clear off balance if the ship turned out to be a carrier. American pilots are capable of flying more or less by car, improving new tactics to fit the occasion. The Jap follows his training, even if it lands him on his back, as it frequently does. Another slight handicap of Jap pilots is that they are unable to shoot their guns straight. The Marines feel that this is due to the slant-eyed condition of the Jap eyes. "They can't squint straight," a Marines flyer said recently.

A Jap's co-ordination is not of the hghest order. It often seems difficult for him to get his muscles and his mind working hand-in-glove. Most of the enlisted pilots, coming from the peasant class, were either farmers or urban laborers before the war.

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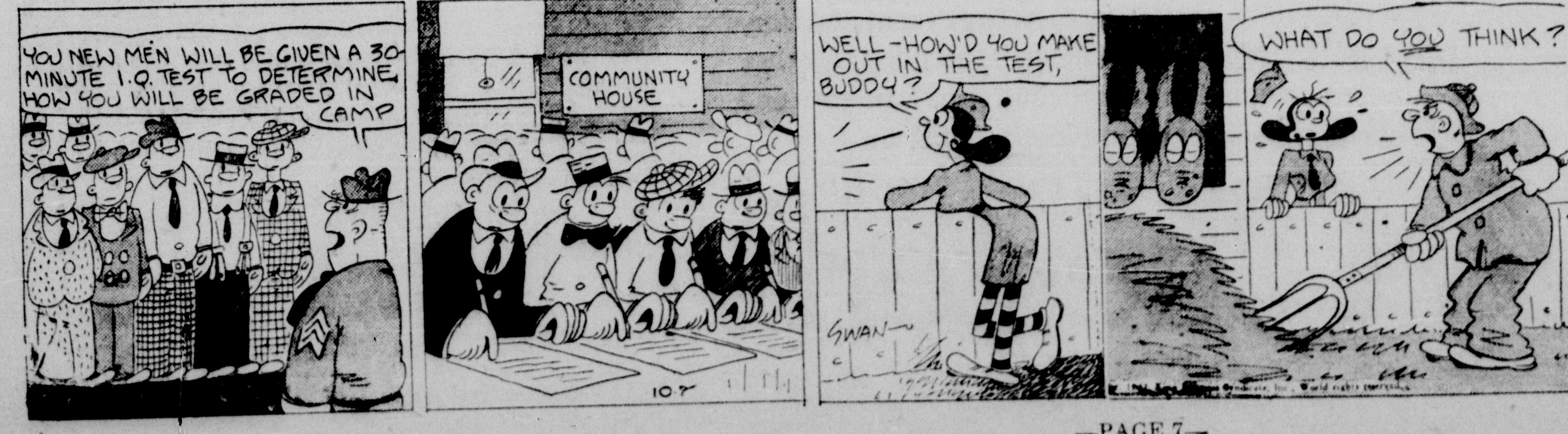
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WHAT DO YOU THINK?
SWAN

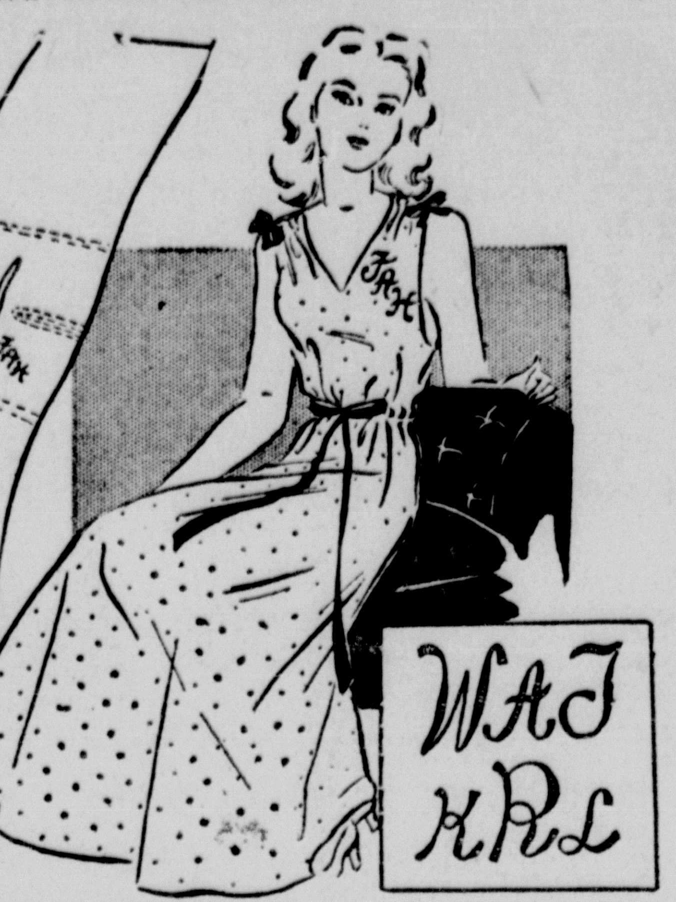
HOUSEHOLD HELPS

MRS. MARGARET STUTE, Editor, 1809 Ashland, Fort Worth, Texas.

BUSY WOMAN'S WORK BASKET

Monogram Nightie

By MRS ANNE CABOT



5606

A perfectly straight piece of flowered rayon silk, chiffon or cotton—narrow velvet or silk ribbon and charming monogram makes this lovely nightie. It requires the minimum of cutting and sewing and achieves a maximum charm in appearance. Do the monogramming in color to match the shoulder and waistline ties.

To obtain Monogram Design and Pattern for the Nightie (Pattern No. 5606) send 10 cents in COIN, YOUR NAME and ADDRESS and the PATTERN NUMBER to Anne Cabot, SOUTHWEST MAGAZINE, 106 Seventh Avenue, New York, N. Y. Enclose 1 cent postage for each pattern ordered.

Find the designs you'll enjoy crocheting, knitting and embroidering in the Anne Cabot ALBUM, a famous 32-page catalogue of patterns. The book is a never failing source of inspiration for needlework you'll love to do. The ALBUM is 15 cents.

Please do not send order to Mrs. Margaret Stute, Fort Worth. Send order to Anne Cabot, Southwest Magazine, 106 7th Ave., New York, N. Y.

FALL LINES ARE SEVERE

FASHION EDITOR Kansas City Star

The 1943 woman might well be able to dress in an entire wardrobe of jerseys; they are projected for fall in everything from the simplest of daytime types with scarcely anything but a drawstring to hold it to the figure—to the most elaborate of bead embroidered short evening dresses with everything in between.

Hats for early autumn are being unveiled in more ways than one. Even though the proportion of undersize hats remains at least 50 per cent if not more of early fall collections as a whole, there is a growing tendency to give women the feeling of security for the hat on the head. And this is often worked out without benefit of elastics. One maker does it this way: Each hat that has a forward-fitting adds a substantial arc at the back of coarse mesh. This is practically invisible if the wearer has dark hair. A small comb or a pair of them thrust through this mesh holds the hat securely to the head, successfully anchoring berets, calots, pillboxes and small brimmed shapes. Something solid on the head for a change.

If flowers are not as generally worn as they were earlier in the season, flower colorings are more in favor than ever. The flower colors which bloom in the fall collections this season, violet, a glowing shade, fuchsia, in its violet pink gradations, American Beauty, and all the vivid foliage greens are worthy of your inspection, as they are used with a background of black—in skirt and jacket or in coat.

Diagonal lines are extremely smart when one has a figure that can be chalked off in such a cnspicious fashion. One will find such lines in the newer dresses, one reason for them being that the basic silhouette has to be embellished and camouflaged, otherwise we are all going to get very tired of it long before we are given permission to discard it.

The outlook for surface decorations is bright for the same reason and among the surface decorations that do not cut into too much yardage are bias bands and folds.

Jersey is a fabric that lends itself to these arrangements; jersey will be found in the wardrobe of the younger set, who are already thinking in terms of back-to-school, or back-to work clothes. Jumper dresses lead the parade, for they are both practical from the standpoint of ringing in changes. Sleeves and skirt of one color, sleeveless jumper of another, or jumper and skirt of one and guimpe or sleeves of another .

Black suits are a wartime development, and collections, especially high fashion, show them in large numbers. It is newer to have them in woolen, but the good habit formed in spring and summer, of wearing the black suit in faille, satin and moire, is carried through for fall. In wool or rayon, the black suit sticks to simple lines. WPB will have no others.

Dip-back waistlnes are one of the really significant developments. One designer does all the newest looking suits this way. Another carries it right through, even adopting leather belts that have been shaped in this back-dip. For dressy dresses, the plot is carried through into hemline dips. All linked to the attenuated, straighter, lean-hip outline.

You read all about the mad rush to cash in coupon 17, maybe you were in it, so we must infer that all God's children got shoes for the time being at least. Anyhow, coupon 18 goes into action but do be sensible about it, get something that you can tramp around in, since tramp most of us must. No. 18 is your "down to earth" coupon.

Getting together a wardrobe is now a thrilling pastime, for it has to be chosen with so much in mind, as durability and serviceability. Does it wash; will it wear; will I tire of it? These are all important considerations. You probably know that there is less restrictions on wool, which is something, although don't go slashing into wool or wasting it or letting the moths hold a convention in it. If food values and shortages can leap about as they do, no one knows what to expect of wearing apparel.

Silly though hats are, they seem less of a problem than anything else we wear, possibly because the strong-minded can take it.

The Chinese influence grows stronger as the new season is being costumed, but it is a by no means the only influence affecting fashions. There are naturally many Russian ideas, a new color called Kremlin red, for instance.

There is one thing to remember about fashions, new and old, that is that no matter how smart or pretty a dress may be, it is a total and complete loss unless it has a flattering neckline. The Chinese neckline is not always that.

In reviewing the new collections one feels comforted by the thought that the necklines are all that all women want them to be. Pretty and low for those who like them that way, and pretty and high or closed for those others who prefer them so. And for each, there are new ideas. For the low neckline, newest is the low-cut with sautoir or necklace ribbons worked in a variety of trestle arrangements, both with and without pendant or medallion oranment. This ribbon arrangement encircling the neck, even with a low square of U-shaped neckline, is a nice compromise for the woman who does not want to be too "bare" around the neckline. The new thing in higher, closed necklines, is the Chinese collarband, shaped to be flattering and adapted to be worn straight and standing or with a little flipped - over edge. Collars and ties have reached the upper regions of dress design and some very good-looking high turnover - collars, on coat dresses or on blouses, set off with bows or four-in-hand ties, are seen.

PLAN YOUR FAMILY'S BREAKFAST

Nowadays, with one or more members of many American household working in defense plants, or in some job connected with the war effort, all of us have been alive to the importance of the worker's lunch. But recently the spotlight has been foscussed on that first and important meal of the day—breakfast. We are alive now to the importance of this first meal in setting the tone for the day's effort. The era of slap-dash breakfast is passing, for good, I hope—the kind of makeshift breakfasst when we hastily put down fruit juice, coffee and a half slice of toast. It seems as if we had quite forgotten the meaning of the word "breakfast." It means "to break a fast." Our breakfast breaks a fast of from ten to twelve hours, and if we eat a scanty, hurried one, it means that we are practically fastng for another five hours—until lunchtime.

Breakfast should give us about a third of the day's food requirements in order to give us the energy we need for the morning's work, which should be the most productive hours of our working day. An official nutrition plan empasizes 7 basic food groups—7 types of food from each of which we must choose one or more foods every day, in order to have a diet containing the essentials for robust health. For today, with the stresses and strains of wartime, the care of our health is a duty we owe to our families and no less to our country.

Now, a good breakfast uses foods from four or five out of the 7 basic food groups. Fruit or fruit juice from group 2—fruits such as apples, cantaloupes or berries from group 3—milk from group 4—eggs from group 5—cereals from group 6—and butter or fortified margarine from group 7.

But if members of your family have to leave for their jobs from 5:30 in the morning on, it may not be possible for you to get up to prepare the

(Continued top page, column 3)

first breakfast. Naturally, you feel if you do not get up the folks will simply "grab a bite" and run. But if you plan the breakfast and leave it more than half prepared, the early birds will do the rest.

Now, if you find that after all your co-operation, the early birds are still departing with little or no breakfast, I think a mild threat from you will do the trick. Make it clear to them how important breakfast is to their health and to your peace of mind—and tell them that if breakfast is not eaten you will simply have to get up and get it for them, no matter how long a day it makes for you. I think that will do the trick.

GOOD RECIPES

Oxtail Stew

2 large oxtails
Flour and shortening
2 large onions, sliced
Salt and pepper
2 white turnips, sliced
1 No. 2 can tomatoes or fresh tomatoes
1 green pepper, sliced
2 whole cloves
2 tablespoons lemon juice
Water
3 large potatoes, halved.

Cut oxtails into two-inch pieces and dredge with flour. Brown in hot shortening, with onion. Season well with salt and pepper, then add turnips, tomatoes, green pepper, cloves, lemon juice and cover with water. Simmer gently for several hours (2-4) until meat is tender. Add potatoes and cook until tender. Add more salt and pepper to gravy if needed and thicken if desired.

Ragout of Veal Kidneys

3 veal kidneys
1½ cups water
1½ teaspoons salt
¼ cup tart currant jelly
2 tbs. prepared mustard
1 teaspoon onion powder, or grated onion
Small clove garlic
fat
Flour.

Wash kidneys. Split and remove skin and fat. Soak in cold, salted water—or in milk, for 30 minutes. Drain and slice. Season with salt and pepper, and roll in flour. Brown in hot fat. Add the 1½ cups of water, the 1½ teaspoons salt, the jelly, mustard and onion powder or grated onion and garlic. Simmer five minutes. Remove garlic. Serve with rice, mashed potatoes, noodles or boiled hominy. Serves 6.

Rice Waffles

1 cup cold cooked rice
½ teaspoon salt
1 tablespoon sugar
2 eggs
1 cup flour
2 teaspoons baking powder
4 tablespoons melted butter
1 cup milk.

Sift dry ingredients. Add egg yolks beaten with the milk. Beat until smooth. Add rice and melted butter. Fold in stiffly beaten egg whites. Bake on hot waffle iron. Serve at once. Yield: 4 waffles.

Victory Muffins

2 tablespoons shortening
1 egg
1 cup shredded bran
¾ cup milk
1 cup flour
2½ teaspoons baking powder
½ teaspoon salt.

Beat shortening and eggs together until well blended. Mix in shredded bran and milk; let stand until most of moisture is absorbed. Sift flour, baking powder and salt together. Add to first mixture, stirring only until liquid and dry ingredients are combined. Fill greased muffin pans two-thirds full. Bake in moderately hot oven (400 degrees F.) about 30 minutes. Yield: 1 dozen muffins, 2¼ inches in diameter.

HANDY RECIPES

CARROTS are good any way. Cream them with celery or potatoes or spinach, or serve them in fish timbales. Some like them coarsely grated, blended wtih chopped salted peanuts, combined with a creamy mayonnaise and brought to the table in crisp lettuce cups.

TO KEEP bread from becoming moldy in humid weather, cover closely in waxed paper, or its own wrapper and store in the refrigerator. If you leave it uncovered, it will dry out quickly.

ORANGE MARMALADE spread on hot muffins is an old theme. Try varying it some time by placing a teaspoonful in each greased tin before adding the batter.

STEW is new, so they say, when arranged in a casserole (cooked, of course), topped with a thin layer of corn-bread batter and baked until the "johnny cake" is done.

AN INTERESTING DESSERT is made this way: Flavor leftover cooked cereal with vanilla or whatever, sweeten to taste and let chill in thin layers. Cut when firm into small cubes and combine with similar-sized pieces of fruit-flavored gelatin. Serve with thin cream. Children like this particularly.

A LITTLE SALT thrown in the oven when something has burned will kill the odor.

A MOTHER'S PRAYER

God, Father of Freedom, look after that boy of mine, wherever he may be. Walk with him during the silent watches of the night, and spur him to bravery when he faces the cruel foe. Transfer my prayer to his heart.

Keep my boy inspired by the never-dying faith in his God. Throughout all the long days of a hopeful Victory, wherever his duty takes him, keep his spirit high and his purpose unwavering. Make him a loyal friend. Nourish him with the love that I gave to him at birth, and satisfy the hunger of his soul with the knowledge of my daily prayer.

He is my choicest treasure. Take care of him, God. Keep him in health and sustain him under every possible circumstances. I once warmed him under my heart. You warm him anew in his shelter under the stars. Touch him with my smile of cheer and comfort, and my full confidence in his every brave pursuit.

Fail him not—and may he not fail You, his country, nor the mother who bore him.

A heavy bomber cruising at 250 miles an hour burns up an average of 3½ gallons of gas a minute.

SLAVE TO PURGATIVES FINDS FREEDOM!

Feels 20 Years Younger, He Says!

Everyone who has despaired of ever finding normal regularity should read this unsolicited letter:

"Six years ago, I was quite constipated. I'd taken many so-called 'cures', but it was the same old story. It seemed that each dose had to be stronger than the last. Then, I tried KELLOGG'S ALL-BRAN. Soon I was 'regular' again, with none of the old griping pain. I'm 50, but feel younger than 20 years ago when I was a victim of common constipation." Mr. A. Bousfield, 426 S. Villa Avenue, Villa Park, Ill.

What's the secret of such reports of ALL-BRAN's wonderful results? It's simply this: Lack of certain cellulosic elements in the diet is a common cause of constipation. Scientists say KELLOGG'S ALL-BRAN is a rich, natural source of these elements—which help the colonic flora do their job—lightening and fluffing the accumulated waste for easy, natural evacuation. ALL-BRAN is *not* a purgative! Not roughage that acts by "sweeping you out"! It's a gentle-acting, "regulating" food!

Eat ALL-BRAN regularly. Drink plenty of water. See if you, too, don't find the relief you've dreamed of! Insist on the *genuine* ALL-BRAN! It is made *only* by Kellogg's in Battle Creek.

It takes 65 passenger and freight trains to move one division of infantry of the U. S. Army, 15,000 men, and its equipment.

MORTON'S SALT
WHEN IT RAINS IT POURS

No points required if you

SALT SOME AWAY!

• Can or brine fresh vegetables now. To preserve best flavor use Morton's Salt. See your grocer for supplies.

WHEN IT RAINS IT POURS

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CHESTERFIELD
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To America's 6,100,000 Farmers
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food for our fighting men
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THEY GIVE YOU
WHAT COUNTS MOST

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Chesterfields deliver the goods to smokers who know what they want, because they're made from the world's best cigarette tobaccos, blended together by an important manufacturing secret in the one *Right Combination* that completely *Satisfies.*

It's Chesterfield

THE CIGARETTE THAT GIVES SMOKERS WHAT THEY WANT

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